UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2019

OR

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission file number: 1-03579

PITNEY BOWES INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

State of incorporation:	Delaware				I.R.S. Employer Identification No.	06-0495050				
Address: Telephone Number:	3001 Summer Street, (203) 356-5000	Stamford,	Connecticut	06926						
Securities registered pursua	nt to Section 12(b) of the Act:									
Title of Each Class				ymbol(s)) Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered					
Common Stock, \$1 par value per share			PB	I	New York Stock Exchange					

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗹 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

☑ Accelerated filer

□ Non-a

□ Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No 🗹

As of October 31, 2019, 170,848,234 shares of common stock, par value \$1 per share, of the registrant were outstanding.

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Signatures

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1: Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share amounts)

Revenue:2019201820192018Revenue:Equipment salesS89,018S88,799S264,956S5258,9318Supplies44,81850,003141,261165,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853166,853162,074163,055128,039294,277173,033164,1303166,853162,074124,24011,21,303141,303166,852124,273124,340011,21,503141,303166,852124,273124,340011,21,503141,313166,82124,273142,043173,653146,652134,841143,805143,404134,204134,204134,204134,204134,204134,204134,204134,204134,204134,204134,204134,204134,204144,20		т	Three Months En	ded Se	ptember 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
Equipment sales S 89,618 S 88,799 S 264,956 S 239,318 Supplies 44,818 50,003 142,261 165,853 Rentals 19,777 21,432 66,339 65,852 Financing 90,577 96,799 280,039 224,277 Support services 116,274 138,055 332,578 417,303 Business services 119,011 364,793 1,243,609 1,121,05 Totil revenue 790,125 760,281 2,373,782 2,254,108 Cost of equipment sales 59,859 52,209 182,094 173,626 Cost of requipment sales 59,859 52,209 182,094 173,626 Cost of requipment services 11,026 10,8,49 33,433 33,107 Cost of requipment services 41,086 45,572 123,453 144,204 Cost of requipment services 11,026 10,8,49 37,183 Seling, general and administrative 254,092 141,350 752,228 759,469 <th></th> <th></th> <th>2019</th> <th></th> <th>2018</th> <th>2019</th> <th></th> <th>2018</th>			2019		2018	2019		2018				
Supplies 44.818 50.403 142.261 155.853 Rentals 19,737 21.432 60.339 65.852 Financing 90.577 96.799 280.039 294.277 Support services 1126.274 138.055 382.578 417.303 Business services 419.101 364.793 1.243.069 1.121.505 Total revenue 790.125 700.281 2.373.782 2.354.108 Costs of equipment sales 59.859 52.209 182.094 173.626 Cost of supplies 11.225 13.967 37.533 46.652 Cost of supplies 11.026 10.849 33.433 33.107 Cost of support services 41.086 45.872 123.453 134.204 Cost of support services 33.85.19 2.87.237 1,003.483 872.183 Selling, general and administrative 254.092 241.350 775.228 79.466 Restructuring charges and aset impairments, net 47.017 6.099 56.616 18.771 <td< th=""><th>Revenue:</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	Revenue:											
Rentals 19,737 21,432 60,339 65,852 Financing 90,577 96,799 280,039 294,277 Suppott services 126,274 138,055 382,378 417,303 Business services 110,274 138,057 382,378 417,303 Costs and expenses: 700,125 760,281 2,373,782 2,354,108 Cost of supplies 12,225 13,967 37,533 46,652 Cost of rentals 5,090 9,174 23,223 30,386 Financing interset expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 41,086 45,872 123,453 134,204 Cost of protextices 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,330 75,228 75,449 Restructuring charges and aset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 089,675 715,003 2,359,017 0,3138 16,023,01 <td>Equipment sales</td> <td>\$</td> <td>89,618</td> <td>\$</td> <td>88,799</td> <td>\$ 264,956</td> <td>\$</td> <td>289,318</td>	Equipment sales	\$	89,618	\$	88,799	\$ 264,956	\$	289,318				
Financing 90,577 96,799 280,039 294,277 Support services 126,274 138,055 382,578 417,303 Business services 79,125 760,281 2,235,109 1,211,505 Cost of equipment sales 59,859 52,209 182,094 173,626 Cost of supplies 12,225 13,967 37,533 46,652 Cost of supplies 5,090 9,174 23,223 30,386 Financing interest expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 33,6519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,711 Inter expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325	Supplies		44,818		50,403	142,261		165,853				
Support services 126,274 138,055 382,578 417,303 Business services 419,101 364,793 1,243,609 1,121,505 Costs and expenses: 760,281 2,373,782 2,354,108 Costs and expenses: 59,859 52,209 182,094 173,626 Cost of equipment sales 59,859 52,209 182,094 173,626 Cost of rentals 5,090 9,174 23,223 30,386 Financing interest expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 41,086 45,872 123,453 134,204 Cost of business services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Research and development 12,227 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interst expense, net 28,704 20,588 84,325 93,371 </td <td>Rentals</td> <td></td> <td>19,737</td> <td></td> <td>21,432</td> <td>60,339</td> <td></td> <td>65,852</td>	Rentals		19,737		21,432	60,339		65,852				
Business services 419,101 364,793 1,243,609 1,121,505 Total revenue 790,125 760,281 2,373,782 2,354,108 Costs and expenses: 2,373,782 2,354,108 Cost of explises 12,225 13,967 37,533 46,652 Cost of explises 12,225 13,967 37,533 46,652 Cost of rentals 5,090 9,174 23,223 30,386 Financing interest expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 410,866 45,872 123,453 1342,04 Cost of business services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Reserach and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Reserach and development 12,8704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretimement cost (18,850 7,964 149,788 Inte	Financing		90,577		96,799	280,039		294,277				
Total revenue 790,125 700,281 2,373,782 2,354,108 Costs and expenses: Cost of equipment sales 59,859 52,209 182,094 173,626 Cost of equipment sales 59,859 52,209 182,094 173,626 Cost of equipment sales 50,909 9,174 23,223 30,386 Financing interest expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 41,086 45,872 123,453 134,204 Cost of business services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 777,228 799,469 Research and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 008,675 715,093 2,355,021 2,204,320 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (14,859) (2,468) (14,97,88 (Benefti) provi	Support services		126,274		138,055	382,578		417,303				
Costs and expenses: 59,859 52,209 182,094 173,626 Cost of cquipment sales 59,090 9,174 23,223 30,386 Financing interest expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 41,086 45,872 123,453 134,204 Cost of support services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Research and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other expense 667 7,964 18,350 7,964 Total costs and expenses (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (19,550) <td< td=""><td>Business services</td><td></td><td>419,101</td><td></td><td>364,793</td><td>1,243,609</td><td></td><td>1,121,505</td></td<>	Business services		419,101		364,793	1,243,609		1,121,505				
Cost of equipment sales 59,859 52,209 182,094 173,626 Cost of supplies 12,225 13,967 37,533 46,652 Cost of rentals 5,090 9,174 23,223 30,386 Financing interest expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 41,086 45,872 123,453 134,204 Cost of business services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 12,717 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other costs and expenses (19,550) 715,093 2,355,021 2,204,320 Icoss income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Loss) income from discontinued opera	Total revenue		790,125		760,281	2,373,782		2,354,108				
Cost of supplies 12,225 13,967 37,533 46,652 Cost of rentals 5,090 9,174 22,223 30,386 Financing interest expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 41,086 45,872 123,453 134,204 Cost of support services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Research and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) 3,138 (6,070) Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 (13,351) 17,235 Income from dis	Costs and expenses:											
Cost of rentals 5,090 9,174 23,223 30,386 Financing interest expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 41,086 45,872 123,453 134,204 Cost of business services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Research and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other components of net pension support taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Loss) income from continuing operations 5,345 47,656 32,112 132,553 Income from discontinued operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (Cost of equipment sales		59,859		52,209	182,094		173,626				
Financing interest expense 11,026 10,849 33,433 33,107 Cost of support services 41,086 45,872 123,453 134,204 Cost of business services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Research and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other component form continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (24,895) (2,468) (13,351) 17,235 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ 0,03	Cost of supplies		12,225		13,967	37,533		46,652				
Cost of support services 41,086 45,872 123,453 134,204 Cost of business services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Research and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 118,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (24,895) (2,468) (13,351) 17,235 Income from continuing operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ 0,035 0.25 0.18	Cost of rentals		5,090		9,174	23,223		30,386				
Cost of business services 338,519 287,237 1,003,483 872,183 Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Research and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other expense, net 667 7,964 18,350 7,964 Total costs and expenses (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ 0,03 \$ 0,25 0.18 \$ 0,71 Discontinued operations \$ 0,03 \$ 0,25 \$ <	Financing interest expense		11,026		10,849	33,433		33,107				
Selling, general and administrative 254,092 241,350 757,228 759,469 Research and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other expense 667 7,964 18,350 7,964 Total costs and expenses (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Discontinued operations \$	Cost of support services		41,086		45,872	123,453		134,204				
Research and development 12,272 15,636 38,421 44,651 Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other expense 667 7,964 18,350 7,964 Total costs and expenses (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 (Loss) income \$ (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 \$ 191,849 Basic earnings (loss) per share (l): Continuing operations \$ 0,03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations \$ 0.003 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ <	Cost of business services		338,519		287,237	1,003,483		872,183				
Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net 47,017 6,099 56,616 18,771 Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other expense 667 7,964 18,350 7,964 Total costs and expenses 809,675 715,093 2,355,021 2,204,320 (Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (24,895) (2,468) (13,351) 17,235 Income from continuing operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income S (3,125) S 80,277 S 17,913 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Continuing operations (0,05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32 Net (loss) income S 0.03 0.25 0.18 0.102 Discontinued operations (0,05) 0.17 <td>Selling, general and administrative</td> <td></td> <td>254,092</td> <td></td> <td>241,350</td> <td>757,228</td> <td></td> <td>759,469</td>	Selling, general and administrative		254,092		241,350	757,228		759,469				
Interest expense, net 28,704 26,588 84,325 89,377 Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other expense 667 7,964 18,350 7,964 Total costs and expenses 809,675 715,093 2,355,021 2,204,320 (Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (24,895) (2,468) (13,351) 17,235 Income from continuing operations 5,345 47,656 32,112 132,553 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ 0,03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations \$ 0.021 \$ 0.43 \$ 0.102 Diluted earnings (loss) per	Research and development		12,272		15,636	38,421		44,651				
Other components of net pension and postretirement cost (882) (1,852) (3,138) (6,070) Other expense 667 7,964 18,350 7,964 Total costs and expenses 809,675 715,093 2,355,021 2,204,320 (Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (24,895) (2,468) (13,351) 17,235 Income from continuing operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 \$ 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations \$ 0.005 0.17 (0.08) 0.32 \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0	Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net		47,017		6,099	56,616		18,771				
Other expense 667 7,964 18,350 7,964 Total costs and expenses 809,675 715,093 2,355,021 2,204,320 (Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (24,895) (2,468) (13,351) 17,235 Income from continuing operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 \$ 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share (l):	Interest expense, net		28,704		26,588	84,325		89,377				
Total costs and expenses 809,675 715,093 2,355,021 2,204,320 (Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (24,895) (2,468) (13,351) 17,235 Income from continuing operations 5,345 47,656 32,112 132,553 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 \$ 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations \$ (0.02) \$ 0.433 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 <td>Other components of net pension and postretirement cost</td> <td></td> <td>(882)</td> <td></td> <td>(1,852)</td> <td>(3,138)</td> <td></td> <td>(6,070)</td>	Other components of net pension and postretirement cost		(882)		(1,852)	(3,138)		(6,070)				
(Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes (19,550) 45,188 18,761 149,788 (Benefit) provision for income taxes (24,895) (2,468) (13,351) 17,235 Income from continuing operations 5,345 47,656 32,112 132,553 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 \$ 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations \$ (0.02) \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations </td <td>Other expense</td> <td></td> <td>667</td> <td></td> <td>7,964</td> <td>18,350</td> <td></td> <td>7,964</td>	Other expense		667		7,964	18,350		7,964				
(Benefit) provision for income taxes (24,895) (2,468) (13,351) 17,235 Income from continuing operations 5,345 47,656 32,112 132,553 (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 \$ 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ :	Total costs and expenses		809,675		715,093	2,355,021	-	2,204,320				
Income from continuing operations 5,345 47,656 32,112 132,553 Income from discontinued operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 \$ 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations \$ 0.02 \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 0.17 \$ 0.08	(Loss) income from continuing operations before taxes		(19,550)		45,188	18,761		149,788				
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax (8,470) 32,621 (14,199) 59,289 Net (loss) income \$ (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 \$ 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share (1): Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations (0.05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32 Net (loss) income \$ (0.02) \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Diluted earnings (loss) per share (1): \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Diluted earnings (loss) per share (1): \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share (1): \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.05 0.17 \$ 0.08 0.32	(Benefit) provision for income taxes		(24,895)		(2,468)	(13,351)		17,235				
S (3,125) \$ 80,277 \$ 17,913 \$ 191,842 Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations (0.05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32 Net (loss) income \$ (0.02) \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.05 0.17 \$ 0.32	Income from continuing operations		5,345		47,656	32,112		132,553				
Basic earnings (loss) per share (1): \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Continuing operations \$ 0.05 0.17 (0.08) 0.32 Discontinued operations \$ (0.02) \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Net (loss) income \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Diluted earnings (loss) per share (1): Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70	(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax		(8,470)		32,621	(14,199)		59,289				
Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.71 Discontinued operations (0.05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32 Net (loss) income \$ (0.02) \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Diluted earnings (loss) per share (1): Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations (0.05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32	Net (loss) income	\$	(3,125)	\$	80,277	\$ 17,913	\$	191,842				
Discontinued operations (0.05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32 Net (loss) income \$ (0.02) \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Diluted earnings (loss) per share (1): Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations \$ 0.05 0.17 \$ 0.08) 0.32	Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ :											
Net (loss) income \$ (0.02) \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02 Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations (0.05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32	Continuing operations	\$	0.03	\$	0.25	\$ 0.18	\$	0.71				
Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ : S 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations (0.05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32	Discontinued operations		(0.05)		0.17	(0.08)		0.32				
Continuing operations \$ 0.03 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.18 \$ 0.70 Discontinued operations (0.05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32	Net (loss) income	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.43	\$ 0.10	\$	1.02				
Discontinued operations (0.05) 0.17 (0.08) 0.32	Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ :											
	Continuing operations	\$	0.03	\$	0.25	\$ 0.18	\$	0.70				
Net (loss) income \$ 0.43 \$ 0.10 \$ 1.02	Discontinued operations		(0.05)		0.17	(0.08)		0.32				
	Net (loss) income	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.43	\$ 0.10	\$	1.02				

⁽¹⁾ The sum of the earnings per share amounts may not equal the totals due to rounding.

