UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed	by the Registrant ⊠
Filed	l by a Party other than the Registrant □
Chec	ek the appropriate box:
	Preliminary Proxy Statement
	Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
	Definitive Proxy Statement
\boxtimes	Definitive Additional Materials
	Soliciting Material under §240.14a-12 Pitney Bowes Inc. (Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)
	(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)
Payn	nent of Filing Fee (Check all boxes that apply):
\boxtimes	No fee required
	Fee paid previously with preliminary materials
	Fee computed on table in exhibit required by Item 25(b) per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11

In connection with its 2023 annual meeting of stockholders (the "Annual Meeting"), Pitney Bowes Inc. (the "Company") issued an investor presentation (the "Investor Presentation") on April 13, 2023. A copy of the Investor Presentation can be found below:	



Committed to shareholder value creation

April 2023



Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements

About Pitney Bowes

Pitney Bowes (NYSE:PBI) is a global shipping and mailing company that provides technology, logistics, and financial services to more than 90 percent of the Fortune 500. Small business, retail, enterprise, and government clients around the world rely on Pitney Bowes to remove the complexity of sending mail and parcels. For the latest news, corporate announcements and financial results visit https://www.pitneybowes.com/us/newsroom.html. For additional information visit Pitney Bowes at www.pitneybowes.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains "forward-looking statements" about the Company's expected or potential future business and financial performance. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about future revenue and earnings guidance and future events or conditions. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. In particular, we continue to navigate the impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic (Covid-19) as well as the risk of a global recession, and the effects that they may have on our and our clients' business. Other factors which could cause future financial performance to differ materially from expectations, and which may also be exacerbated by Covid-19 or the risk of a global recession or a negative change in the economy, include, without limitation, declining physical mail volumes; changes in postal regulations or the operations and financial health of posts in the U.S. or other major markets or changes to the broader postal or shipping markets; the loss of, or significant changes to, United States Postal Service (USPS) commercial programs, or our contractual relationships with the USPS or USPS' performance under those contracts; our ability to continue to grow and manage volumes, gain additional economies of scale and improve profitability within our Global Ecommerce segment; changes in labor and transportation availability and costs; and other factors as more fully outlined in the Company's 2022 Form 10-K Annual Report and other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Pitney Bowes assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained in this document as a result of new information, events or developments.

Important Additional Information and Where to Find It

Pitney Bowes has filed a definitive proxy statement (the "Proxy Statement") and other documents with the SEC in connection with its solicitation of proxies from shareholders in respect of the Annual Meeting. BEFORE MAKING ANY VOTING DECISION, INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS ARE URGED TO READ ALL RELEVANT DOCUMENTS, INCLUDING PITNEY BOWES' PROXY STATEMENT AND ANY AMENDMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTS THERETO AND THE ACCOMPANYING GOLD PROXY CARD, FILED WITH THE SEC WHEN THEY BECOME AVAILABLE BECAUSE THEY CONTAIN, OR WILL CONTAIN, IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT PITNEY BOWES. Shareholders may obtain free copies of the Proxy Statement and other relevant documents that Pitney Bowes files with the SEC and on Pitney Bowes' website at www.sec.gov.

Table of contents

Executive summary	4
Introduction to today's Pitney Bowes	11
The transformation of Pitney Bowes	18
Our roadmap remains the right strategy to deliver shareholder value	40
Highly-regarded Board and corporate governance practices	46
Hestia's proxy contest is misleading and misinformed with a value- destructive strategy	63
Concluding remarks	91
Appendix	95

3

Executive summary



PBI is transforming the business and positioning it for sustainable growth and long-term shareholder value



Our Board and management had to undertake a significant transformation in the last 10 years to address structural business challenges



At the time Marc Lautenbach was appointed CEO in December 2012, we had a portfolio of disjointed businesses in decline, several of which were suffering from lack of investment in their product lines



Since then, Mr. Lautenbach's leadership has helped reduce debt by \$1.7BN, eliminate several hundred million dollars of expenses, return \$1.5BN of capital to shareholders, invest \$2.6BN in our businesses, and divest \$2.1BN of strategically incoherent, slower-growth businesses



Simplified business into 3 synergistic segments focused on reducing the complexity of mailing and shipping

- ✓ SendTech Reinvested to create a comprehensive letter mailing and parcel shipping solution
- √ Presort Invested through acquisitions and technology to enable growth in a declining environment
- ✓ Global Ecommerce (GEC) Built a new growth segment delivering \$1.6BN of revenue¹, which is on the path
 to profitability



We have undertaken significant Board refreshment with highly qualified and experienced directors, reducing our average director tenure from ~10 years at the end of 2015 to ~5 years² at conclusion of 2023 AGM

- √ 6 new independent directors have been added and 8 longer-tenured directors have stepped down
- Our slate includes 3 new director candidates, including Hestia's nominee Katie May, and 3 incumbents stepping down (including the Chairman), which exceeds the change Hestia initially asked for last Fall



Our Board and management incentives are aligned with shareholders

- √ All executive officers and directors as a group own 5% of PBI, including 2.9% held by Mr. Lautenbach
- √ Rigorous targets have ensured appropriate realized compensation is directly linked to performance.

PBI is transforming the business and positioning it for sustainable growth and long-term shareholder value (cont'd)

Our Board and CEO have overseen a significant transformation of the business for longterm success

- The current management inherited a disjointed portfolio of assets in declining markets in 2012

 since then, we have simplified our portfolio considerably, moving away from challenging industries and focusing on strategically coherent segments where we are positioned to win
- We have returned \$1.5BN of capital to shareholders in dividends and share repurchases, paid down \$1.7BN of debt since 2012 and eliminated several hundred million dollars of expenses
- . Simultaneously, we have invested \$2.6BN into organic and inorganic growth of our businesses
 - For SendTech and Presort, we have invested in new products and tuck-in acquisitions
 - With respect to GEC, we have grown the business at a ~23% CAGR between 2015 and 2022

Pitney Bowes has a strong foundation for sustainable long-term profitable growth and shareholder value creation for 2023 and beyond