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited; in thousands)

	1	Three Months En	ded Sep	otember 30,	Nine Months End	ded September 30,			
		2019		2018	 2019		2018		
Net (loss) income	\$	(3,125)	\$	80,277	\$ 17,913	\$	191,842		
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:									
Foreign currency translation, net of tax of \$(655), \$(3,474), \$(1,078) and \$(3,474), respectively		(27,962)		(2,475)	(6,584)		(30,334)		
Net unrealized gain on cash flow hedges, net of tax of \$51, \$174, \$27 and \$474, respectively		149		522	78		773		
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investment securities, net of tax of \$509, \$(417), \$2,573 and \$(2,230), respectively		1,487		(1,218)	7,516		(6,514)		
Amortization of pension and postretirement costs, net of tax benefits of \$2,633, \$2,399, \$7,406 and \$7,766, respectively		7,552		8,810	21,499		24,850		
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax		(18,774)		5,639	 22,509		(11,225)		
Comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(21,899)	\$	85,916	\$ 40,422	\$	180,617		

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited; in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Septe	ember 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	514,851	\$	867,262	
Short-term investments		137,032		59,391	
Accounts and other receivables (net of allowance of \$20,971 and \$17,443, respectively)		365,522		371,797	
Short-term finance receivables (net of allowance of \$12,819 and \$12,418, respectively)		617,178		653,236	
Inventories		76,339		62,279	
Current income taxes		25,598		5,947	
Other current assets and prepayments		101,829		74,782	
Assets of discontinued operations		568,413		602,823	
Total current assets		2,406,762		2,697,517	
Property, plant and equipment, net		371,666		398,501	
Rental property and equipment, net		39,400		46,228	
Long-term finance receivables (net of allowance of \$7,305 and \$7,804 respectively)		616,746		635,908	
Goodwill		1,317,037		1,332,351	
Intangible assets, net		199,715		213,200	
Operating lease assets		172,617		152,554	
Noncurrent income taxes		80,561		65,001	
Other assets		392,720		397,159	
Total assets	\$	5,597,224	\$	5,938,419	
		, ,		, ,	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,337,214	\$	1,348,127	
Current operating lease liabilities	ţ.	34,091	Ψ	35,208	
Current portion of long-term debt		501,728		199,535	
Advance billings		106,968		116,862	
Current income taxes		8,525		15,284	
Liabilities of discontinued operations		157,034		174,798	
Total current liabilities		2,145,560		1,889,814	
Long-term debt		2,567,363		3,066,073	
Deferred taxes on income		2,307,303		253,560	
Tax uncertainties and other income tax liabilities		45,179		39,548	
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities		43,173		125,294	
Other noncurrent liabilities					
		412,434	_	462,288	
Total liabilities		5,571,812		5,836,577	
Constitution of the discounting (Constitution)					
Commitments and contingencies (See Note 14)					
Stockholders' equity:					
Cumulative preferred stock, \$50 par value, 4% convertible		_		1	
Cumulative preference stock, no par value, \$2.12 convertible		_		396	
Common stock, \$1 par value (480,000,000 shares authorized; 323,337,912 shares issued)		323,338		323,338	
Additional paid-in capital		101,651		121,475	
Retained earnings		5,270,741		5,279,682	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(926,452)		(948,961)	
Treasury stock, at cost (153,182,446 and 135,662,830 shares, respectively)		(4,743,866)		(4,674,089)	
		25,412		101.842	

Total stockholders' equity

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

25,412

\$

5,597,224

\$

101,842

5,938,419

PITNEY BOWES INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited; in thousands)

	Nine Months En	led September 30,		
	2019	2018		
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$ 17,913	\$ 191,842		
Loss (income) from discontinued operations, net of tax	14,199	(59,289		
Restructuring payments	(18,845)	(39,242		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	118,514	112,153		
Stock-based compensation	15,867	15,77		
Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net	56,616	18,77		
Loss on disposition of businesses	17,683	-		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions/divestitures:				
Decrease in accounts receivable	12,509	1,65:		
Decrease in finance receivables	34,674	63,12		
Increase in inventories	(14,559)	(1,889		
Increase in other current assets and prepayments	(30,546)	(10,58		
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(17,526)	(80,90)		
(Decrease) increase in current and noncurrent income taxes	(30,401)	194		
Decrease in advance billings	(3,802)	(12,40)		
Other, net	(5,870)	(9,06		
Net cash provided by operating activities - continuing operations	166,426	190,142		
Net cash provided by operating activities - discontinued operations	15,858	68,42		
Net cash provided by operating activities	182,284	258,570		
Cash flows from investing activities:	- , -			
Purchases of available-for-sale securities	(45,178)	(74,270		
Proceeds from sales/maturities of available-for-sale securities	78,024	67,354		
Net activity from short-term and other investments	(92,418)	8,479		
Capital expenditures	(95,221)	(105,29)		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(22,100)	(2,40'		
Change in reserve account deposits	3,125	6,864		
Other investing activities	(9,341)	(2,50)		
Net cash used in investing activities - continuing operations	(183,109)	(101,77:		
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities - discontinued operations	(18,572)	336,010		
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(10,572)	234,24		
Cash flows from financing activities:	(201,001)	234,24		
Principal payments of long-term debt	(202 640)	(565-14		
	(202,640)	(565,14)		
Dividends paid to stockholders	(26,854)	(105,29)		
Common stock repurchases	(105,000)	(55.40		
Other financing activities	7,302	(55,48:		
Net cash used in financing activities	(327,192)	(725,922		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(5,822)	(15,65)		
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(352,411)	(248,764		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	867,262	1,009,02		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	514,851	760,25		
Less: Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations	<u> </u>	1,020		
Cash and cash equivalents of continuing operations at end of period	\$ 514,851	\$ 759,23		
Cash interest paid	\$ 110,943	\$ 127,624		
Cash income tax payments, net of refunds	\$ 25,527	\$ 17,16		

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

Description of Business

Pitney Bowes Inc. (we, us, our, or the company) is a global technology company providing innovative products and commerce solutions that power billions of transactions and help our clients navigate the complex world of commerce. We offer shipping, mailing, fulfillment, returns and cross-border ecommerce products and solutions that enable the sending of parcels and packages across the globe. Clients around the world rely on the accuracy and precision delivered by Pitney Bowes solutions. Pitney Bowes Inc. was incorporated in the state of Delaware in 1920. For more information about us, our products, services and solutions, visit www.pb.com.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In addition, the December 31, 2018 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. In management's opinion, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary to fairly state our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented have been included. Operating results for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the year ending December 31, 2019. These statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report to Stockholders on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (2018 Annual Report).

In the quarter, we recast our segment reporting to combine North America Mailing and International Mailing into the Sending Technology Solutions (SendTech Solutions) segment to reflect how we manage these operations and the products and services provided to our clients.

In August 2019, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell our Software Solutions business. Software Solutions offers customer information management, location intelligence and customer engagement products and solutions to help clients market to their customers. The Software Solutions business is now reported as a discontinued operation in our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and prior periods have been recast to conform to the current period presentation. See Note 4 for further details.

In January 2019, we sold the direct operations and moved to a dealer model insix smaller markets within the SendTech Solutions segment (Market Exits) and recognized a pre-tax loss of \$18 million in other expense.

Accounts and other receivables includes other receivables of \$102 million at September 30, 2019 and \$75 million at December 31, 2018.

Based on their nature, we determined that certain costs previously classified as research and development and cost of business services should be classified in other line items within costs and expenses. Accordingly, the income statement for the three months ended September 30, 2018 has been revised to correct the classification of these costs by reducing research and development expense and cost of business services by \$8 million and \$4 million, respectively, and increasing selling, general and administrative expense and cost of equipment sales by \$9 million and \$3 million, respectively. The income statement for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 has been revised to correct the classification of these costs by reducing research and development expense and cost of business services by \$20 million and \$10 million, respectively, and increasing selling, general and administrative expense and cost of equipment sales by \$22 million and \$3 million, respectively.

The classification of certain prior year costs of revenue have been revised to correct and conform to the current year presentation. Accordingly, for the three months ended September 30, 2018, both cost of equipment sales and cost of rentals were reduced by \$1 million and cost of support services was increased by \$2 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, cost of equipment sales and cost of rentals were reduced by \$4 million and \$3 million, respectively, and cost of support services increased by \$7 million.

The December 31, 2018 balance sheet has been revised to correct the classification of assets and liabilities by reducing short-term finance receivables and advance billings by \$106 million and \$6 million, respectively, and increasing long-term finance receivables by \$100 million.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in 2019

On January 1, 2019, we adopted Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 842, *Leases* (ASC 842), using the modified retrospective transition approach of applying the standard at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. We



recognized a cumulative effect adjustment at January 1, 2017 to reduce retained earnings by \$137 million and recast prior period financial statements. See Notes 7 and 15 for more information.

From a lessor perspective, the standard simplifies the accounting for lease modifications and aligns accounting of lease contracts with revenue recognition guidance. We continue to classify leases as sales-type or operating, with the determination affecting both the pattern and classification of income recognition. There were changes in the timing and classification of revenue related to contract modifications. There were also changes related to the definition of a leased asset, which requires us to account for two lease components as a single lease component. Under prior guidance, one of the components was generally accounted for as a sales-type lease and the second as an operating lease. Under ASC 842, the two components are generally accounted for as sales-type leases and certain income and costs previously recognized over the life of the lease are now accelerated.

From a lessee perspective, the standard requires us to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for real estate and equipment operating leases and to provide new disclosures about our leasing activities. We elected the short-term lease recognition exemption and did not recognize right-of-use assets or lease liabilities for leases with a term less than 12 months. We also elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for our lessee portfolio.

Updates to significant accounting policies disclosed in our 2018 Annual Report due to the adoption of ASC 842 are discussed below.

Equipment sales: We sell and lease equipment directly to customers and to distributors (re-sellers) throughout the world. The amount of revenue allocated to the equipment is based on a range of observable selling prices in standalone transactions. Revenue from the sale of equipment under sales-type leases is recognized as equipment sales revenue when control of the equipment transfers to the customer, which is upon shipment for self-installed products and upon installation or customer acceptance for other products. We do not typically offer any rights of return.

<u>Rentals:</u> Rentals revenue includes revenue from mailing equipment that does not meet the criteria to be accounted for as a sales-type lease. We may invoice in advance for rentals according to the terms of the agreement. We initially defer these advanced billings and recognize rentals revenue on a straight-line basis over the rental period. Revenue generated from financing clients for the continued use of equipment subsequent to the expiration of the original lease is recognized as rentals revenue.

<u>Financing</u>: We provide financing for our products primarily through sales-type leases. We also provide revolving lines of credit for the purchase of postage and supplies. We record financing income over the lease term using the effective interest method. Financing revenue also includes amounts related to sales-type leases that customers have extended or renewed for an additional term. Revenue for these contracts is recognized over the term of the modified lease using the effective interest method. We believe that our sales-type lease portfolio contains only normal collection risk.

Equipment residual values are determined at the inception of the lease using estimates of fair value at the end of the lease term. Fair value estimates are based primarily on historical experience. We also consider forecasted supply and demand for products, product retirement and launch plans, client behavior, regulatory changes, remanufacturing strategies, used equipment markets, competition and technological changes. We evaluate residual values on an annual basis or sooner if circumstances warrant. Declines in estimated residual values considered "other-than-temporary" are recognized immediately. Estimated increases in future residual values are not recognized until the equipment is remarketed.

Support services: Support services revenue includes revenue from equipment service contracts, subscriptions and meter services. Revenue is allocated to these services using selling prices charged in standalone replacement and renewal transactions. Since we have a stand-ready obligation to provide these services over the entire contract term, revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement.

Business services: Business services revenue includes revenue from mail processing services and ecommerce solutions. These services represent a series of distinct services that are similar in nature and revenue is recognized as the services are provided. We review third party relationships and record revenue on a gross basis when we act as a principal in a transaction and on a net basis when we act as an agent between a client and vendor. In determining whether we are acting as principal or agent, we consider several factors such as whether we are the primary obligor to the client, have control over pricing or have inventory risk.

On January 1, 2019, we also adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2017-08, *Receivables - Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20): Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities*, which shortens the amortization period for certain callable debt securities held at a premium, requiring the premium to be amortized to the earliest call date. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.



In July 2019, we prospectively adopted ASU 2018-15, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other-Internal-Use Software*. The ASU aligns the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software. The early adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses.* The ASU sets forth a current expected credit loss model, which requires companies to measure expected credit losses for all financial instruments held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions and reasonably supportable forecasts. This replaces the existing incurred loss model and is applicable to the measurement of credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost and applies to some off-balance sheet credit exposures. This standard is effective beginning January 1, 2020. We have completed the scoping of financial assets that will be impacted by the standard and are in the process of finalizing models to measure expected credit losses.

2. Revenue

Disaggregated Revenue

The following tables disaggregate our revenue by major source and timing of recognition:

			Thr	ee Months Ende	d September 30,	2019	
	GI	obal Ecommerce	Presort Services	SendTech Solutions	Revenue from products and services	Revenue from leasing transactions and financing	Total consolidated revenue
Major products/service lines							
Equipment sales	\$		\$ —	\$ 19,062	\$ 19,062	\$ 70,556	\$ 89,618
Supplies		_	—	44,818	44,818	_	44,818
Rentals			—	—	—	19,737	19,737
Financing				—	—	90,577	90,577
Support services			—	126,274	126,274	—	126,274
Business services	_	278,995	131,483	8,623	419,101	_	419,101
Subtotal		278,995	131,483	198,777	609,255	\$ 180,870	\$ 790,125
Revenue from leasing transactions and financing							
Equipment sales			_	70,556	70,556		
Rentals			_	19,737	19,737		
Financing		_	—	90,577	90,577		
Total revenue	\$	278,995	\$ 131,483	\$ 379,647	\$ 790,125	_	

Timing of revenue recognition from products and services				
Products/services transferred at a point in time	\$ — \$	— \$	63,880 \$	63,880
Products/services transferred over time	278,995	131,483	134,897	545,375
Total	\$ 278,995 \$	131,483 \$	198,777 \$	609,255

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2018											
	Global Ecommerce	Presort Services	SendTech Solutions	Revenue from products and services	Revenue from leasing transactions and financing	Total consolidated revenue							
Major products/service lines													
Equipment sales	\$ —	\$	\$ 20,428	\$ 20,428	\$ 68,371	\$ 88,799							
Supplies	—	—	50,403	50,403	_	50,403							
Rentals	—		—	—	21,432	21,432							
Financing		_	_	_	96,799	96,799							
Support services	—	_	138,055	138,055	_	138,055							
Business services	232,845	125,334	6,614	364,793	_	364,793							
Subtotal	232,845	125,334	215,500	573,679	\$ 186,602	\$ 760,281							
Revenue from leasing transactions and financing													
Equipment sales	_		68,371	68,371									
Rentals		_	21,432	21,432									
Financing		_	96,799	96,799									

Total revenue	\$ 232,845 \$	125,334 \$	402,102 \$	760,281
Timing of revenue recognition from products and services				
Products/services transferred at a point in time	\$ — \$	— \$	70,831 \$	70,831
Products/services transferred over time	232,845	125,334	144,669	502,848
Total	\$ 232,845 \$	125,334 \$	215,500 \$	573,679

				Ni	ine	Months End	ed S	September 30,	201	19		
	1	Global Ecommerce	P	resort Services		SendTech Solutions		Revenue from products and services		Revenue from leasing ransactions and financing	То	tal consolidated revenue
Major products/service lines												
Equipment sales	\$	—	\$	_	\$	59,739	\$	59,739	\$	205,217	\$	264,956
Supplies		—		—		142,261		142,261		—		142,261
Rentals		—		—		—		—		60,339		60,339
Financing		—		—		—		_		280,039		280,039
Support services				—		382,578		382,578		_		382,578
Business services		827,568		394,468		21,573		1,243,609		—		1,243,609
Subtotal		827,568		394,468		606,151		1,828,187	\$	545,595	\$	2,373,782
Revenue from leasing transactions and financing												
Equipment sales		_		_		205,217		205,217				
Rentals				_		60,339		60,339				
Financing		—		—		280,039		280,039				
Total revenue	\$	827,568	\$	394,468	\$	1,151,746	\$	2,373,782				
Timing of revenue recognition from products and services												
Products/services transferred at a point in time	\$	_	\$	_	\$	202,000	\$	202,000				
Products/services transferred over time		827,568		394,468		404,151		1,626,187				
Total	\$	827,568	\$	394,468	\$	606,151	\$	1,828,187				

			1	Nine	e Months End	ed s	September 30, 2	018	;		
	 Global Ecommerce	Presort Services			SendTech Solutions		Revenue from products and services	Revenue from leasing transactions and financing		То	otal consolidated revenue
Major products/service lines											
Equipment sales	\$ —	\$	—	\$	64,482	\$	64,482	\$	224,836	\$	289,318
Supplies			—		165,853		165,853		—		165,853
Rentals	—		—		—		—		65,852		65,852
Financing			—		—		—		294,277		294,277
Support services					417,303		417,303		_		417,303
Business services	718,535		382,522		20,448		1,121,505		—		1,121,505
Subtotal	718,535		382,522		668,086		1,769,143	\$	584,965	\$	2,354,108
Revenue from leasing transactions and financing											
Equipment sales	_		_		224,836		224,836				
Rentals	_		_		65,852		65,852				
Financing	_		_		294,277		294,277				
Total revenue	\$ 718,535	\$	382,522	\$	1,253,051	\$	2,354,108	-			
Timing of revenue recognition from products and services											
Products/services transferred at a point in time	\$ _	\$	—	\$	230,335	\$	230,335				
Products/services transferred over time	718,535		382,522		437,751		1,538,808				
Total	\$ 718,535	\$	382,522	\$	668,086	\$	1,769,143				

Our performance obligations are as follows:

Equipment sales and supplies: Performance obligations generally include the sale of mailing equipment, excluding sales-type leases, and supplies. We recognize revenue upon delivery for self-install equipment and supplies and upon acceptance or installation for other equipment. We provide a warranty that our equipment is free of defects and meets stated specifications. The warranty is not considered a separate performance obligation.

Support services: Performance obligations include providing maintenance, professional services, and subscription and meter services for our mailing equipment. Contract terms range from one year to five years, depending on the term of the lease contract for the related equipment. Revenue for maintenance, subscription and meter services is recognized ratably over the contract period and revenue for professional services is recognized when services are provided.

Business services: Performance obligations include providing mail processing services and ecommerce solutions. Revenue is recognized over time as the services are provided. The contract terms for these services vary, with the initial contracts in the range of one to five years, followed by annual renewal periods.

Revenue from leasing transactions and financing includes revenue from equipment accounted for as sales-type leases and operating leases, finance income and late fees.

Advance Billings from Contracts with Customers

	Balance sheet location	Septer	mber 30, 2019	De	cember 31, 2018	Inc	rease (decrease)
Advance billings, current	Advance billings	\$	97,666	\$	111,829	\$	(14,163)
Advance billings, noncurrent	Other noncurrent liabilities	\$	1,413	\$	1,985	\$	(572)

Advance billings are recorded when cash payments are due in advance of our performance. Items in advance billings primarily relate to support services on equipment and subscription services. Revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

The net decrease in advance billings at September 30, 2019 is due to revenue recognized during the period in excess of advance billings. Revenue recognized during the period includes \$114 million of advance billings at the beginning of the period, partially offset by advance billings in the quarter.

Future Performance Obligations

Future performance obligations include revenue streams bundled with our leasing contracts, primarily maintenance, meter services and other subscription services. The transaction prices allocated to future performance obligations will be recognized as follows:

	Remain	der of 2019	2020	2021-2024	Total		
SendTech Solutions	\$	77,171	\$ 272,621	\$ 421,746	\$	771,538	

The table above does not include revenue related to performance obligations for contracts with terms less than 2 months and expected consideration for those performance obligations where revenue is recognized based on the amount billable to the customer.

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3. Segment Information

Our reportable segments are Global Ecommerce, Presort Services and SendTech Solutions. Global Ecommerce and Presort Services comprise the Commerce Services reporting group. The principal products and services of each reportable segment are as follows:

Global Ecommerce: Includes the revenue and related expenses from products and services that enable domestic and cross-border ecommerce transactions, including shipping, fulfillment and returns.

Presort Services: Includes revenue and related expenses from sortation services to qualify large volumes of First Class Mail, Marketing Mail and Bound and Packet Mail (Marketing Mail Flats and Bound Printed Matter) for postal worksharing discounts.

SendTech Solutions: Includes the revenue and related expenses from sending technology solutions for physical mailing, digital mailing and shipping, financing, services, supplies and other applications to help simplify and save on the sending, tracking and receiving of letters, parcels and flats.

Management measures segment profitability and performance using segment earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT). Segment EBIT is calculated by deducting from segment revenue the related costs and expenses attributable to the segment. Segment EBIT excludes interest, taxes, general corporate expenses, restructuring charges, asset impairment charges, goodwill impairment charges and other items not allocated to a particular business segment. Management believes that it provides investors a useful measure of operating performance and underlying trends of the business. Segment EBIT may not be indicative of our overall consolidated performance and therefore, should be read in conjunction with our consolidated results of operations. The following tables provide information about our reportable segments and reconciliation of segment EBIT to net income.

Revenue and EBIT by business segment is presented below:

	Revenue													
	Т	hree Months End	ied Sep	tember 30,		tember 30,								
	2019			2018		2019		2018						
Global Ecommerce	\$	278,995	\$	232,845	\$	827,568	\$	718,535						
Presort Services		131,483		125,334		394,468		382,522						
Commerce Services		410,478		358,179		1,222,036		1,101,057						
SendTech Solutions		379,647		402,102		1,151,746		1,253,051						
Total revenue	\$	790,125	\$	760,281	\$	2,373,782	\$	2,354,108						

	EBIT												
		Three Months End	led S	September 30,		Nine Months End	ed S	September 30,					
		2019		2018		2019		2018					
Global Ecommerce	\$	(21,793)	\$	(14,330)	\$	(51,969)	\$	(28,034)					
Presort Services		17,687		17,435		48,215		57,026					
Commerce Services		(4,106)		3,105		(3,754)		28,992					
SendTech Solutions		130,954		134,607		378,095		412,427					
Total segment EBIT		126,848		137,712		374,341		441,419					
Reconciliation of Segment EBIT to net income:													
Unallocated corporate expenses		(58,277)		(40,988)		(160,283)		(141,321)					
Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net		(47,017)		(6,099)		(56,616)		(18,771)					
Interest, net		(39,730)		(37,437)		(117,758)		(122,484)					
Other expense		(667)		(7,964)		(18,350)		(7,964)					
Transaction costs		(707)		(36)		(2,573)		(1,091)					
Benefit (provision) for income taxes		24,895		2,468		13,351		(17,235)					
Income from continuing operations		5,345		47,656		32,112		132,553					
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax		(8,470)		32,621		(14,199)		59,289					
Net (loss) income	\$	(3,125)	\$	80,277	\$	17,913	\$	191,842					

4. Discontinued Operations

In August 2019, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell our Software Solutions business for \$700 million, subject to certain adjustments. The transaction is subject to customary closing conditions, and we expect it to be completed by the end of 2019.

The operating results of the Software Solutions business are now reported as discontinued operations. Discontinued operations also includes our Document Messaging Technology production mail business and supporting software (Production Mail Business) that was sold in July 2018.

Selected financial information of discontinued operations is as follows:

	Three Mor	nths E	nded Septem	ber 3	0, 2019	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018								
	Software Solutions		roduction Mail		Total		Software Solutions	Pro	duction Mail		Total			
Revenue	\$ 73,620	\$	_	\$	73,620	\$	75,743	\$	19,557	\$	95,300			
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ 8,633	\$	_	\$	8,633	\$	4,533	\$	(1,316)	\$	3,217			
(Loss) gain on sale (including transaction costs)	(12,447)		(5,710)		(18,157)				86,640		86,640			
(Loss) income from discontinued operations before taxes	\$ (3,814)	\$	(5,710)		(9,524)	\$	4,533	\$	85,324		89,857			
Tax (benefit) provision					(1,054)						57,236			
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax				\$	(8,470)					\$	32,621			

	Nine Mon	ths E	nded Septem	ber 3(), 2019	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018								
	Software Solutions		roduction Mail		Total		Software Solutions	Pro	duction Mail		Total			
Revenue	\$ 219,144	\$	_	\$	219,144	\$	243,738	\$	211,000	\$	454,738			
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ 13,334	\$	(663)	\$	12,671	\$	28,497	\$	20,304	\$	48,801			
(Loss) gain on sale (including transaction costs)	(14,211)		(14,967)		(29,178)		—		77,863		77,863			
(Loss) income from discontinued operations before taxes	\$ (877)	\$	(15,630)		(16,507)	\$	28,497	\$	98,167		126,664			
Tax (benefit) provision					(2,308)						67,375			
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax				\$	(14,199)					\$	59,289			

The major categories of assets and liabilities included in assets of discontinued operations and liabilities of discontinued operations are as follows:

	Se	ptember 30, 2019	Dec	ember 31, 2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	1,965
Accounts and other receivables, net		55,077		85,399
Inventories		_		855
Other current assets and prepayments		29,801		26,121
Property, plant and equipment, net		11,495		12,140
Rental property and equipment, net		_		179
Goodwill		430,995		434,160
Intangible assets		10,379		13,937
Operating lease asset		3,587		4,234
Other assets		27,079		23,833
Assets of discontinued operations	\$	568,413	\$	602,823
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	38,163	\$	42,896
Current operating lease liabilities		1,441		2,000
Advance billings		98,699		113,110
Other current liabilities		_		2,021
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities		1,823		1,943
Other noncurrent liabilities		16,908		12,828
Liabilities of discontinued operations	\$	157,034	\$	174,798

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5. Earnings per Share (EPS)

	TI	ree Months En	ptember 30,	I	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Numerator:									
Income from continuing operations	\$	5,345	\$	47,656	\$	32,112	\$	132,553	
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax		(8,470)		32,621		(14,199)		59,289	
Net (loss) income (numerator for diluted EPS)		(3,125)		80,277		17,913		191,842	
Less: Preference stock dividend		_		8		8		24	
(Loss) income attributable to common stockholders (numerator for basic EPS)	\$	(3,125)	\$	80,269	\$	17,905	\$	191,818	
Denominator:									
Weighted-average shares used in basic EPS		170,326		187,470		178,048		187,167	
Dilutive effect of common stock equivalents		875		945		1,048		1,023	
Weighted-average shares used in diluted EPS		171,201		188,415		179,096		188,190	
Basic earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ :									
Continuing operations	\$	0.03	\$	0.25	\$	0.18	\$	0.71	
Discontinued operations		(0.05)		0.17		(0.08)		0.32	
Net (loss) income	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.43	\$	0.10	\$	1.02	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share ⁽¹⁾ :									
Continuing operations	\$	0.03	\$	0.25	\$	0.18	\$	0.70	
Discontinued operations		(0.05)		0.17		(0.08)		0.32	
Net (loss) income	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.43	\$	0.10	\$	1.02	
Anti-dilutive options excluded from diluted earnings per share:		16,182	_	12,195	_	16,166	_	12,097	

⁽¹⁾ The sum of the earnings per share amounts may not equal the totals due to rounding.

6. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined on the last-in, first-out (LIFO) basis for most U.S. inventories and the first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis for most non-U.S. inventories. Inventories at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2019	Ι	December 31, 2018
Raw materials	\$ 18,683	\$	8,229
Supplies and service parts	24,283		21,841
Finished products	37,856		36,692
Inventory at FIFO cost	80,822		66,762
Excess of FIFO cost over LIFO cost	(4,483)		(4,483)
Total inventory, net	\$ 76,339	\$	62,279



7. Finance Assets and Lessor Operating Leases

Finance Assets

Finance receivables are comprised of sales-type lease receivables and unsecured revolving loan receivables. Sales-type lease receivables are generally due in monthly, quarterly or semi-annual installments over periods ranging from three to five years. Loan receivables arise primarily from financing services offered to our clients for postage and supplies. Most loan receivables are generally due each month; however, clients may rollover outstanding balances. Interest is recognized on loan receivables using the effective interest method and related annual fees are initially deferred and recognized ratably over the annual period covered. Client acquisition costs are expensed as incurred.

Finance receivables at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2019							December 31, 2018								
	Ne	orth America	International			Total	North America		Iı	nternational		Total				
Sales-type lease receivables																
Gross finance receivables	\$	1,064,996	\$	215,110	\$	1,280,106	\$	1,110,898	\$	242,036	\$	1,352,934				
Unguaranteed residual values		43,621		11,264		54,885		52,637		12,772		65,409				
Unearned income		(331,085)		(63,121)		(394,206)		(383,453)		(55,113)		(438,566)				
Allowance for credit losses		(11,172)		(2,217)		(13,389)		(10,252)		(2,356)		(12,608)				
Net investment in sales-type lease receivables		766,360		161,036		927,396		769,830		197,339		967,169				
Loan receivables																
Loan receivables		285,163		28,100		313,263		300,319		29,270		329,589				
Allowance for credit losses		(6,016)		(719)		(6,735)		(6,777)		(837)		(7,614)				
Net investment in loan receivables		279,147		27,381		306,528		293,542		28,433		321,975				
Net investment in finance receivables	\$	1,045,507	\$	188,417	\$	1,233,924	\$	1,063,372	\$	225,772	\$	1,289,144				

Maturities of gross loan receivables and gross sales-type lease receivables aSeptember 30, 2019 were as follows:

		Sale	s-type	Lease Receiva	bles	Loan Receivables							
	No	orth America	International		Total		North Americ		In	ternational		Total	
Remaining for year ending December 31, 2019	\$	132,964	\$	25,592	\$	158,556	\$	245,197	\$	28,100	\$	273,297	
Year ending December 31, 2020		383,029		74,364		457,393		12,927				12,927	
Year ending December 31, 2021		276,009		55,152		331,161		10,463		_		10,463	
Year ending December 31, 2022		171,049		35,937		206,986		8,990				8,990	
Year ending December 31, 2023		83,306		18,521		101,827		3,782		_		3,782	
Thereafter		18,639		5,544		24,183		3,804				3,804	
Total	\$	1,064,996	\$	215,110	\$	1,280,106	\$	285,163	\$	28,100	\$	313,263	

Allowance for Credit Losses

We provide an allowance for probable credit losses based on historical loss experience, the nature and volume of our portfolios, adverse situations that may affect a client's ability to pay, prevailing economic conditions and our ability to manage the collateral. We continually evaluate the adequacy of the allowance for credit losses and make adjustments as necessary. The assumptions used in determining an estimate of credit losses are inherently subjective and actual results may differ significantly from estimated reserves.