- We have re-positioned the Company for long-term success as a shipping and logistics business comprised of a balanced portfolio of steady revenue and high-growth segments
 - Our SendTech and Presort segments continue to generate strong cash flow despite facing secular end market decline in the traditional mail industry – this is supported by our timely investments into network build-out, integrated SaaS-based offerings and expanded client relationships
 - At the same time, our high-growth GEC segment positions Pitney Bowes for its next phase of growth with a Total Addressable Market (TAM) of ~\$45BN¹
- Pitney Bowes has the opportunity to double its EBIT from 2022-2026 at long-term EBIT margins

PBI is transforming the business and positioning it for sustainable growth and long-term shareholder value (cont'd)

Today Pitney Bowes is an integrated mailing, shipping and ecommerce logistics solutions provider with significant financial services capabilities

- We have mitigated the persistent decline in revenues we faced a decade ago by strategically
 expanding into the shipping and ecommerce end market
- . Our active portfolio management has helped us create a simplified, focused business model
- We have transformed into a strategically coherent portfolio of cash-generating and growth assets

We are now realizing our strategic vision and have created the foundation to deliver long-term earnings growth and free cash flow

- Today, we have a balanced and coherent portfolio of businesses with the common goal of simplifying the complexities of mailing and shipping for our clients and real prospects for growth
- The success of our ongoing initiatives support our long-term strategy, and we aim to deliver long-term
 EBIT margins of ~30% for SendTech, ~15% for Presort and 6-8% for GEC by 2026
- . By delivering on our plan, we have the potential to double our EBIT by 2026

We have a highly regarded and significantly refreshed Board that possesses the right skills to oversee Pitney Bowes' longterm strategy

- Robust ongoing Board refreshment program; since 2015, we have added 6 independent directors while 8 longer-tenured directors have stepped down
- Our Board is comprised of highly qualified, diverse and engaged directors who possess the key skills Pitney Bowes requires
- Our governance practices are better than or in line with the broader market; ISS has assigned us the lowest level of governance risk
- All executive officers and directors as a group own 5% of PBI, including 2.9% held by Mr. Lautenbach

7

Hestia's proxy contest is misleading and misinformed with a value-destructive strategy



Hestia has rejected every offer of compromise and has instead continuously moved the "goalposts"



Hestia has offered no coherent strategy and has repeatedly shifted its proposals

 Hestia's "100-Day" plan only highlights vague platitudes, is not based on any factual or informed work and would risk significant business, employee and customer disruption



Hestia's "shrink GEC" strategy is value-destructive and would be highly destabilizing to Pitney Bowes, unraveling the significant network build-out, ecommerce logistics foothold and strong client relationships



Aside from Katie May, Hestia's director candidates have notably weaker business experience/credentials than the current Pitney Bowes Board



Hestia refuses to acknowledge our rigorous and positive Board changes – any further changes would destabilize the Board, which would impede our strategic progress and put shareholder value at risk

 If Hestia's slate is elected, 7 new directors out of 9 will have joined the Board in 2023, in addition to 4 new committee chairs, a new Chairman and a new CEO



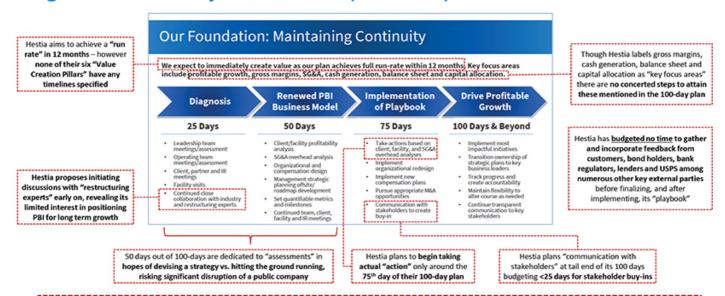
Despite claiming to have a qualified interim CEO candidate since December 2022, Hestia ultimately defaulted to one of its previously named director nominees (Lance Rosenzweig) as a last resort after a failed search

 He is not qualified to serve as a director of Pitney Bowes, much less as CEO, based on his track record of poor performance and weak corporate governance, as well as his lack of shipping and logistics experience



Kurt Wolf's GameStop experience underscores his single-minded focus on benefitting Hestia and its stakeholders

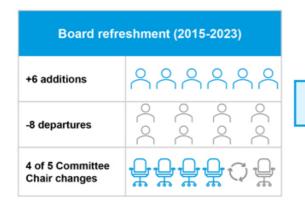
Hestia's "100-day plan" can more aptly be labeled as "give us 100 days to come up with a plan"



- Hestia's "100-day plan", which has been revealed to investors less than a month before the AGM, is a vague outline not based on any factual or informed work
- Hestia's "100-day" value creation strategy is a flimsy last-minute effort at best, particularly for an activist seeking majority board control and CEO replacement based on an 8.5% ownership
 - In a 116-page presentation, Hestia dedicates a grand total of 1 page to elaborating its 100-day plan...on page 84,
 70% through the presentation
 - This lone generic page could be dropped into any company's strategy document and it would fit right in place
- Overall Hestia's vague 100-day plan shows that they need that time to actually develop a plan

Source: Public filings

Our significant Board refreshment already exceeds Hestia's initial ask and any further near-term change would put PBI's operational stability and shareholder value at risk

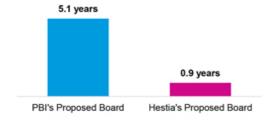




Our slate includes 3 new director candidates, including Hestia's nominee Katie May, and 3 incumbents stepping down (including the Chairman), which exceeds the amount of change Hestia initially asked for last Fall

Average director tenure reduced from ~10 years at the end of 2015 to ~5 years1 at conclusion of 2023 AGM

Average Board Tenure





If Hestia's slate is elected, it would destabilize the Board, which would impede our strategic progress and put shareholder value at risk - Hestia's proposed candidates possess no institutional knowledge of our business

Source: Company proxy, public filings Note: ¹ Average tenure calculated asse alculated assumes our recommended director nominees (including Katie May) are elected

Introduction to today's Pitney Bowes



Pitney Bowes today

Who we are and what we do

- Founded in 1920, we provide technology, logistics, and financial services – which reduce the complexity of sending mail and parcels
- We serve businesses of all sizes including more than 90% of the Fortune 500
- Headquartered in Stamford, CT employing ~11,000 people
- · Operates through three business segments:



 SendTech Solutions (SendTech): Physical, digital mailing and shipping technology solutions usually wrapped in a financial services arrangement



 Presort Services (Presort): Mail sortation services to qualify large volumes of mail for postal workshare discounts



 Global Ecommerce (GEC): Solutions for domestic retail and ecommerce shipping, fulfillment, returns and cross-border transactions

Financial overview 2022

\$3,538MM

Revenue

\$176MM

Net cash from operating activities

\$343MM / 10%

Adj. EBITDA1 / margin

\$14BN

Annual USPS throughput2

Shared value propositions across our businesses

(1)

Reducing the complexity of mailing and shipping



Strong & long-lasting partnership with the United States Postal Service (USPS)



Financing solutions across product portfolio



Leveraging common technology architecture

Our businesses in more detail





SendTech

Digital and physical: Shipping / mail / analytics Started in 1920





Presort services

Commingled: First Class Letter, Marketing Mail, and Flats Acquired in 2002

3



Global Ecommerce (GEC)

Domestic and cross-border parcel and technology services Expanded in 2012¹ \$1,360MM 38% of 2022 revenue



\$1,576MM 45% of 2022 revenue

- #1 global mailing and shipping hardware device provider
- 65-70% recurring revenue
- 900K+ sending devices and SaaS solutions with 150K+ paid SaaS subscribers
- 600K+ clients with ~90% retention rate
- Growth initiatives increasing at 20%+ annually
- #1 workshare partner of the USPS
- 16BN pieces of mail processed in 2022
- Volumes grew at 19% CAGR since 2008 vs. (39%) CAGR for USPS total mail volumes
- 2,500+ clients across diversified verticals
- Platform purpose-built for Business-to-Consumer (B2C) ecommerce
- ~200MM parcel volume exit rate in 2022
- 16 integrated national shipping hubs
- 600+ clients, incl. leading retailers and brands
- ~\$45BN current TAM with projected 14% CAGR (2022–2026)²

often accompanied by supporting financing offerings

Our segments are squarely focused on simplifying the complexity of mailing and shipping,

SendTech excels as a high-margin, recurring revenue business model serving a resilient and durable client base



- Reporting
- Data and analytics
- Support

 Business &

professional services

- .
- Market leader in capturing U.S. metered postage spend with 65-70% recurring revenue

#1 global sending devices market provider

- 900K+ sending devices and SaaS solutions with 150K+ paid SaaS subscribers
- √ 600K+ SendTech clients including large enterprises, Government and Fortune 500 companies
- ✓ Proprietary PitneyShip shipping software
- ✓ Best-in-class product security and technology
- √ 8+ years average customer relationship and ~90% retention rate
- 80%+ of transactions generated through tele / web sales channel
- √ \$1.2BN finance receivables portfolio
- Growth initiatives expanding at 20%+ annually and expected to comprise ~30% of total revenue by 2026

SendTech is a global technology solutions provider that simplifies shipping and mailing and is the leader in capturing postage market spend worldwide

Note: SaaS stands for 'Software-as-a-Service'; UI stands for 'User Interface'; API stands for 'Application Programming Interface'

Our financial services capabilities provide integral support to our SendTech shipping and mailing offerings

Integral financing support to SendTech services...



EQUIPMENT

~85% of customers

leverage our Global Financial Services (GFS) to purchase our products



POSTAGE

~75%

of customers utilize a deposit account or credit line from PB Bank to pay for postage



SHIPPING

Financing solutions for SMBs, highvolume shippers, carriers and 3PLs

Our bank is a regulated financial institution...



Operating Industrial Loan Company (ILC)



Lending institution



State chartered bank



merchant servicer



Deposit taking & FDIC insured



Customary cash

...with several areas of profitable growth









...maintaining required locked in cash balances

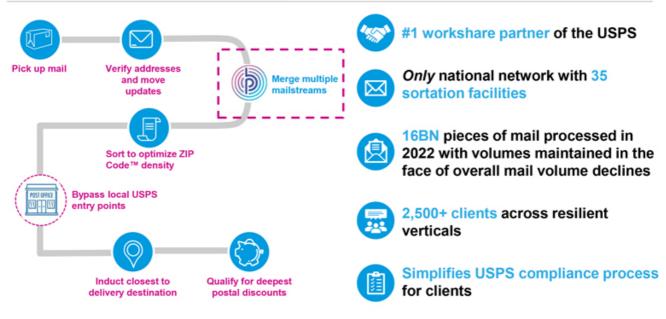
- Pitney Bowes Bank (PBB) is subject to customary reserve requirements for the amount of cash & cash equivalents
- Cash held at the bank is a portion of customer deposits and a significant amount cannot be withdrawn
- Our held cash is invested in accordance with regulations and market best practices

Our financing business holds \$1.2BN in finance receivables and generates \$275MM of financing revenue

Note: SMB stands for 'Small and Medium-sized Business

Our Presort segment is the largest USPS workshare partner and the only national outsourced mail network

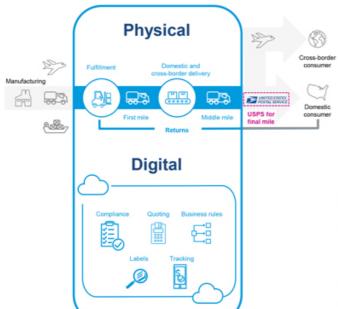
We play a critical role in mailing across the US



Presort revenues have grown in 9 of the last 10 years despite secular headwinds (2020 was the only declining year due to COVID-driven impact), underlining the strength and resiliency of our national network

We have built GEC into a leading ecommerce logistics player which leverages USPS connectivity for nationwide coverage

Critical presence in the logistics supply chain



Strategic national presence



- ~\$45BN current industry TAM projected to grow at
 - ~14% annually1
- Domestic, cross-border and digital solutions
- Full range of delivery, fulfilment and return services
- Critical fulfilment to middle-mile presence
- USPS relationship leveraged for capex-heavy final mile
- 600+ clients, incl. leading retailers and brands
- ~200MM domestic parcels exit rate in 2022