We establish credit approval limits based on the credit quality of the client and the type of equipment financed. Our policy is to discontinue revenue recognition for lease receivables that are more than 120 days past due and for loan receivables that are more than90 days past due. We resume revenue recognition when the client's payments reduce the account aging to less than 60 days past due. Finance receivables deemed uncollectible are written off against the allowance after all collection efforts have been exhausted and management deems the account to be uncollectible. As of September 30, 2019, we believe that our finance receivable credit risk is low because of the geographic and industry diversification of our clients and small account balances for most of our clients.

Activity in the allowance for credit losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was as follows:

	Sales-type Lease Receivables					Loan Re			
		North America		International	North America	International	Total		
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	10,252	\$	2,356	\$	6,777	\$	837	\$ 20,222
Amounts charged to expense		4,587		801		3,547		440	9,375
Write-offs and other		(3,667)		(940)		(4,308)		(558)	(9,473)
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$	11,172	\$	2,217	\$	6,016	\$	719	\$ 20,124

	Sales-type Lea	ase Re	eceivables	Loan Re		
	North America		International	 North America	International	Total
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$ 7,721	\$	2,794	\$ 7,098	\$ 1,020	\$ 18,633
Amounts charged to expense	7,037		829	4,896	331	13,093
Write-offs and other	(3,979)		(1,359)	(5,282)	(466)	(11,086)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 10,779	\$	2,264	\$ 6,712	\$ 885	\$ 20,640

Aging of Receivables

The aging of gross finance receivables atSeptember 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was as follows:

				Se	ptember 30, 2019			
	Sales-type Le	ase Re	eceivables		Loan R			
	 North America		International		North America	1	International	Total
1 - 90 days	\$ 1,032,400	\$	211,442	\$	280,114	\$	27,722	\$ 1,551,678
> 90 days	32,596		3,668		5,049		378	41,691
Total	\$ 1,064,996	\$	215,110	\$	285,163	\$	28,100	\$ 1,593,369
Past due amounts > 90 days								
Still accruing interest	\$ 4,751	\$	1,074	\$	1,797	\$	53	\$ 7,675
Not accruing interest	27,845		2,594		3,252		325	34,016
Total	\$ 32,596	\$	3,668	\$	5,049	\$	378	\$ 41,691

				D	ecember 31, 2018			
	 Sales-type Le	ceivables		Loan Re				
	 North America		International		North America		International	Total
1 - 90 days	\$ 1,069,290	\$	238,114	\$	294,126	\$	29,079	\$ 1,630,609
> 90 days	41,608		3,922		6,193		191	51,914
Total	\$ 1,110,898	\$	242,036	\$	300,319	\$	29,270	\$ 1,682,523
Past due amounts > 90 days						_		
Still accruing interest	\$ 7,917	\$	1,111	\$	1,769	\$	72	\$ 10,869
Not accruing interest	33,691		2,811		4,424		119	41,045
Total	\$ 41,608	\$	3,922	\$	6,193	\$	191	\$ 51,914
				_				

Credit Quality

The extension of credit and management of credit lines to new and existing clients uses a combination of an automated credit score, where available, and a detailed manual review of the client's financial condition and, when applicable, payment history. Once credit is granted, the payment performance of the client is managed through automated collections processes and is supplemented with direct

follow up should an account become delinquent. We have robust automated collections and extensive portfolio management processes. The portfolio management processes are in place to track that our global strategy is executed, collection resources are allocated appropriately and enhanced tools and processes are implemented as needed.

We use a third party to score the majority of the North America portfolio on a quarterly basis using a commercial credit score. We do not use a third party to score our International portfolio because the cost to do so is prohibitive, given that it is a localized process, and there is no single credit score model that covers all countries.

The table below shows the North America portfolio atSeptember 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 by relative risk class based on the relative scores of the accounts within each class. The relative scores are determined based on a number of factors, including the company type, ownership structure, payment history and financial information. A fourth class is shown for accounts that are not scored. Absence of a score is not indicative of the credit quality of the account. The degree of risk (low, medium, high), as defined by the third party, refers to the relative risk that an account may become delinquent in the next 12 months.

- Low risk accounts are companies with very good credit scores and are considered to approximate the top30% of all commercial borrowers.
- Medium risk accounts are companies with average to good credit scores and are considered to approximate the middle40% of all commercial borrowers.
- High risk accounts are companies with poor credit scores, are delinquent or are at risk of becoming delinquent and are considered to approximate the bottom 30% of all commercial borrowers.

	S	eptember 30, 2019]	December 31, 2018
Sales-type lease receivables				
Low	\$	853,156	\$	922,414
Medium		160,969		131,650
High		22,315		22,110
Not Scored		28,556		34,724
Total	\$	1,064,996	\$	1,110,898
Loan receivables	-			
Low	\$	215,319	\$	238,620
Medium		53,176		43,952
High		5,379		5,947
Not Scored		11,289		11,800
Total	\$	285,163	\$	300,319

Lease Income

Lease income from sales-type leases for thethree and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was as follows:

	Т	hree Months En	ded Se	ptember 30,	1	Nine Months End	led Sep	otember 30,
	2019		2018			2019	2018	
Profit recognized at commencement ⁽¹⁾	\$	38,086	\$	38,204	\$	108,743	\$	125,133
Interest income		56,522		60,653		174,045		183,340
Total lease income from sales-type leases	\$	94,608	\$	98,857	\$	282,788	\$	308,473

⁽¹⁾ Lease contracts do not include variable lease payments.

Lessor Operating Leases

We also lease mailing equipment under operating leases with terms of one to five years. Maturities of these operating leases are as follows:

Remaining for year ending December 31, 2019	\$ 9,092
Year ending December 31, 2020	30,986
Year ending December 31, 2021	15,600
Year ending December 31, 2022	6,886
Year ending December 31, 2023	3,154
Thereafter	 412
Total	\$ 66,130

8. Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

		Sept	tember 30, 2019			Dec	ember 31, 2018	
	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	 Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated	Net Carrying Amount
Customer relationships	\$ 347,515	\$	(164,336)	\$ 183,179	\$ 338,320	\$	(149,539)	\$ 188,781
Software & technology	52,309		(38,517)	13,792	54,297		(35,325)	18,972
Trademarks & other	21,365		(18,621)	2,744	22,305		(16,858)	5,447
Total intangible assets	\$ 421,189	\$	(221,474)	\$ 199,715	\$ 414,922	\$	(201,722)	\$ 213,200

Amortization expense was \$9 million and \$10 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and \$27 million and \$29 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Future amortization expense as of September 30, 2019 is shown in the table below. Actual amortization expense may differ due to, among other things, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, impairments, acquisitions and accelerated amortization.

Remaining for year ending December 31, 2019	\$ 9,171
Year ending December 31, 2020	33,368
Year ending December 31, 2021	29,972
Year ending December 31, 2022	29,026
Year ending December 31, 2023	26,188
Thereafter	 71,990
Total	\$ 199,715

Goodwill

Changes in the carrying value of goodwill, by reporting segment, for thenine months ended September 30, 2019 are shown in the table below.

	De	ecember 31, 2018	Acquisition/(divestiture)		Currency impact		Sej	otember 30, 2019
Global Ecommerce	\$	609,431	\$	_	\$	_	\$	609,431
Presort Services		207,465		5,064		_		212,529
Commerce Services		816,896		5,064		_		821,960
SendTech Solutions		515,455		(10,490)		(9,888)		495,077
Total goodwill	\$	1,332,351	\$	(5,426)	\$	(9,888)	\$	1,317,037

In January 2019, we wrote off\$10 million of goodwill associated with Market Exits.

9. Fair Value Measurements and Derivative Instruments

We measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. An entity is required to classify certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on the following fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value:

- <u>Level 1</u> Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity, may be derived from internally developed methodologies based on management's best estimate of fair value and that are significant to the fair value of the asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect its placement within the fair value hierarchy. The following tables show, by level within the fair value hierarchy, our financial assets and liabilities that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

			Septembe	er 30,	2019	
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total
Assets:						
Investment securities						
Money market funds / certificates of deposit	\$	157,114	\$ 260,383	\$	—	\$ 417,497
Equity securities		_	21,814		—	21,814
Commingled fixed income securities		1,655	20,819		_	22,474
Government and related securities		71,908	18,079		_	89,987
Corporate debt securities		—	73,332		_	73,332
Mortgage-backed / asset-backed securities		_	74,718		_	74,718
Derivatives						
Foreign exchange contracts		_	729		_	729
Total assets	\$	230,677	\$ 469,874	\$	_	\$ 700,551
Liabilities:			 	-		
Derivatives						
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	_	\$ (5,454)	\$	_	\$ (5,454)
Total liabilities	\$	_	\$ (5,454)	\$	_	\$ (5,454)
	20		 			

			Decembe	r 31, 2	2018		
	 Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets:							
Investment securities							
Money market funds / certificates of deposit	\$ 220,756	\$	391,891	\$	—	\$	612,647
Equity securities	—		19,133				19,133
Commingled fixed income securities	1,570		20,141		—		21,711
Government and related securities	98,790		9,787				108,577
Corporate debt securities	_		56,938				56,938
Mortgage-backed / asset-backed securities			98,334				98,334
Derivatives							
Foreign exchange contracts	—		2,031				2,031
Total assets	\$ 321,116	\$	598,255	\$	_	\$	919,371
Liabilities:							
Derivatives							
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ _	\$	(735)	\$		\$	(735)
Total liabilities	\$ _	\$	(735)	\$		\$	(735)
	 	_		_		_	

Investment Securities

The valuation of investment securities is based on the market approach using inputs that are observable, or can be corroborated by observable data, in an active marketplace. The following information relates to our classification into the fair value hierarchy:

- Money Market Funds / Certificates of Deposit: Money market funds typically invest in government securities, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and
 other highly liquid, low risk securities. Money market funds are principally used for overnight deposits and are classified as Level 1 when unadjusted quoted
 prices in active markets are available and as Level 2 when they are not actively traded on an exchange. Certificates of deposit typically invest with financial
 institutions and have specific maturity dates and a fixed rate of return, and are classified as Level 2. Direct investments in commercial paper, classified as
 Level 2, comprised 3% of the December 2018 balance.
- Equity Securities: Equity securities are comprised of mutual funds investing in U.S. and foreign stocks. These mutual funds are classified as Level 2.
- Commingled Fixed Income Securities: Commingled fixed income securities are comprised of mutual funds that invest in a variety of fixed income securities, including securities of the U.S. government and its agencies, corporate debt, mortgage-backed securities and asset-backed securities. Fair value is based on the value of the underlying investments owned by each fund, minus its liabilities, divided by the number of shares outstanding, as reported by the fund manager. These mutual funds are classified as Level 1 when unadjusted quoted prices in active markets are available and as Level 2 when they are not actively traded on an exchange.
- Government and Related Securities: Debt securities are classified as Level 1 where active, high volume trades for identical securities exist. Valuation
 adjustments are not applied to these securities. Debt securities are classified as Level 2 where fair value is determined using quoted market prices for similar
 securities or benchmarking model derived prices to quoted market prices and trade data for identical or comparable securities.
- Corporate Debt Securities: Corporate debt securities are valued using recently executed comparable transactions, market price quotations or bond spreads for the same maturity as the security. These securities are classified as Level 2.
- Mortgage-Backed Securities / Asset-Backed Securities: These securities are valued based on external pricing indices or external price/spread data. These securities are classified as Level 2.

Available-For-Sale Securities

Investment securities classified as available-for-sale are recorded at fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses, net of tax, recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). Available-for-sale investment securities are predominantly held at the Pitney Bowes Bank, whose primary business is to provide financing solutions to clients that rent postage meters and purchase supplies.



Available-for-sale securities at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

				Septemb	er 30, 20	19		
	Am	Amortized cost		Gross unrealized gains		s unrealized losses	Es	timated fair value
Government and related securities	\$	88,050	\$	1,946	\$	(47)	\$	89,949
Corporate debt securities		71,763		1,907		(338)		73,332
Commingled fixed income securities		1,666		_		(11)		1,655
Mortgage-backed / asset-backed securities		73,777		1,269		(328)		74,718
Total	\$	235,256	\$	5,122	\$	(724)	\$	239,654

		December 31, 2018									
	Ar	nortized cost	Gro	ss unrealized gains	Gro	oss unrealized losses	Estimated fair valu				
Government and related securities	\$	109,776	\$	47	\$	(1,336)	\$	108,487			
Corporate debt securities		58,714		4		(1,780)		56,938			
Commingled fixed income securities		1,637		_		(67)		1,570			
Mortgage-backed / asset-backed securities		100,186		167		(2,019)		98,334			
Total	\$	270,313	\$	218	\$	(5,202)	\$	265,329			

The aggregate unrealized holding losses of investment securities in a loss position at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 were as follows:

		Septeml	oer 30,	2019	Decembe	er 31, 20	, 2018	
	F	air Value	Gr	oss unrealized losses	 Fair Value	Gross unrealized losses		
Less than 12 continuous months	\$	35,784	\$	360	\$ 48,318	\$	847	
Greater than 12 continuous months		28,235		364	177,331		4,355	
Total	\$	64,019	\$	724	\$ 225,649	\$	5,202	

We have not recognized an other-than-temporary impairment on any of the investment securities in an unrealized loss position because we have the ability and intent to hold these securities until recovery of the unrealized losses or expect to receive the stated principal and interest at maturity.

Scheduled maturities of available-for-sale securities atSeptember 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Amo	rtized cost	Es	timated fair value
Within 1 year	\$	39,047	\$	39,133
After 1 year through 5 years		58,494		59,246
After 5 years through 10 years		69,077		70,267
After 10 years		68,638		71,008
Total	\$	235,256	\$	239,654

The scheduled maturities of mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities may not coincide with the actual payment, as borrowers have the right to prepay obligations.

We have not experienced any significant write-offs in our investment portfolio. The majority of our mortgage-backed securities are either guaranteed or supported by the U.S. Government. We have no investments in inactive markets that would warrant a possible change in our pricing methods or classification within the fair value hierarchy.

Derivative Instruments

In the normal course of business, we are exposed to the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. We mitigate these exposures by following established risk management policies and procedures, including the use of derivatives. We use derivative instruments to limit the effects of exchange rate fluctuations on financial results and manage the cost of debt. We do not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes. We record derivative instruments at fair value and the accounting for changes in the fair value depends on the intended use of the derivative, the resulting designation and the effectiveness of the instrument in offsetting the risk exposure it is designed to hedge.

Foreign Exchange Contracts

We enter into foreign exchange contracts to mitigate the currency risk associated with the anticipated purchase of inventory between affiliates and from third parties. These contracts are designated as cash flow hedges. The effective portion of the gain or loss on cash flow hedges is included in AOCI in the period that the change in fair value occurs and is reclassified to earnings in the period that the hedged item is recorded in earnings. No amount of ineffectiveness was recorded in earnings for these designated cash flow hedges. At both September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we had outstanding contracts associated with these anticipated transactions with notional amounts of \$8 million.

The valuation of foreign exchange derivatives is based on the market approach using observable market inputs, such as foreign currency spot and forward rates and yield curves. We have not seen a material change in the creditworthiness of those banks acting as derivative counterparties in the three months ended September 30, 2019.

Interest Rate Swap

We had an interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$300 million to mitigate the interest rate risk associated with \$300 million of variable-rate term loans. This swap matured in September 2018. While outstanding, the swap was designated as a cash flow hedge and the effective portion of the gain or loss on the cash flow hedge was included in AOCI in the period that the change in fair value occurred and reclassified to earnings in the period that the hedged item was recorded in earnings.

The fair value of derivative instruments at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was as follows:

Designation of Derivatives	Balance Sheet Location	Septe	D	ecember 31, 2018	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments					
Foreign exchange contracts	Other current assets and prepayments	\$	113	\$	61
	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(52)		(104)
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments					
Foreign exchange contracts	Other current assets and prepayments		616		1,970
	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(5,402)		(631)
	Total derivative assets	\$	729	\$	2,031
	Total derivative liabilities		(5,454)		(735)
	Total net derivative (liability) asset	\$ (4,725)		\$	1,296

Amounts included in AOCI at September 30, 2019 related to derivative instruments will be recognized in earnings within the next 12 months.

The following represents the results of cash flow hedging relationships for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

				Three Months Ended September 30,							
Derivative Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion)		Location of Cain (Loss)	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings (Effective Portion)								
	2019		2018	(Effective Portion)		2019		2018			
\$	156	\$	(42)	Revenue	\$	(98)	\$	(38)			
				Cost of sales		54		52			
	_		(824)	Interest Expense		_		_			
\$	156	\$	(866)		\$	(44)	\$	14			
	Derivative	Gain	(Loss)	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Gain (Loss)	Reclassif	ied			
	Recogniz	ed in A	OCI	Location of Gain (Loss)		from AOCI	l to Earnin	ıgs			
	2019		2018	(Effective Portion)		2019		2018			
\$	181	\$	111	Revenue	\$	(23)	\$	38			
				Cost of sales		99		(33)			
			(1.776)	Interest Expense							
			(1,770)	Interest Expense				_			
	<u>\$</u>	Recogniz (Effectiv 2019 \$ 156 \$ 156 \$ 156 Derivative Recogniz (Effectiv 2019	Recognized in A (Effective Port 2019 \$ 156 \$ \$ 156 \$ \$ \$ 156 \$ \$ Derivative Gain Recognized in A (Effective Port 2019 \$ 2019 2019 \$ \$	Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion) 2019 2018 \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) \$ 156 \$ (42) Derivative Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion) \$ 111 2019 2018 \$ 111	Derivative Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion) 2019 2018 Location of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion) \$ 156 \$ (42) Revenue Cost of sales Cost of sales Cost of sales - (824) Interest Expense \$ 156 \$ (866) Derivative Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion) Location of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion) 2019 2018 Location of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion) \$ 181 111 Revenue Cost of sales	Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion) 2019 2018 Location of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion) 2019 \$ 156 \$ (42) Revenue \$ Cost of sales - (824) Interest Expense \$ \$ 156 \$ (866) \$ \$ Derivative Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion) Location of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion) Location of Gain (Loss) 2019 2018 (Effective Portion) 2 \$ 181 \$ 111 Revenue \$	Derivative Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion)Gain (Loss) from AOCI (Effective Portion)20192018Location of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion)2019\$156\$ (42)Revenue\$ (98)Cost of sales54-(824)Interest Expense\$156\$ (866)\$ (44)Nine Months Ended September 30,Cain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion)Derivative Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion)Coation of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion)20192018Location of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion)Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion)\$111Revenue\$ (23) Cost of sales99	Derivative Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion) Gain (Loss) from AOCI to Earnin (Effective Portion) 2019 2018 (Effective Portion) 2019 2019 2018 (Effective Portion) 2019 \$ 156 \$ (42) Revenue \$ (98) \$ - (824) Interest Expense \$ 156 \$ (866) \$ (44) \$ Nine Months Ended September 30, Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion) 2019 2018 Cost of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion) Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion) 2019 2018 Location of Gain (Loss) (Effective Portion) 2019 2019 2019 2018 (Effective Portion) 2019 2019 \$ 111 Revenue \$ (23) \$ Cost of sales 99			

We enter into foreign exchange contracts to minimize the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on short-term intercompany loans and related interest that are denominated in a foreign currency. The revaluation of intercompany loans and interest and the corresponding mark-to-market adjustment on derivatives are recorded in earnings. The table below represents the mark-to-market adjustments of non-designated derivative instruments for thethree and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. All outstanding contracts at September 30, 2019 mature within 12 months.

		Th	ree Months En	otember 30,				
		De		in (Loss) Recognized in Earnings				
Derivatives Instrument	Location of Derivative Gain (Loss)		2019	2018				
Foreign exchange contracts	Selling, general and administrative expense	\$	(11,385)	\$	(1,948)			
		N	ine Months End	ded September 30, (Loss) Recognized in rnings				
		De						
Derivatives Instrument	Location of Derivative Gain (Loss)		2019	2018				
Foreign exchange contracts	Selling, general and administrative expense	\$ (6,181)			(20,344)			

Credit-Risk-Related Contingent Features

Certain derivative instruments contain credit-risk-related contingent features that require us to post collateral based on a combination of our long-term senior unsecured debt ratings and the net fair value of our derivatives. At September 30, 2019, we had no cash collateral posted.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Our financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, investment securities, accounts receivable, loan receivables, derivative instruments, accounts payable and debt. The carrying value for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, loans receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

The carrying value and estimated fair value of our debt atSeptember 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Septe	ember 30, 2019	De	ecember 31, 2018
Carrying value	\$	3,069,091	\$	3,265,608
Fair value	\$	2,953,853	\$	3,003,678

10. Restructuring Charges and Asset Impairments

Restructuring Charges

Activity in our restructuring reserves for thenine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was as follows:

	erance and nefits costs	Other exit costs	Total
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 13,641	\$ 1,808	\$ 15,449
Expenses, net	12,498	845	13,343
Cash payments	 (16,362)	 (2,483)	(18,845)
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 9,777	\$ 170	\$ 9,947
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$ 42,151	\$ 1,569	\$ 43,720
Expenses, net	13,637	5,134	18,771
Cash payments	 (37,492)	 (1,750)	(39,242)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 18,296	\$ 4,953	\$ 23,249

The majority of the remaining restructuring reserves are expected to be paid over the next12 to 24 months.

Asset Impairments

Asset impairment charges were \$42 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and primarily include the impairment of capitalized software costs related to the development of a new enterprise resource planning (ERP) system in our international markets.

11. Debt

Total debt at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

	Interest rate	Se	ptember 30, 2019	D	2018 2018
Notes due September 2020	4.125%	\$	300,000	\$	300,000
Notes due October 2021	3.875%		600,000		600,000
Notes due May 2022	4.625%		400,000		400,000
Notes due April 2023	4.95%		400,000		400,000
Notes due March 2024	4.625%		500,000		500,000
Notes due January 2037	5.25%		35,841		35,841
Notes due March 2043	6.7%		425,000		425,000
Term loans	Variable		427,500		630,000
Other debt			5,158		5,297
Principal amount			3,093,499		3,296,138
Less: unamortized costs, net			24,408		30,530
Total debt			3,069,091		3,265,608
Less: current portion long-term debt			501,728		199,535
Long-term debt		\$	2,567,363	\$	3,066,073

Interest rates on certain notes are subject to adjustment based on changes in our credit ratings. In April 2019, Moody's lowered our corporate credit rating from Ba1 to Ba2. As a result, the interest rates on the May 2022 notes and September 2020 notes increased 0.25% since December 31, 2018, and the interest rates on the October 2021 notes and April 2023 increased 0.25% on October 1, 2019.

During 2019, we repaid \$38 million of principal related to our term loans. In September 2019, we repaid the remaining \$165 million of our \$200 million term loan and recorded a loss of \$1 million on the early redemption of debt.

In November 2019, we repaid the \$150 million term loan due November 2019 and the remaining balance of the \$300 million term loan due December 2020, secured a new five-year \$400 million term loan and replaced our revolving credit facility scheduled to mature in January 2021 for \$500 million.

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12. Pensions and Other Benefit Programs

The components of net periodic benefit (income) cost were as follows:

]	Defined Benefi	it Pen	sion Plans			No	onpension Post Pl	retirer ans	nent Benefit
	 United	l Stat	es		For	eign					
	 Three Mo	nths I	Ended		Three Mo	nths]	Ended		Three Mo	nths E	nded
	Septen	nber 3	30,		Septer	nber (30,		Septer	nber 3	ð,
	 2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Service cost	\$ 20	\$	23	\$	385	\$	567	\$	242	\$	298
Interest cost	15,792		15,363		4,435		4,434		1,646		1,676
Expected return on plan assets	(23,182)		(25,281)		(8,340)		(8,730)		_		—
Amortization of transition credit	—		—		(2)		(2)		_		_
Amortization of prior service (credit) cost	(15)		(15)		58		(18)		80		112
Amortization of net actuarial loss	6,537		7,851		1,543		1,807		507		338
Settlement	 1,477		796		_		_				339
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	\$ 629	\$	(1,263)	\$	(1,921)	\$	(1,942)	\$	2,475	\$	2,763
Contributions to benefit plans	\$ 3,350	\$	2,479	\$	652	\$	661	\$	4,628	\$	4,442

	_]	Defined Benefi	t Pen	sion Plans			No	onpension Post Pl	retireı ans	nent Benefit
		United	l State	es		For	eign					
		Nine Mor	nths E	nded		Nine Mor	ths E	Inded		Nine Mor	ths E	nded
	September 30, September 30,				September 30,							
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Service cost	\$	62	\$	69	\$	1,157	\$	1,731	\$	725	\$	1,109
Interest cost		47,378		46,087		13,231		13,721		4,937		4,888
Expected return on plan assets		(69,545)		(75,815)		(25,609)		(27,045)		_		—
Amortization of transition credit		_		_		(5)		(5)		_		_
Amortization of prior service (credit) cost		(45)		(45)		181		(54)		241		287
Amortization of net actuarial loss		19,610		23,555		4,727		5,590		1,521		2,153
Settlement ⁽¹⁾		2,278		796		397		—		_		339
Net periodic benefit (income) cost	\$	(262)	\$	(5,353)	\$	(5,921)	\$	(6,062)	\$	7,424	\$	8,776
Contributions to benefit plans	\$	7,401	\$	5,674	\$	9,740	\$	10,640	\$	13,841	\$	13,552

⁽¹⁾ Approximately \$1.4 million and \$1.0 million of total settlement charges were recorded in restructuring charges and discontinued operations, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

13. Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for thethree months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was 127.3% and (5.5)%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2019 includes a benefit of \$23 million from the release of a foreign valuation allowance. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2018 includes a benefit from the resolution of certain tax examinations of \$7 million and a benefit of \$8 million related to the re-measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities and revisions of the U.S. tax on unremitted earnings of our foreign subsidiaries.

The effective tax rate for thenine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was (71.2)% and 11.5%, respectively. The effective tax rate for thenine months ended September 30, 2019 includes a benefit of \$23 million from the release of a foreign valuation allowance as well as a\$2 million tax on the \$18 million book loss from Market Exits, primarily due to nondeductible basis differences. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 includes a benefit of \$6 million and \$13 million, respectively, from the resolution of certain tax examinations. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 also includes a benefit of

\$17 million related to the re-measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities and revisions of the U.S. tax on unremitted earnings of our foreign subsidiaries.

As is the case with other large corporations, our tax returns are examined by tax authorities in the U.S. and other global taxing jurisdictions in which we have operations. As a result, it is reasonably possible that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits will decrease in the next 12 months, and this decrease could be up to 30% of our unrecognized tax benefits.

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) examinations of our consolidated U.S. income tax returns for tax years prior to 2017 are closed to audit; however, various post-2011 U.S. state and local tax returns are still subject to examination. In Canada, the examination of our tax filings prior to 2015 are closed to audit. Other significant jurisdictions include France (closed through 2014), Germany (closed through 2016) and the U.K. (except for an item under appeal, closed through 2016). We also have other less significant tax filings currently subject to examination.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, we are routinely defendants in, or party to, a number of pending and threatened legal actions. These may involve litigation by or against us relating to, among other things, contractual rights under vendor, insurance or other contracts; intellectual property or patent rights; equipment, service, payment or other disputes with clients; or disputes with employees. Some of these actions may be brought as a purported class action on behalf of a purported class of employees, customers or others. In management's opinion, the potential liability, if any, that may result from these actions, either individually or collectively, is not reasonably expected to have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows as of September 30, 2019. However, as litigation is inherently unpredictable, there can be no assurances in this regard.

In August 2018, the Company, certain of its directors, officers and several banks who served as underwriters, were named as defendants in City of Livonia Retiree Health and Disability Benefits Plan v. Pitney Bowes Inc. et al., a putative class action lawsuit filed in Connecticut state court. The complaint asserts claims under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, on behalf of those who purchased notes issued by the Company in connection with a September 13, 2017 offering, alleging, among other things, that the Company failed to make certain disclosures relating to components of its third quarter 2017 performance at the time of the notes offering. The complaint seeks compensatory damages and other relief. On October 24, 2019, the court granted the defendants' motions to strike the complaint for failure to state a claim.

In addition, in December 2018 and then in February 2019, certain of the Company's officers and directors were named as defendants in two virtually identical derivative actions purportedly brought on behalf of the Company, Clem v. Lautenbach et al. and Devolin v. Lautenbach et al. These two actions, both filed by the same counsel in Connecticut state court, allege, among other things, breaches of fiduciary duty relating to these same disclosures, and seek compensatory damages and other relief derivatively for the benefit of the Company. Although litigation outcomes are inherently unpredictable, we believe these matters are without merit and intend to defend them vigorously. A reasonable estimate of the amount of any possible loss or range of loss cannot be made at this time.