GEC is a leader in purpose-built solutions for B2C clients with fulfilment through middle-mile presence and partnership with USPS for the capex heavy final mile - creating an end-to-end ecommerce logistics player

Note: 1 As per Pitney Bowes Market Intelligence (2023), represents 2022-2026 TAM for Domestic Parcel, Cross-Border, Digital, and Fulfillment market

The transformation of Pitney Bowes



Our execution roadmap during Pitney Bowes' transformation

- Streamlined, restructured and enhanced a disjointed portfolio of assets in secular decline inherited by the current management in 2012 that now form a coherent business portfolio balanced between cash-generating and growth assets
- Thoughtful capital allocation and strong focus on balance sheet improvement with substantially reduced debt levels while still investing in the business
- Strategic investments in growth avenues to revive portfolio growth and reduce exposure to end markets that are declining in size
- Reinforced the durability and leadership of our SendTech and Presort businesses through timely organic and inorganic investments
- Our execution strategy is on the path to deliver long-term, sustainable shareholder value

Management inherited a disjointed portfolio of secularly declining assets in 2012

				-	weak = strong
As of 2012					
Business segments	Key offerings	Revenue (\$BN)	Technology facilitating mailing and shipping?	Market position	Growth outlook
Management Services (PBMS)	Mail rooms, facilities & document management, reprographic and eDiscovery	\$0.9	×		•
Marketing Services (Imagitas)	Direct marketing services	\$0.1	×		
Production mail (DMT)	Production mail systems and production print equipment	\$0.5	~		
Software	Enterprise data integrity and geolocation offerings	\$0.4	×		
Mail Services	Presort mail services & cross border mail services	\$0.4	✓		
North America Mailing	Domestic mail & ship equipment	\$1.8	✓		
International Mailing	International mail & ship equipment	\$0.7	✓		

The disjointed, declining portfolio inherited in 2012 made it imperative for the current management to focus on necessary divestments and investments to restructure our business into a simplified, cohesive portfolio

Note: DMT stands for 'Document Messaging Technology'; numbers may not sum to total 2012 revenue due to rounding

During our transformation, we shed businesses with secular headwinds and limited operating leverage potential

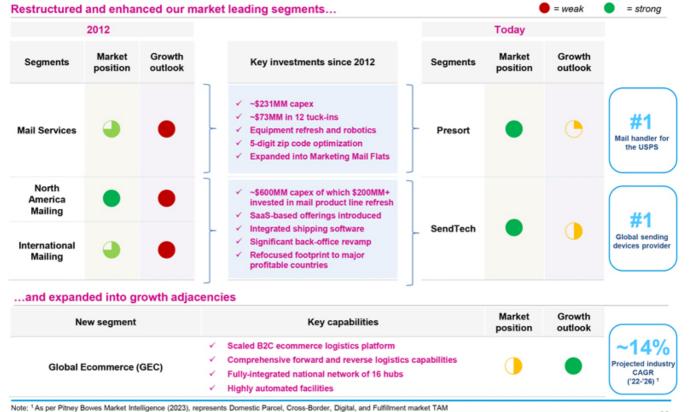
We have exited assets in challenging industries where we were not positioned to win

Business segments (2012)	Focus area	Technology facilitating mailing and shipping?	Market position	Growth outlook	Divestment year	Transaction value (\$BN)
Management Services (PBMS)	Business services	×			2013	\$0.4
Marketing Services (Imagitas)	Direct marketing	×			2015	\$0.3
Production mail (DMT)	Production mail	~			2018	\$0.4
Software	Software	×			2019	\$0.7

- ✓ We have divested businesses with poor fundamentals at a weighted average transaction multiple¹ of ~9.3x while our WholeCo. average LTM multiple was ~6.7x
- ✓ ~\$1.8BN in proceeds generated from divesting PBMS, Imagitas, DMT and Software were used to repay debt, invest in core portfolio including growth adjacencies, and return capital to shareholders

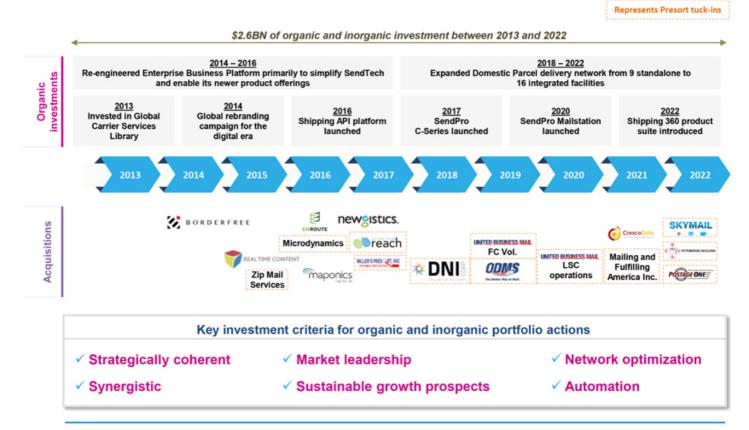
Note: 1 Weighted average by transaction value; Based on FY / EBITDA in CY preceding year of sale

We restructured and enhanced the remaining businesses with investments in improved product platforms and growth in important adjacencies



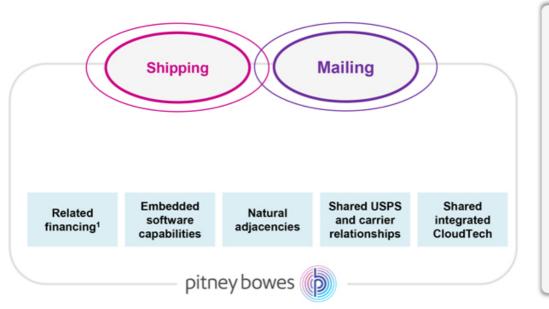
Note: 'As per Pitney Bowes Market Intelligence (2023), represents Domestic Parcei, Cross-Border, Digital, and Fulfillment market TAR

We have invested in balanced organic and inorganic growth of our mailing and shipping offerings



Today, we have a coherent and synergistic portfolio centered on reducing complexity in mailing and shipping

A simplified and focused business model



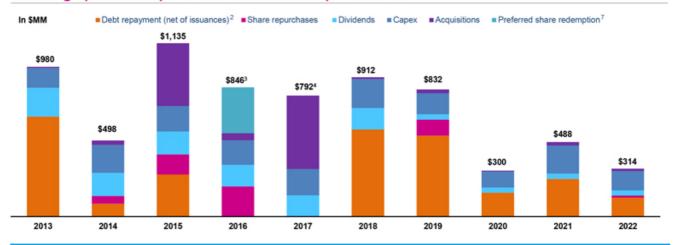
- Simplifying shipping decisions
- Streamlining end-to-end mailing processes
- Optimizing ecommerce operations

Balanced and disciplined capital allocation policy

Balanced stockholder returns, debt repayments and growth investments...



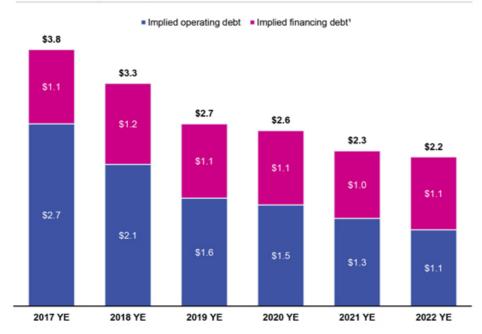
...through prudent capital allocation over the past decade



Note: 1 Net of debt issuances; 2 Represents years with net debt repayments only, Pitney Bowes had net debt issuances in 2016 and 2017; 3 ~\$417MM when including net debt issuance of \$488MM in 2017; 3 includes dividends plus share buybacks, \$1.88N total capital returned to shareholders when factoring in \$300MM preferred stock redemption of Pitney Bowes International Holdings (PBIH) in 2016; 4 Reported net cash from operating activities; 7 Redemption of Pitney Bowes International Holdings (PBIH) preferred stock; Numbers may not sum to due to rounding

Aggressive debt reduction has created strategic flexibility...

Total debt composition, \$BN



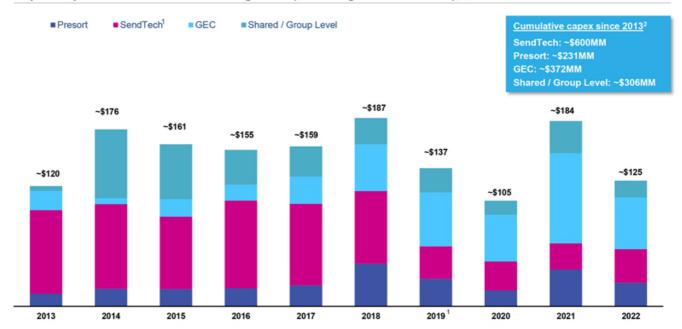
- Manageable debt profile
- ✓ Total debt reduction of \$1.7BN since 2012-22
- March 2021
 refinancing
 meaningfully extended
 our maturity profile
- ✓ We continue to opportunistically repurchase debt in the open market
- ✓ As of March 2023, we have only ~\$227MM of debt maturities until March 2026²

No large debt maturities until March 2026

Note: 1 Total finance receivables at 10:1 debt:equity ratio for 2017 - 2018 and 8:1 for 2019 -2022; 2 \$237MM as of 12/31/2023

...while we have deployed balanced organic investments across our business portfolio

Capital expenditures across current segments (excluding divested assets), \$MM



Investments in GEC have significantly enhanced our domestic parcel operations and capabilities, while our investments in modernizing our product portfolio and technology infrastructure has boosted growth potential for SendTech and Presort

Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding: 1 Lease accounting change: We adopted a new accounting standard effective 1/1/2019 that changed, among other things, how certain rental assets were accounted for, which resulted in no change in free cash flow and lower capex in SendTech; 2 Shareholder letter update: A shareholder letter dated 3/14/2023 inadvertently stated total organic and inorganic investment over the last 10 years in SendTech and Presort at ~\$600MM. This should instead be total organic investment over the last 10 years in SendTech and Presort of ~\$800MM. This clerical error has been rectified in revised letter filed on 4/10/2023.

Since 2012, we have eliminated several hundred million dollars of expenses

Our SG&A as % of revenue has declined from ~39% in 2012 to ~26% in 2022



Our current SG&A expense ratio is within range of our peers²

Unallocated corporate expenses are linked to providing service to all business segments

Breakup of unallocated expenses within SG&A



- Given multiple shared aspects between segments including HR, marketing, finance and tech & innovation, centralized management of such functional services drives efficiencies
- Only a small portion of the unallocated expenses are corporate overheads

Our SG&A expense ratio has improved significantly over the last 10 years and we continue to drive productivity through improved technology infrastructure and disciplined expense management

Note: SG&A stands for 'Selling, General and Administrative' expenses; ¹Represents reported SG&A including restatements; ²As compared to Form 10K peers who report selling, general and administrative expenses.

GEC

We have executed crucial strategic initiatives to revitalize and drive continued growth in SendTech

Focus area

Strategic

initiatives



Revitalized core mailing product portfolio

- \$600MM in capex since 2013
 - \$200MM+ invested in mail product line refresh
- Award winning differentiated products
 - · Postage-in-the-cloud technology
 - Integrated mailing / shipping offerings
 - · Analytic capabilities
- Increased retention and diversified revenue streams
- Enabled capture of new value
 - · Shipping on our devices
 - · New analytic capabilities

Outcome



- 40%+ of SendTech North America revenue in 2022 generated by new products vs. 3% in 2012
- Refreshed product line with SaaSbased offerings

Growth prospects



Halfway through refresh of install base, securing recurring revenue and furthering equipment sales Expanded TAM into growing shipping software space with focused and competitive strategy

- Introduction of new shipping software, PitneyShip, which has expanded SendTech's TAM by ~50% over the past 5 years
- Focused on the Enterprise Office environment with competitive advantages (e.g., existing clients, mail + shipping capabilities, our enterprise-class platform)
- Offerings have leveraged shared technology and capabilities powering SendTech and GEC (Global Carrier Library, Tracking Capabilities, Relationship with USPS)
- 22% growth in shipping-related revenues in 2022
- 150K+ paid subscriptions, growing at 20%+ annually
- √ 50% increase in the attractive enterprise client segment in 2022