Beginning on October 12, 2019, we were affected by a malware attack ("the attack") that encrypted information on some systems and disrupted client access to our services. Upon discovering the unauthorized access, we took immediate actions to contain and remediate the malware attack. We engaged third-party cybersecurity experts and informed various law enforcement agencies. We have identified the malware that affected our systems as the Ryuk virus, which specifically targets Microsoft Windows based operating systems. Our financial information is not stored on a Microsoft Windows operating system, and was therefore not affected. Additionally, the backup data storage systems for virtually all our client, employee and other business data was not impacted by the attack. Based on the work performed to date, we do not believe that any sensitive or confidential client or employee data has been improperly accessed or extracted from our network. We have made substantial progress in bringing critical systems back online, re-enabling client access to our services and restoring access to data that was encrypted. We maintain insurance coverage for these types of incidents and have been working with our carriers throughout the attack. It is not yet possible to reasonably estimate the impact on our financial results or the extent to which we will receive reimbursement from our insurers.

15. Leased Assets and Liabilities

We lease real estate and equipment under operating and finance lease agreements. Our leases have terms of up to 15 years, some of which include the option to extend the lease for up to 5 years. At lease commencement, a lease liability and corresponding right-of-use asset is recognized. Lease liabilities represent the present value of future lease payments over the expected lease term, which includes options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain those options will be exercised. Lease payments include all fixed payments and variable payments tied to an index. Variable payments excluded from the right-of-use asset and lease liability primarily include common area maintenance charges, property taxes, insurance and mileage. The present value of our lease liability is determined using our incremental borrowing rate at lease inception. Information regarding our operating and financing leases are as follows:

Leases	Balance Sheet Location	Septem	ber 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Assets						
Operating	Operating lease assets	\$	172,617	\$	152,554	
Finance	Property, plant and equipment, net		11,250		10,683	
Total leased assets		\$	183,867	\$	163,237	
Liabilities						
Operating	Current operating lease liabilities	\$	34,091	\$	35,208	
	Noncurrent operating lease liabilities		148,125		125,294	
Finance	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,773		2,708	
	Other noncurrent liabilities		7,589		7,054	
Total lease liabilities		\$	192,578	\$	170,264	

	TI	ree Months End	ded Sep	otember 30,	 Nine Months End	ied Sep	tember 30,
Lease Cost		2019		2018	2019		2018
Operating lease expense	\$	12,347	\$	12,395	\$ 34,750	\$	33,835
Finance lease expense							
Amortization of leased assets		838		692	2,529		1,934
Interest on lease liabilities		172		135	520		378
Variable lease expense		4,969		4,272	18,821		16,486
Sublease income		(381)		(680)	(1,726)		(1,132)
Total expense	\$	17,945	\$	16,814	\$ 54,894	\$	51,501

Operating lease expense includes immaterial amounts related to leases with terms of 12 months or less.

Future Lease Payments	Oper	ating Leases	Finance	Leases	Total
Remaining for year ending December 31, 2019	\$	11,233	\$	907	\$ 12,140
Year ending December 31, 2020		42,292		3,242	45,534
Year ending December 31, 2021		35,970		2,850	38,820
Year ending December 31, 2022		27,799		2,278	30,077
Year ending December 31, 2023		21,392		1,626	23,018
Thereafter		88,779		983	89,762
Total		227,465		11,886	 239,351
Less: present value discount		45,249		1,524	46,773
Lease liability	\$	182,216	\$	10,362	\$ 192,578

Operating leases exclude \$28 million of minimum lease payments for leases signed but not yet commenced at September 30, 2019.

Lease Term and Discount Rate	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Weighted-average remaining lease term		
Operating leases	7.5 years	7.2 years
Finance leases	4.0 years	4.1 years
Weighted-average discount rate		
Operating leases	5.9%	4.5%
Finance leases	6.7%	6.2%

	T	hree Months En	ded S	eptember 30,		ptember 30,		
Cash Flow Information		2019		2018		2019		2018
Operating cash outflows - operating leases	\$	10,440	\$	12,319	\$	32,041	\$	33,075
Operating cash outflows - finance leases	\$	172	\$	135	\$	520	\$	378
Financing cash outflows - finance leases	\$	758	\$	630	\$	2,278	\$	1,786
Leased assets obtained in exchange for new lease obligations								
Operating leases	\$	3,123	\$	26,134	\$	51,504	\$	33,128
Finance leases	\$	1,124	\$	2,983	\$	3,227	\$	4,143

16. Stockholders' Equity

Changes in stockholders' equity for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

				Additional						
	Preferred stock	Preference stock	Common stock	paid-in capital	Retained earnings	cumulated other nprehensive loss	T	reasury stock	Тс	otal equity
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ —	\$ _	\$ 323,338	\$ 105,341	\$ 5,282,374	\$ (907,678)	\$	(4,750,403)	\$	52,972
Net loss	_	_	_	_	(3,125)	_		_		(3,125)
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	_	(18,774)		_		(18,774)
Dividends paid (\$0.05 per common share)	_	_	_	_	(8,508)	_		_		(8,508)
Issuance of common stock	_	_	_	(10,146)	_	_		11,291		1,145
Conversion to common stock	_	_	_	(246)	_	_		246		_
Stock-based compensation expense	_	_	_	6,702	_	_		_		6,702
Repurchase of common stock	_	_	_	_	_			(5,000)		(5,000)
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 323,338	\$ 101,651	\$ 5,270,741	\$ (926,452)	\$	(4,743,866)	\$	25,412

	F	Preferred stock	Р	reference stock	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	cumulated other	Treasury stock	Total equity
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$	1	\$	415	\$ 323,338	\$ 122,732	\$ 5,103,588	\$ (811,804)	\$ (4,689,309)	\$ 48,961
Net income		_		_	_	_	80,277	—	—	80,277
Other comprehensive income		_		_	_	_	_	5,639	—	5,639
Dividends paid (\$0.1875 per common share)		_		_	_	—	(35,183)	_	_	(35,183)
Issuance of common stock		—		—	_	(11,190)	_	_	12,909	1,719
Conversion to common stock		—		(12)	_	(242)	—		254	_
Stock-based compensation expense		_		_	_	6,618	_	—	—	6,618
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	1	\$	403	\$ 323,338	\$ 117,918	\$ 5,148,682	\$ (806,165)	\$ (4,676,146)	\$ 108,031

Changes in stockholders' equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

		eferred		erence	Common	1	Additional paid-in	Retained		mulated other				
	S	tock	s	tock	 stock		capital	 earnings	comp	rehensive loss	Tı	reasury stock	Te	otal equity
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	1	\$	396	\$ 323,338	\$	121,475	\$ 5,279,682	\$	(948,961)	\$	(4,674,089)	\$	101,842
Net income		_		_	_		_	17,913		_		_		17,913
Other comprehensive income		_		_	_		_	_		22,509		_		22,509
Dividends paid (\$0.15 per common share)		_		_	_		_	(26,854)		_		_		(26,854)
Issuance of common stock		_		_	_		(32,877)	_		_		32,289		(588)
Conversion to common stock		_		(130)	_		(2,804)	_		_		2,934		_
Redemption of preferred/preference stock	c .	(1)		(266)	_		(10)	_		_		_		(277)
Stock-based compensation expense		_		_	_		15,867	_		_		_		15,867
Repurchase of common stock		—		—	_		—	_		_		(105,000)		(105,000)
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$		\$	_	\$ 323,338	\$	101,651	\$ 5,270,741	\$	(926,452)	\$	(4,743,866)	\$	25,412

	1	Preferred stock	Р	reference stock	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	umulated other	Treasury stock	То	tal equity
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$	1	\$	441	\$ 323,338	\$ 138,367	\$ 5,074,343	\$ (794,940)	\$ (4,710,997)	\$	30,553
Cumulative effect of accounting change		—		_	—	—	(12,207)	_	—		(12,207)
Net income		—		_	—	_	191,842	—	—		191,842
Other comprehensive loss		_		_	_	—	_	(11,225)	—		(11,225)
Dividends paid (\$0.5625 per common share)		_		_	_	_	(105,296)	_	_		(105,296)
Issuance of common stock		_		—	_	(35,457)	_	_	34,050		(1,407)
Conversion to common stock		—		(38)	—	(763)	_	—	801		—
Stock-based compensation expense		—		—	_	15,771	—	_	—		15,771
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	1	\$	403	\$ 323,338	\$ 117,918	\$ 5,148,682	\$ (806,165)	\$ (4,676,146)	\$	108,031



17. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Reclassifications out of AOCI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	Th	ree Months En 2019	ded Se	eptember 30,		Nine Months End	lad San	tombor 20			
	\$ (98) \$ (38) \$					Nine Months Ended September 30					
				2018		2019		2018			
(Losses) gains on cash flow hedges											
Revenue	\$	(98)	\$	(38)	\$	(23)	\$	38			
Cost of sales		54		52		99		(33)			
Interest expense, net		_		(825)		—		(1,839)			
Total before tax		(44)		(811)		76		(1,834)			
Income tax benefit (provision)		11		206		(19)		468			
Net of tax	\$	(33)	\$	(605)	\$	57	\$	(1,366)			
Gains (losses) on available for sale securities											
Interest expense, net	\$	146	\$	(40)	\$	42	\$	150			
Income tax (provision) benefit		(37)		10		(11)		(38)			
Net of tax	\$	109	\$	(30)	\$	31	\$	112			
Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plans ⁽²⁾											
Transition credit	\$	2	\$	2	\$	5	\$	5			
Prior service costs		(123)		(79)		(377)		(188)			
Actuarial losses		(8,587)		(9,996)		(25,858)		(31,298)			
Settlements		(1,477)		(1,135)		(2,675)		(1,135)			
Total before tax	_	(10,185)		(11,208)		(28,905)		(32,616)			
Income tax benefit		2,633		2,399		7,406		7,766			
Net of tax	\$	(7,552)	\$	(8,809)	\$	(21,499)	\$	(24,850)			

(1) Amounts in parentheses indicate reductions to income and increases to other comprehensive income.

(2) Reclassified from AOCI into other components of net pension and postretirement cost (see Note 12 for additional details).

Changes in AOCI for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	Cash flow	hedges	ilable for securities	Pension and postretirement benefit plans	a	Foreign currency adjustments	Total
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	191	\$ (3,061)	\$ (846,461)	\$	(99,630)	\$ (948,961)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications (1)		135	7,547	—		(6,584)	1,098
Reclassifications into earnings (1), (2)		(57)	(31)	21,499		_	21,411
Net other comprehensive income (loss)		78	 7,516	 21,499		(6,584)	22,509
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$	269	\$ 4,455	\$ (824,962)	\$	(106,214)	\$ (926,452)

	Cash f	low hedges	1	Available for sale securities	Pension and postretirement benefit plans	reign currency adjustments	Total
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$	(406)	\$	1,597	\$ (748,800)	\$ (47,331)	\$ (794,940)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications (1)		(593)		(6,402)	—	(30,334)	(37,329)
Reclassifications into earnings (1), (2)		1,366		(112)	24,850	_	26,104
Net other comprehensive income (loss)		773		(6,514)	24,850	 (30,334)	(11,225)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$	367	\$	(4,917)	\$ (723,950)	\$ (77,665)	\$ (806,165)

(1) Amounts are net of tax. Amounts in parentheses indicate debits to AOCI.

⁽²⁾ See table above for additional details of these reclassifications.

Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) contains statements that are forward-looking. We want to caution readers that any forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 (Securities Act) and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) may change based on various factors. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties, and actual results could differ materially. Words such as "estimate," "target," "project," "plan," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend" and similar expressions may identify such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. Forward-looking statements in this Form 10-Q speak only as of the date hereof, and forward-looking statements in documents attached that are incorporated by reference speak only as of the date of those documents.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in any of our forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results could differ materially from those projected or assumed in any of our forward-looking statements. Our future financial condition and results of operations, as well as any forward-looking statements, are subject to change and to inherent risks and uncertainties, such as those disclosed or incorporated by reference in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Factors which could cause future financial performance to differ materially from the expectations as expressed in any forward-looking statement made by or on our behalf include, without limitation:

- declining physical mail volumes
- expenses and potential impact on client relationships resulting from the October 2019 malware attack that affected the Company's
 operations
- a breach of security, including a future cyber-attack or other comparable event
- the continued availability and security of key information technology systems and the cost to comply with information security requirements and privacy laws
- changes in, or loss of, our contractual relationships with the U.S. Postal Service (USPS) or posts in other major markets
- changes in postal regulations
- competitive factors, including pricing pressures, technological developments and the introduction of new products and services by competitors
- the United Kingdom's potential exit from the European Union (Brexit)
- our success in developing and marketing new products and services and obtaining regulatory approvals, if required
- changes in banking regulations or the loss of our Industrial Bank charter
- changes in labor conditions and transportation costs
- macroeconomic factors, including global and regional business conditions that adversely impact customer demand, foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates
- changes in global political conditions and international trade policies, including the imposition or expansion of trade tariffs
- third-party suppliers' ability to provide products and services required by our clients
- our success at managing the relationships with outsource providers, including the costs of outsourcing functions and operations
- capital market disruptions or credit rating downgrades that adversely impact our ability to access capital markets at reasonable costs
- our success at managing customer credit risk
- integrating newly acquired businesses, including operations and product and service offerings
- our ability to continue to grow volumes to gain additional economies of scale
- the loss of some of our larger clients in our Commerce Services group
- intellectual property infringement claims
- significant changes in pension, health care and retiree medical costs
- income tax adjustments or other regulatory levies from tax audits and changes in tax laws, rulings or regulations
- the use of the postal system for transmitting harmful biological agents, illegal substances or other terrorist attacks
- acts of nature



Overview

Effective January 1, 2019, we adopted Accounting Standards Codification 842, *Leases*, using the modified retrospective transition approach of applying the standard at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements. Accordingly, prior period financial results have been recast. In January 2019, we also sold the direct operations and moved to a dealer model in six smaller markets within the SendTech Solutions segment (Market Exits).

In the quarter, we recast our segment reporting to combine North America Mailing and International Mailing into the Sending Technology Solutions (SendTech Solutions) segment to reflect how we manage these operations and the products and services provided to our clients.

In August 2019, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell our Software Solutions business for \$700 million, subject to certain adjustments. We anticipate net proceeds from the sale, after closing costs, transaction fees and taxes, to be approximately \$625 million and will use a majority of these proceeds to repay debt. The transaction is expected to be completed by the end of the year. The Software Solutions business is now reported as a discontinued operation in our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and prior periods have been recast to conform to the current period presentation.

Financial Results Summary - Three Months Ended September 30:

	2019	2018	Change
Revenue	\$ 790,125	\$ 760,281	4%
Segment earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	\$ 126,848	\$ 137,712	(8)%
Income from continuing operations	\$ 5,345	\$ 47,656	(89)%
Diluted earnings per share - continuing operations	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.25	(88)%

Revenue increased 4% from the prior year period, and 6% excluding the impact from Market Exits. The increase was driven by a 5% increase in Business services revenue due to growth in Commerce Services partially offset by an 11% decrease in Supplies revenue, a 9% decrease in Support services revenue and a 6% decrease in Financing revenue, driven by overall declines in our SendTech Solutions shipping and mailing business.