Outperforming market growth rates in our targeted verticals; natural adjacency with 600K+ clients Evolved Go-To-Market (GTM) to drive efficiency in core offerings and capitalize on growth initiatives

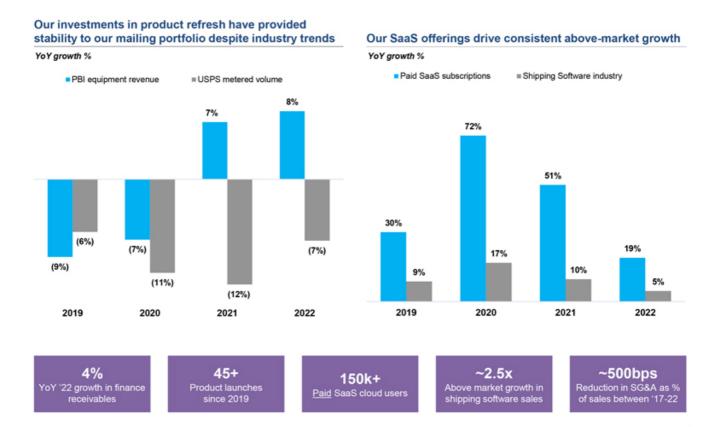
- Award winning customer service
- · Enhanced core client segmentation
- Built contemporary inside and digital channels that create efficient reach across core portfolio
 - 80% of transactions are via digital and tele channels
- IoT-connected devices enable remote diagnostics and self-service
- Expanding relationships and growth opportunities within existing client base
- Created dedicated shipping GTM team and realigned incentives towards growth initiatives
- Enterprise Sales teams are expanding relationships across 90% of Fortune 500 and government clients
- Lowered SG&A expense as a % of revenue by 500 basis points over the past 5 years

40% of GTM resources are now aligned to growth initiatives

Note: IoT stands for 'Internet of Things'

SendTech Presort GEC

SendTech's successful repositioning has fueled its profitable growth, despite declines in the traditional mailing industry



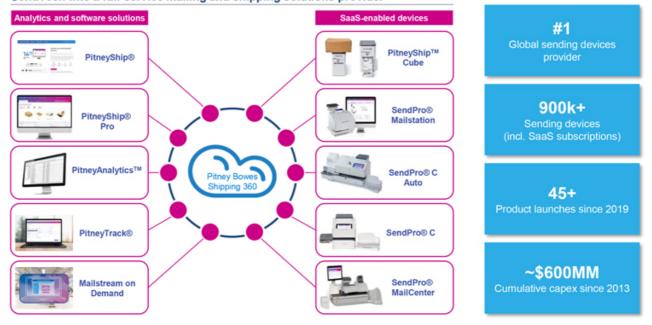
Source: USPS; Pitney Bowes Market Intelligence, Colography Group

SendTech Presort

esort GEC

Our investments in SendTech have repositioned it to provide solutions to an increasingly digitalized world

Investments in SaaS-based devices and cloud software have transformed SendTech into a full-service mailing and shipping solutions provider



We have expanded our TAM by ~50% over the past 5 years and have repositioned SendTech into larger markets with higher growth, strong margins and recurring revenue potential

GEC

Opportunistic M&A, network investment and an expanded product portfolio drive Presort's growth in a declining market

Focus area

Portfolio

actions



Achieving solid growth via organic customer acquisition and highly accretive M&A

- Completed 34 acquisitions since initially entering the space with the acquisition of PSI in 2002; 12 acquisitions in the past 7 years
- Disciplined approach to acquisitions with excellent track record of successful integrations
- · Standardization benefits

Drove efficiencies through network optimization and investment in automation

- Continuously optimized national network to achieve maximum 5-digit qualification
- Replaced ~30% of outdated sorters with fewer and more efficient current generation sorters in the last two years
- Added auto-sleevers and piloting robotics to drive future efficiency gains

Expand offering portfolio into Marketing Mail Flats

- Entered Marketing Mail Flat (MMF) market, increasing Presort TAM by ~50%
- Cross-selling benefits with ability to sort all mail classes for clients
- Network and shared labor operational synergies with core offering

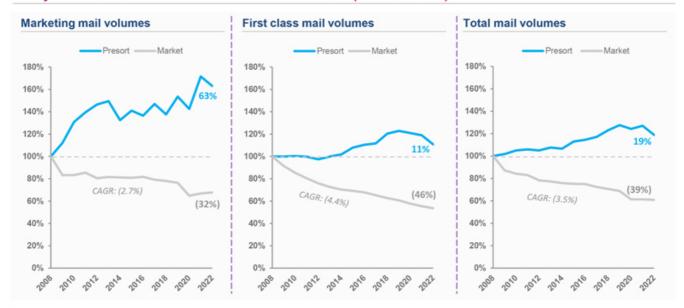
Outcome



Grew revenue from \$430MM in 2012 to \$602MM in 2022, despite secular headwinds Productivity improved by 11% over the past 2 years, mitigating inflationary wage pressures Added several major anchor customers and grew business by 44% CAGR since 2018

Market leading position in Presort with growing revenue base despite secular challenges

Pitney Bowes Presort vs. USPS mail volumes since 2008 (rebased to 100)



- We have invested \$73MM in 12 tuck-ins and \$231MM of capex into Presort since Mr. Lautenbach began as CEO with 3 tuck-ins in 2022 alone
- Our organic and inorganic investments into Presort's network have helped grow market share and remain the largest USPS workshare partner with the <u>only national network</u>

Source: USPS; Note: Total mail volumes represents total of marketing mail and first class mail volumes

The Newgistics acquisition complemented our ecommerce portfolio, adding domestic parcel logistics services

GEC pre-Newgistics

Cross-border

- √ 200+ global destinations
- Fully tracked services
- Limited market
- x Low competitiveness vs. peers with domestic offerings

Expedited (Digital)

- Global label printing capabilities
- Integrated into workflows of large customers
- × Heavily reliant on USPS reseller rates

Newgistics (2017)

Fulfilment

- 2 regional warehouses
- × Manual sorting and limited integration
- × Subscale fulfilment capabilities (automation)

Forward Logistics

- ✓ Inject into USPS for final mile
- √ 7 regional facilities (for deliveries and returns)
- × Nascent stage with largely manual operations
- Limited coverage and tracking capabilities

Returns & Reverse Logistics

- ✓ One of the original reverse logistics providers to USPS network
- Strong market presence
- Outdated technology
- × Limited integration with manual operations
- × High customer concentration

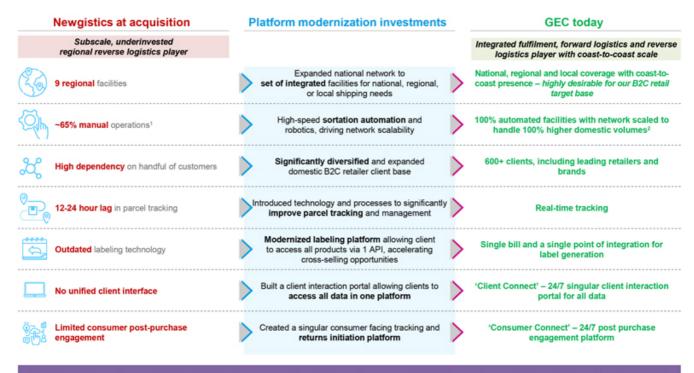
Post-Newgistics, GEC in 2017 offered full suite of solutions for B2C ecommerce logistics; further benefits were derived as Newgistics leveraged USPS, Pitney Bowes's longstanding partner, for last mile connectivity

SendTech

Presort

GEC

We knew the Newgistics platform required investment to meet the evolving needs of our targeted B2C clientele



We have transformed Newgistics from a regional, largely manual business to an integrated and automated platform with coast-to-coast national presence, serving holistic needs of our B2C retail client base

SendTech

Presort

GEC

Supported by our investments, GEC has seen considerable improvements in operating and financial KPIs

Our performance metrics speak for themselves • On time delivery improved from 78% in March 2022 to 90%+ currently Improvements are driving higher service level performance 2 days faster average domestic delivery time in 2022 vs. 2021 Customer loyalty, measured by Net Promoter Score (NPS), improved by 23 points YoY in 2022 Higher service levels enhancing value Revenue churn declined from 17% in 2021 to 8% in 2022 proposition and more volumes 90+ new domestic parcel contract signings in 2022 Higher volumes are driving operating

leverage in our network

Unit gross profit improved by \$0.34 YoY in 2022

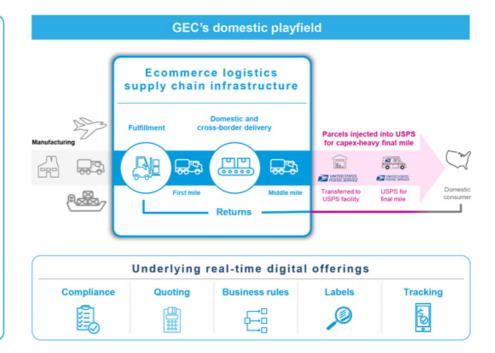
More efficient network management and improved tracking experience

 Consumer tracking event speed improved from 12-24 hours at Newgistics acquisition to within seconds currently

We have turned the Newgistics platform into a leading B2C ecommerce logistics provider with best-in-class service, predictable costs and a growing client base

GEC is purpose built for B2C ecommerce, with an assetlight business model leveraging USPS for last mile delivery

- Purpose-built platform for B2C ecommerce logistics (1-5 lbs parcels)
- Leveraged Newgistics' underlying infrastructure to develop adjacent Forward Logistics capability (which is 3X larger than returns)
- Differentiated by "Designed Ecommerce" – brands create their own individualized package and tracking experience around our BoxTools platform
- Maintains focus on the underserved middle-market B2C ecommerce space rather than competing directly against the UPS/FedEx duopoly in B2B arena



GEC has a focused strategy targeting the B2C ecommerce logistics subset of the overall parcels industry, where our partnership with USPS and brand-oriented value proposition creates a differentiated offering

With domestic network virtually complete, strong service levels and new client wins create operating leverage

GEC's financial outlook

- Financial performance is expected to be driven by improvements in Domestic Parcel volumes and margin expansion
- ✓ Run-rate volumes exiting 2022 were ~200MM; additional uplift expected in 2023 from existing implementation pipeline and new client additions
- ✓ We expect Domestic Parcel gross margin improvement of up to 400 basis points in 2023, driven by:
 - Incremental volumes, increasing operating leverage
 - Continued labor and transportation efficiencies

GEC's domestic network build-out with 16 hubs is virtually complete



With majority of upfront capex on domestic network built-out completed, our network is operating with predictable cost and reliable service – positioning us for growth and margin expansion as volumes increase

We now have a complementary, balanced business portfolio that is poised to deliver profitable revenue growth

	SendTech 38% of 2022 revenue	+	Presort 17% of 2022 revenue	+	GEC 45% of 2022 revenue
Strategic focus	Recurring revenue business model with a substantially enhanced TAM		Market leading position with growing revenue base in a declining market		Excellent foothold in a high growth sector
Market position	Largest provider of global sending devices		Largest US public mail handler		Expanding market share
Infrastructure base	900K+ sending devices (65-70% recurring revenue)		Only national network for outsourced mail		17 ecommerce logistics facilities ¹
Growth outlook	Flat to low single digit		Flat to low single digit		~14% projected industry CAGR ('22E – '26E) ²
Long-term EBIT margin profile	~30%		~15%		6% - 8%
	FCF source with growth potential		FCF source with growth potential		Growth engine

Pitney Bowes has the opportunity to double its EBIT from 2022 to 2026 at long-term EBIT margins

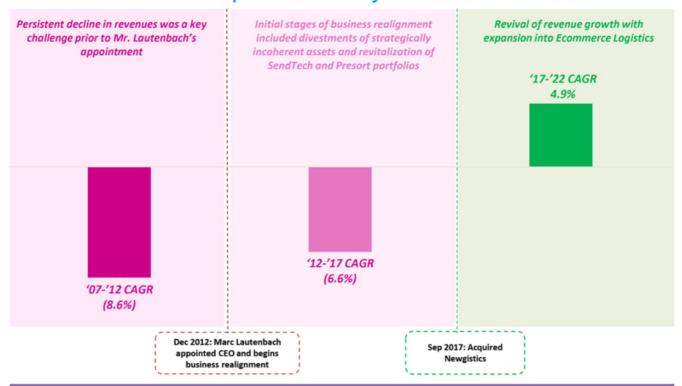
Our roadmap remains the right strategy to deliver shareholder value