On a segment basis, Global Ecommerce revenue increased20% and Presort Services revenue increased 5%, partially offset by a decline in SendTech Solutions revenue of 6%. Excluding currency and Market Exits, SendTech Solutions revenue decreased 3%. Commerce Services was the largest contributor of revenue and accounted for 52% of revenue for the current quarter compared to 47% from the prior year period.

Segment EBIT declined 8% from the prior year period. Global Ecommerce reported an EBIT loss of \$22 million compared to a loss of \$14 million in the prior year, primarily driven by a decline in margins as the mix of business continues to shift to faster growing, but lower margin services. Presort Services EBIT was relatively flat compared to the prior year period, primarily due to higher volumes and labor cost per unit improvement, offset by higher costs. SendTech Solutions EBIT declined 3% due to the decline in revenue and impact of Market Exits.

Income from continuing operations declined in the quarter, primarily due to higher restructuring and asset impairment charges and a decline in gross margins, partially offset by a tax benefit from the release of a foreign valuation allowance.

Financial Results Summary - Nine Months Ended September 30:

	2019	2018	Change
Revenue	\$ 2,373,782 \$	2,354,108	1%
Segment earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	\$ 374,341 \$	441,419	(15)%
Income from continuing operations	\$ 32,112 \$	132,553	(76)%
Diluted earnings per share - continuing operations	\$ 0.18 \$	0.70	(74)%
Net cash provided by operations	\$ 182,284 \$	258,570	(30)%

Revenue increased 1% from the prior year period, and 3% excluding the unfavorable impact from Market Exits. Business services revenue increased 1% due to growth in Commerce Services, but was partially offset by declines in all other revenue lines driven by a decline in our SendTech Solutions shipping and mailing business.

On a segment basis, Global Ecommerce revenue increased15% and Presort Services revenue increased3%, which was partially offset by a decline in SendTech Solutions revenue of 8% in total and 5% excluding the impact of Market Exits and currency.

Segment EBIT declined 15% from the prior year period. Global Ecommerce reported an EBIT loss of \$2 million compared to a loss of \$28 million in the prior year, and Presort Services EBIT declined 15%. The decline in Global Ecommerce was primarily driven by a decline in margins resulting from a shift in the mix of business to faster growing, but lower margin services. The decline in Presort Services was primarily due to higher consulting fees, transportation costs and bad debt expense, partially offset by labor cost per unit improvement. SendTech EBIT declined 8% due to the decline in revenue, lower margins attributable in part to increased costs from tariffs and a charge related to a SendPro C tablet replacement program to address an underlying battery longevity issue.

Income from continuing operations declined compared to the prior year period, primarily due to higher restructuring and asset impairment charges, lower margins, a loss of \$18 million from Market Exits, primarily due to the write-off of cumulative translation adjustments and a tax benefit from the release of a foreign valuation allowance.

Outlook

We are creating a more focused and streamlined portfolio that is shifting to higher growth markets. We continue to invest in market opportunities and new services and solutions across all our businesses and optimize our cost structure to drive long-term value. We expect revenue to continue to grow as we transform our portfolio and margins to improve as we build scale and realize the full benefits of our investments.

Within Global Ecommerce, we expect continued revenue growth from the expansion of our domestic parcel business and shipping solutions. We anticipate higher shipping volumes in the fourth quarter as we enter the holiday season. We are implementing organizational changes designed to reduce costs and improve margins and profitability. With Presort Services, we expect revenue and EBIT growth from higher volumes, improving margins and operational efficiencies.

Within SendTech Solutions, we expect the magnitude of the revenue decline to be mitigated by the introduction of new services and products, opportunities through natural adjacencies in the business, sales of our SendPro C product and expanded third-party equipment financing alternatives. We expect trade tariffs to continue to adversely impact EBIT and equipment sales margins.

Beginning on October 12, 2019, we were affected by a malware attack ("the attack") that encrypted information on some systems and disrupted client access to our services. Upon discovering the unauthorized access, we took immediate actions to contain and remediate the malware attack. We engaged third-party cybersecurity experts and informed various law enforcement agencies. We have identified the malware that affected our systems as the Ryuk virus, which specifically targets Microsoft Windows based operating systems. Our financial information is not stored on a Microsoft Windows operating system, and was therefore not affected. Additionally, the backup data storage systems for virtually all our client, employee and other business data was not impacted by the attack. Based on the work performed to date, we do not believe that any sensitive or confidential client or employee data has been improperly accessed or extracted from our network. We have made substantial progress in bringing critical systems back online, re-enabling client access to our services and restoring access to data that was encrypted.

We have incurred and will continue to incur costs to remediate this attack, determine how unauthorized users gained access to our systems and implement enhanced security features and monitoring procedures. Our fourth quarter operating results will be adversely affected as we were unable to provide revenuegenerating services to some of our clients for a few days and we will incur additional costs including, but not limited to, costs to meet client service level agreements, consulting fees and hardware replacement costs. We maintain insurance coverage for these types of incidents and have been working with our carriers throughout the attack. It is not yet possible to reasonably estimate the impact on our financial results or the extent to which we will receive reimbursement from our insurers.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Revenue by source and the related cost of revenue are shown in the following tables:

	Three Months Ended September 30,							Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2019		2018	Actual % change	Constant Currency % change		2019		2018	Actual % change	Constant currency % change			
Equipment sales	\$ 89,618	\$	88,799	1 %	2 %	\$	264,956	\$	289,318	(8)%	(7)%			
Supplies	44,818		50,403	(11)%	(10)%		142,261		165,853	(14)%	(13)%			
Rentals	19,737		21,432	(8)%	(7)%		60,339		65,852	(8)%	(7)%			
Financing	90,577		96,799	(6)%	(6)%		280,039		294,277	(5)%	(4)%			
Support services	126,274		138,055	(9)%	(8)%		382,578		417,303	(8)%	(7)%			
Business services	419,101		364,793	15 %	15 %		1,243,609		1,121,505	11 %	11 %			
Total revenue	\$ 790,125	\$	760,281	4 %	4 %	\$	2,373,782	\$	2,354,108	1 %	2 %			

	 Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Months Ended September 30,						
			Percentage	of Revenue					Percentage o	f Revenue			
	2019		2018	2019	2018		2019		2018	2019	2018		
Cost of equipment sales	\$ 59,859	\$	52,209	66.8%	58.8%	\$	182,094	\$	173,626	68.7%	60.0%		
Cost of supplies	12,225		13,967	27.3%	27.7%		37,533		46,652	26.4%	28.1%		
Cost of rentals	5,090		9,174	25.8%	42.8%		23,223		30,386	38.5%	46.1%		
Financing interest expense	11,026		10,849	12.2%	11.2%		33,433		33,107	11.9%	11.3%		
Cost of support services	41,086		45,872	32.5%	33.2%		123,453		134,204	32.3%	32.2%		
Cost of business services	338,519		287,237	80.8%	78.7%		1,003,483		872,183	80.7%	77.8%		
Total cost of revenue	\$ 467,805	\$	419,308	59.2%	55.2%	\$	1,403,219	\$	1,290,158	59.1%	54.8%		

Revenue - 2019 compared to 2018

In this revenue discussion, we may refer to revenue growth on a constant currency basis. Constant currency measures exclude the impact of changes in currency exchange rates since the prior period under comparison. We believe that excluding the impacts of currency exchange rates provides a better understanding of the underlying revenue performance. Constant currency change is calculated by converting the current period non-U.S. dollar denominated revenue using the prior year's exchange rate. Where constant currency measures are not provided, the actual change and constant currency change are the same.

Equipment sales in the quarter increased 1% as reported and 2% at constant currency, primarily due to a large deal in France. Equipment sales in the first nine months of 2019 decreased 8% as reported and 7% at constant currency, primarily due to lower sales of our bottom-of-the-line products. Market Exits had an adverse effect on equipment sales of 2% in both the quarter and year-to-date periods.

Supplies revenue decreased 11% as reported and 10% at constant currency in the quarter and 14% as reported and 13% at constant currency in the first nine months of 2019. Market Exits accounted for 4% of the decline in both the quarter and year-to-date periods, and the remainder of the decrease was due to a worldwide decline in our shipping and mailing business.

Rentals revenue decreased 8% as reported and 7% at constant currency both in the quarter and year-to-date periods, primarily due to a worldwide decline in our meter population.

Financing revenue decreased 6% in the quarter and 5% as reported and 4% at constant currency in the first nine months of 2019, primarily due to a declining portfolio. Market Exits accounted for 1% of the decline in both the quarter and year-to-date periods.

Support services revenue decreased 9% as reported and 8% at constant currency in the quarter and 8% as reported and 7% at constant currency in the first nine months of 2019, primarily due to a worldwide decline in our meter population.

Business services revenue increased 15% in the quarter and 11% in the first nine months of 2019, primarily due to growth in domestic parcel and shipping solutions volumes and mail volumes at Presort Services.

Cost of Revenue - 2019 compared to 2018

Cost of revenue as a percent of revenue in the quarter increased to 59.2% from 55.2% in the prior year period. Cost of equipment sales as a percent of equipment revenue increased to 66.8% from 58.8%. Trade tariffs and higher engineering costs impacted equipment sales margins by 3 percentage points and 2 percentage points, respectively. The decline in equipment sales revenue primarily contributed to the remaining decline in margin. Cost of rentals as a percent of rentals revenue decreased to 25.8% from 42.8%, primarily due to a favorable adjustment to cost of rentals recorded in the current quarter. Cost of business services as a percent of business services, investments in market growth opportunities and higher fulfillment costs to bring on new clients.

Cost of revenue as a percent of revenue in the first nine months of 2019 increased to59.1% from 54.8% in the prior year period. Cost of equipment sales as a percent of equipment revenue increased to 68.7% from 60.0%. A charge related to a SendPro C tablet replacement program to address an underlying battery longevity issue recorded in the first quarter adversely impacted equipment sales margins by 3 percentage points, trade tariffs reduced equipment sales margins 2 percentage points and higher engineering costs adversely impacted equipment sales margins by one percentage point. The remaining decline in margin was due to the decrease in revenue. Costs of rentals as a percent of rentals revenue decreased to 38.5% from 46.1%, primarily due to the favorable adjustment to cost of rentals recorded in the third quarter. Cost of business services as a percent of business service revenue increased to 80.7% from 77.8% in the prior year period primarily due to higher labor, transportation and postage costs, a shift in the mix of business to faster growing, but lower-margin services and investments in market growth opportunities.

We allocate a portion of our total cost of borrowing to financing interest expense. In computing financing interest expense, we assume an 8:1 debt to equity leverage ratio and apply our overall effective interest rate to the average outstanding finance receivables. Cost of financing expense as a percentage of finance revenue was relatively consistent in the quarter and year-to-date periods compared to the prior year periods.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A)

SG&A expense of \$254 million in the quarter increased 5% compared to the prior period, primarily due to higher employee-related costs of \$10 million and higher bad debt expense of \$2 million. SG&A expense of \$757 million for the first nine months of 2019, was flat compared to the prior period.

Research and development (R&D)

R&D expense decreased 22% in the quarter primarily due to lower spending of \$3 million in SendTech Solutions. R&D expense decreased 14% in the year-to-date period, primarily due to lower spending of \$3 million in both Global Ecommerce and SendTech Solutions.

Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net

Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 were \$47 million and \$57 million, respectively. Restructuring related charges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 were \$6 million and \$15 million, respectively.

Asset impairment charges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 were \$41 million and \$42 million, respectively, and primarily include the write-off of capitalized software costs related to the development of a new enterprise resource planning (ERP) system in our international markets. As a result of the sale of our Production Mail business in 2018, the January 2019 Market Exits and the pending sale of our Software Solutions business, our international footprint has been significantly reduced. Accordingly, we re-evaluated our international strategy. In the third quarter, we decided to permanently cease the development and implementation of this ERP system and recorded an impairment charge to write-off the investment.

Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 were \$6 million and \$19 million, respectively, and consisted of restructuring related charges. See Note 10 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Other expense

Other expense for the current quarter in 2019 represents a loss on the early extinguishment of debt. Other expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 also includes the loss on Market Exits of \$18 million, primarily from the write-off of cumulative translation adjustments. Other expense for 2018 represents a loss on the early extinguishment of debt.

Income taxes

See Note 13 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.



Discontinued Operations

Discontinued operations includes the our Software Solutions business and Document Messaging Technology production mail business and supporting software (Production Mail Business), which was sold in July 2018. See Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Business Segment Results

Our reportable segments are Global Ecommerce, Presort Services and SendTech Solutions. Global Ecommerce and Presort Services comprise the Commerce Services reporting group. The principal products and services of each reportable segment are as follows:

Global Ecommerce: Includes the revenue and related expenses from products and services that enable domestic and cross-border ecommerce transactions, including shipping, fulfillment and returns.

Presort Services: Includes revenue and related expenses from sortation services to qualify large volumes of First Class Mail, Marketing Mail and Bound and Packet Mail (Marketing Mail Flats and Bound Printed Matter) for postal worksharing discounts.

SendTech Solutions: Includes the revenue and related expenses from sending technology solutions for physical mailing, digital mailing and shipping, financing, services, supplies and other applications to help simplify and save on the sending, tracking and receiving of letters, parcels and flats.

Management measures segment profitability and performance using segment earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT). Segment EBIT is calculated by deducting from segment revenue the related costs and expenses attributable to the segment. Segment EBIT excludes interest, taxes, general corporate expenses, restructuring charges, asset impairment charges, goodwill impairment charges and other items not allocated to a particular business segment. Management believes that it provides investors a useful measure of operating performance and underlying trends of the business. Segment EBIT may not be indicative of our overall consolidated performance and therefore, should be read in conjunction with our consolidated results of operations.

Segment information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 is presented below:

	Revenue											
		Three Months I	Ended Septembe	r 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,							
	2019	2018	Actual % change	Constant currency % change	2019	2018	Actual % change	Constant currency % change				
Global Ecommerce	\$ 278,995	\$ 232,845	20 %	20 %	\$ 827,568	\$ 718,535	15 %	16 %				
Presort Services	131,483	125,334	5 %	5 %	394,468	382,522	3 %	3 %				
Commerce Services	410,478	358,179	15 %	15 %	1,222,036	1,101,057	11 %	11 %				
SendTech Solutions	379,647	402,102	(6)%	(5)%	1,151,746	1,253,051	(8)%	(7)%				
Total	\$ 790,125	\$ 760,281	4 %	4 %	\$ 2,373,782	\$ 2,354,108	1 %	2 %				

	EBIT											
	Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Months Ended September 30,					
		2019		2018	% change		2019		2018	% change		
Global Ecommerce	\$	(21,793)	\$	(14,330)	(52)%	\$	(51,969)	\$	(28,034)	(85)%		
Presort Services		17,687		17,435	1 %		48,215		57,026	(15)%		
Commerce Services		(4,106)		3,105	>(100%)		(3,754)		28,992	>(100%)		
SendTech Solutions		130,954		134,607	(3)%		378,095		412,427	(8)%		
Total Segment EBIT	\$	126,848	\$	137,712	(8)%	\$	374,341	\$	441,419	(15)%		



Global Ecommerce

Global Ecommerce revenue increased 20% in the quarter across all platforms, but primarily due to 11% growth in domestic parcel and fulfillment volumes and 9% growth in shipping solutions volumes. EBIT loss for the quarter increased to \$22 million compared to a loss of \$14 million in the prior year period primarily driven by a decline in margins resulting from a shift in the mix of business to faster growing, but lower margin services, facility investments and higher incremental fulfillment costs to bring on new clients. The EBIT loss was partially offset by volume growth in shipping API labels.

Global Ecommerce revenue increased 15% as reported and 16% at constant currency in the first nine months of 2019 primarily due to growth in domestic parcel and shipping solutions volumes of 12% and 6%, respectively, partially offset by a decline of 2% in cross border volumes. EBIT for the first nine months of 2019 was a loss of \$52 million compared to a loss of \$28 million in the prior year period. The higher loss was primarily driven by a decline in margins resulting from a shift in the mix of business to fast growing, but lower margin services, investments in new facilities and marketing programs and higher transportation, fulfillment and labor costs.

Presort Services

Presort Services revenue increased 5% in the quarter. Volumes processed increased 6% primarily due to First Class and Marketing Mail; however, lower revenue per piece adversely impacted revenue by 1%. EBIT was relatively flat compared to the prior year period, driven by higher revenue and \$4 million in lower labor costs per unit resulting from implemented productivity actions, offset by higher consulting fees of \$1 million and higher investments in the business of \$1 million.

Presort Services revenue increased 3% in the first nine months of 2019. Higher volumes of mail processed increased revenue 4%; however, lower revenue per piece adversely impacted revenue by 1%. EBIT decreased 15% in the first nine months of 2019. Higher consulting fees of \$4 million, higher transportation costs of \$3 million and higher bad debt expense of \$2 million were partially offset by lower labor costs per unit of \$4 million resulting from implemented productivity actions.

SendTech Solutions

SendTech Solutions revenue decreased 6% as reported and 5% at constant currency in the quarter, primarily due to:

- 2% from Market
- Exits;
- 2% from lower support services and 1% from lower supplies due to a declining meter population; and
- 1% from lower financing fees; offset
- by
- 1% from higher equipment sales primarily due to a large deal in France.

EBIT decreased 3% in the quarter, primarily due to a 7% decline in gross profit, driven by the decline in revenue, partially offset by lower operating expenses of \$15 million.

SendTech Solutions revenue decreased 8% as reported and 7% at constant currency in the first nine months of 2019, primarily due to:

- 2% from Market Exits:
- · 2% from lower support services and 1% from lower supplies due to a declining meter
- population;
- 1% from lower financing fees;
- and
- 1% from lower equipment sales primarily due to lower sales of our bottom-of-the-line products.

EBIT decreased 8% in first nine months of 2019, primarily due to a 10% decline in gross profit, primarily due to the decline in revenue, a charge of \$9 million related to a SendPro C tablet replacement program to address an underlying battery longevity issue and higher costs from trade tariffs of \$6 million, partially offset by lower operating expenses of \$47 million from cost savings initiatives.



LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We believe that existing cash and investments, cash generated from operations and borrowing capacity through the capital markets will be sufficient to support our current cash needs, including discretionary uses such as capital investments, dividends, strategic acquisitions and share repurchases. Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments were \$652 million at September 30, 2019 and \$927 million at December 31, 2018. We continuously review our credit profile through published credit ratings and the credit default swap market. We also monitor the creditworthiness of those banks acting as derivative counterparties, depository banks or credit providers.

Cash and cash equivalents held by our foreign subsidiaries were \$154 million at September 30, 2019 and \$189 million at December 31, 2018, and are generally used to support the liquidity needs of these subsidiaries.

Cash Flow Summary

Changes in cash and cash equivalents for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	2019	 2018	Change
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 182,284	\$ 258,570	\$ (76,286)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(201,681)	234,241	(435,922)
Net cash used in financing activities	(327,192)	(725,922)	398,730
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(5,822)	(15,653)	9,831
Change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (352,411)	\$ (248,764)	\$ (103,647)

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities in the first nine months of 2019 declined\$76 million compared to the prior year period. Cash flows from continuing operations decreased \$24 million, primarily due to lower income from continuing operations of \$100 million, partially offset by higher asset impairment charges of \$38 million, lower restructuring payments of \$20 million, a non-cash loss on Market Exits of \$18 million, and working capital changes of \$6 million, primarily related to the timing of payments of accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Cash flows from discontinued operations declined \$53 million as we entered into an agreement to sell our Software Solutions business in August 2019 and sold the Production Mail Business in July 2018.

Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities in the first nine months of 2019 was\$202 million, consisting primarily of capital expenditures of \$95 million, a \$22 million use of cash for a Presort acquisition, and net purchases of \$60 million from investment activities. Cash provided by investing activities in the first nine months of 2018 was \$234 million, consisting primarily of proceeds of \$340 million from the sale of the Production Mail Business, partially offset by capital expenditures of \$105 million.

Financing Activities

In the first nine months of 2019, cash used in financing activities included\$105 million to repurchase 18.6 million shares of common stock, debt repayments of \$203 million and \$27 million of common stock dividend payments.

In the first nine months of 2018, cash was used to repay\$565 million of debt and pay dividends of \$105 million. Cash used in financing activities was also impacted by the settlement of \$46 million related to a timing difference between our investing excess cash at the subsidiary level and our funding of an intercompany transfer at year end.

Financings and Capitalization

Through September 30, 2019, we repaid the remaining \$165 million of our \$200 million term loan and made \$38 million of scheduled payments under other term loans. In April 2019, Moody's lowered our corporate credit rating from Ba1 to Ba2. As a result, the interest rates on the May 2022 notes and September 2020 notes increased 0.25% since December 31, 2018, and the interest rates on the October 2021 notes and April 2023 increased 0.25% on October 1, 2019.

In November 2019, we repaid the \$150 million term loan due November 2019 and the remaining balance of the \$300 million term loan due December 2020, secured a new five-year \$400 million term loan and replaced our revolving credit facility scheduled to mature in January 2021 for \$500 million.

We are a "Well-Known Seasoned Issuer" within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Securities Act, which allows us to issue debt securities, preferred stock, preference stock, common stock, purchase contracts, depositary shares, warrants and units in an expedited fashion.



Dividends and Share Repurchases

In February 2019, our Board of Directors approved an incremental \$100 million for share repurchases, raising our authorization level to \$121 million. During the first nine months of 2019, we repurchased 18.6 million shares at an aggregate cost of \$105 million. At September 30, 2019, we had remaining authorization to repurchase up to \$16 million of our common shares. Also, during the first nine months of the year, we paid dividends of \$27 million. Each quarter, our Board of Directors considers our recent and projected earnings and other capital needs and priorities in deciding whether to approve the payment, as well as the amount, of a dividend. There are no material restrictions on our ability to declare dividends.

In June 2019, we redeemed of all of the outstanding shares of 4% Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock (Preferred Stock) and \$2.12 Convertible Preference Stock (Preferred Stock). The redemption of these shares did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At September 30, 2019, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Goodwill

Based on the year-to-date operating results of our Global Ecommerce reporting unit, we performed a goodwill impairment test to assess the adequacy of the carrying value of goodwill. As a result of our test, we determined that the estimated fair value of the reporting unit exceeded its carrying value by less than 20%. The assumptions used to estimate fair value were based on projections incorporated in our current operating plans as well as other available information. By their nature, projections are uncertain. Potential events and circumstances, such as declining revenue, loss of client contracts and inability to acquire new clients could have an adverse effect on our assumptions.

The goodwill balance related to the Global Ecommerce reporting unit atSeptember 30, 2019 was \$609 million. We will continue to monitor and evaluate the carrying value of goodwill for this reporting unit, and should facts and circumstances change, a non-cash impairment charge could be recorded in the future.

Regulatory Matters

There have been no significant changes to the regulatory matters disclosed in our2018 Annual Report.

Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There were no material changes to the disclosures made in our2018 Annual Report.

Item 4: Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to reasonably ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), to allow timely decisions regarding disclosures.

With the participation of our CEO and CFO, management evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) and internal controls over financial reporting. Our CEO and CFO concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, such disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the required time periods. In addition, no changes in internal control over financial reporting occurred during the quarter covered by this report that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting. It should be noted that any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions designed to obtain reasonable (and not absolute) assurance as to its effectiveness, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals. Notwithstanding this caution, the CEO and CFO have reasonable assurance that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2019.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1: Legal Proceedings

See Note 14 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 1A: Risk Factors

There were no material changes to the risk factors identified in our2018 Annual Report.

Item 2: Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Repurchases of Equity Securities

We periodically repurchase shares of our common stock in the open market to manage the dilution created by shares issued under employee stock plans and for other purposes. In February 2019, the Board of Directors approved an additional \$100 million for share repurchases giving us the ability to repurchase up to \$121 million of our shares.

The following table provides information about purchases of our common stock during thethree months ended September 30, 2019:

	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (in thousands)
Beginning balance				\$21,022
July 1, 2019 - July 31, 2019	1,160,123	\$ 4.31	1,160,123	\$16,022
August 1, 2019 - August 31, 2019	—	\$ —	—	\$16,022
September 1, 2019 - September 30, 2019	—	\$ —	—	\$16,022
	1,160,123	\$ _	1,160,123	

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Item 6: Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description	Exhibit Number in this Form 10-Q
2.1	Stock and Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 23, 2019, between Pitney Bowes Inc. and Starfish Parent, LP* (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Form 8-K filed with the Commission on August 27, 2019)	2.1
3(i)(a)	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Pitney Bowes Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i)(a) to the Form 8-K filed with the Commission on September 30, 2019)	3(i)(a)
3	Pitney Bowes Inc. Amended and Restated By-laws effective May 13, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 to the Form 8-K filed with the Commission on May 15, 2013)	3
10(a)	Second Amendment to the \$150,000,000 Term Loan Facility, dated as of July 19, 2019, by and between the company and the Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi-UFJ, Ltd. (Exhibit 10(a))	10(a)
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended	31.1
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended	31.2
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350	32.1
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350	32.2
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document	
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document	
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document	
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document	
104	The cover page from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, formatted in Inline XBRL. (included as Exhibit 101).	
	em 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K, certain exhibits and schedules have been omitted. The registrant hereby agrees to furnish a copy of any omitted attachment to the SEC upon request.	I

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<u>Signatures</u>

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

Date: November 5, 2019

/s/ Stanley J. Sutula III

Stanley J. Sutula III Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ Joseph R. Catapano

Joseph R. Catapano Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer) SECOND AMENDMENT dated as of July 19, 2019 (this "<u>Amendment</u>") to the TERM LOAN FACILITY AGREEMENT dated as of August 30, 2017 (the "<u>Term Loan Agreement</u>") between PITNEY BOWES INC., a corporation duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware (the "<u>Borrower</u>") and MUFG BANK, LTD., f/k/a The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. (the "<u>Lender</u>").

WHEREAS, the parties hereto have agreed to amend the Term Loan Agreement as set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual agreements herein contained and other good and valuable consideration, the sufficiency and receipt of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

SECTION 1. <u>Defined Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein (including in the recitals hereto) have the meanings assigned to them in the Term Loan Agreement.

SECTION 2. <u>Amendments of the Term Loan Agreement</u>. Effective on the Amendment Effective Date (as defined herein), the Term Loan Agreement is amendment as follows:

(a) Section 1(g) is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the language "[Intentionally Omitted]";

(b) Section 4(a)(2) of is amended by adding the following provisio at the end of such section as follows: "all the covenants and agreements applicable to it contained in Section 8 (Covenants) of the Incorporated Agreement; **provided**, <u>however</u> that if the Borrower's obligations under the Incorporated Agreement are secured pursuant to Section 8.04(n) of the Incorporated Agreement, then the obligations of the Borrower under this Agreement shall be simultaneously secured on an equal and ratable basis under documentation (including any required amendments or consents to the Incorporated Agreement) approved in writing by the Lender (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned);"

sentence:

(c) The definition of "Maturity Date" in Exhibit A is amended in its entirety and replaced with the following

"November 29, 2019, provided that if such date is not a Business Day, the Maturity Date shall be the immediately preceding Business Day."

SECTION 3. <u>Representations and Warranties</u>. To induce the Lender to enter into this Amendment, the Company represents and warrants to the Lender that this Amendment has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company and constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms, subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other laws affecting creditors' rights generally and to general principles of equity, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law.

SECTION 4. <u>Effectiveness</u>. This Amendment shall become effective as of as of the date hereof (the "<u>Amendment</u> <u>Effective Date</u>") subject to the satisfaction of the following conditions precedent on or prior to the Effective Date:

- (a) Each party hereto shall have executed and delivered this Amendment; and
- (b) The Borrower shall pay to the Lender for its account an upfront fee equal to \$50,000.00.

SECTION 5. <u>Effect of Amendment.</u> Except as expressly set forth herein, this Amendment shall not by implication or otherwise limit, impair, constitute a waiver of or otherwise affect the rights and remedies of the Lender under the Term Loan Agreement or any other Loan Document, and shall not alter, modify, amend or in any way affect any of the terms, conditions, obligations, covenants or agreements contained in the Term Loan Agreement or any other Loan Document, all of which are ratified and affirmed in all respects and shall continue in full force and effect. This Amendment shall apply and be effective only with respect to the provisions of the Term Loan Agreement specifically referred to herein. This Amendment shall constitute a Loan Document. On and after the Amendment Effective Date, any reference to the Term Loan Agreement contained in the Loan Documents shall mean the Term Loan Agreement as modified hereby.

SECTION 6. <u>Counterparts.</u> This Amendment may be executed in counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page of this Amendment by facsimile or other electronic transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Amendment.

SECTION 7. <u>Governing Law.</u> THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

SECTION 8. <u>Headings</u>. The headings of this Amendment are for purposes of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the meaning hereof.

[Remainder of this page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed by their respective authorized officers as of the day and year first above written.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

By

Name: Title:

By

Name: Title:

MUFG BANK, LTD.

by

Name: Title:

[Signature Page to Second Amendment]

SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Marc B. Lautenbach, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pitney Bowes Inc.:
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2019

/s/ Marc B. Lautenbach

Marc B. Lautenbach President and Chief Executive Officer

SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Stanley J. Sutula III, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pitney Bowes Inc.:
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2019

/s/ Stanley J. Sutula III

Stanley J. Sutula III Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Pitney Bowes Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ende&eptember 30, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Marc B. Lautenbach, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Marc B. Lautenbach

Marc B. Lautenbach President and Chief Executive Officer Date: November 5, 2019

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany this report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company.

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Pitney Bowes Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ende&eptember 30, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Stanley J. Sutula III, Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Stanley J. Sutula III

Stanley J. Sutula III Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: November 5, 2019

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany this report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company.