Our timely actions have shielded us relative to the unfavorable macro trends our traditional end markets faced

- Through our strategic initiatives, we have transformed our business from one of shrinking to growing revenues, and created a strategically coherent portfolio that is now on the cusp of sustainable profitable growth
- We acknowledge our TSR has underperformed against traditional comparables during our business transformation; however, we believe that similar to other industries in transformation, our actions were necessary for our long-term viability
- We believe that bold and timely strategic actions have shielded us against steeper TSR erosion driven by unfavorable macro trends in our traditional end markets
- As our strategic realignment nears completion, our market perception is poised to move away from just a 'legacy' mail player to an integrated mailing, shipping and ecommerce logistics solutions provider
- We remain confident in our ability to deliver our targeted 2026 margin profile for our segments, which has the opportunity to double Pitney Bowes' EBIT and have a positive impact on share price

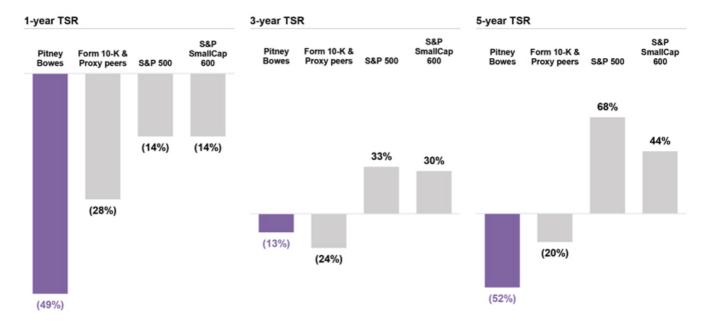
In transformation, we have moved from a negative five-year CAGR of 8.6% to a positive five-year CAGR of 4.9%



Mr. Lautenbach has maintained focus on rightsizing and repivoting Pitney Bowes into growing end markets since his appointment in December 2012

We acknowledge our TSR has underperformed against traditional comparables during our business transformation...

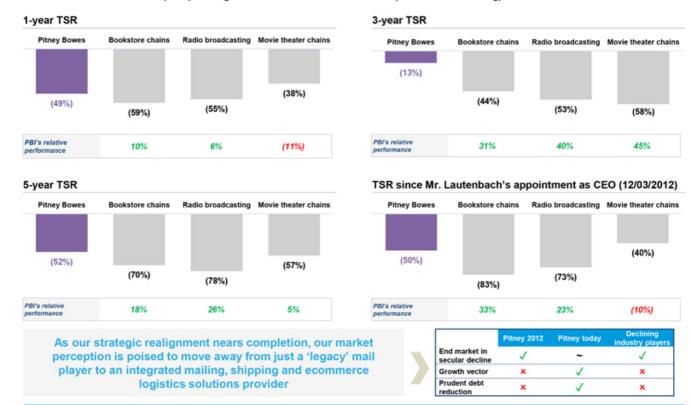
Total Shareholder Returns (TSR) through unaffected date of 11/18/2022 (Schedule 13D filing)



Source: FactSet; Note: Group medians represented; Form 10-K & Proxy peers: Acco Brands, Bread Financial, Avery Dennison, Cimpress, Deluxe Corporation, Diebold Nixdorf, Etsy, Fidelity National, Fiserv, Hub Group, NCR Corporation, Overstock.com, Rockwell Automation, Ryder System, Schneider National, Western Union, W.W. Grainger, Xerox

...however, similar to other industries in transformation, our actions were necessary for our long-term viability

Total Shareholder Returns (TSR) through unaffected date of 11/18/2022 (Schedule 13D filing)



Source: FactSet; Note: Group medians represented are **Bookstore chains**: Barnes & Nobel, Indigo Books & Music; **Radio broadcasting**: Audacy, Beasley Broadcast, Salem Media Group, Cumulus Media, Townsquare Media, MediaCo Holding; **Movie theater chains**: AMC Entertainment, IMAX, Cineworld, Everyman Media, Reading International, Cinemark

We remain confident in our ability to deliver our targeted 2026 margin profile for our segments



SendTech and Presort provide a strong and durable foundation to our business with sizable upside potential from GEC...

...providing the opportunity to double Pitney Bowes' EBIT...

...and have a positive impact on share price

Highly-regarded Board and corporate governance practices



We have a highly-regarded and significantly refreshed Board that possesses the right skills to oversee Pitney Bowes' long-term strategy

- Our governance practices are better than or in line with the broader market; ISS has assigned us the lowest level of governance risk
- Robust ongoing Board refreshment program; since 2018, we have added 6 independent directors¹ while 8 longer-tenured directors have stepped down we have made significant change while maintaining the appropriate balance of institutional knowledge
- Our Board is comprised of highly-qualified and diverse directors who actually possess the key skills Pitney Bowes requires
- Our robust compensation structure directly links to performance, aligning management and shareholder interests
- Our Board and management are highly engaged and oversee leading environmental and social practices

Note: ¹ Count includes Katie May

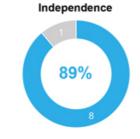
Our governance practices are better than or in line with the broader market

Governance provision Annually elected Board	% of S&P 600 with provision 65%	Better than or in line with market practices?	Independent third-party proxy advisor ISS ranks PBI as best-in-class, indicating the lowest level of governance risk
No dual-class stock	94%	✓	ISS QualityScore pitneybowes
Majority vote standard for Charter amendments	46%	✓	Overall 1
Majority vote standard for Bylaw amendments	62%	✓	Shareholder rights 2
Directors can be removed with or without cause	59%	✓	Board structure 1
Majority vote standard in uncontested director elections	55%	✓	Compensation 2
No poison pill in place	98%	✓	Audit & risk oversight 3
			1 10 Lowest risk Highest risk

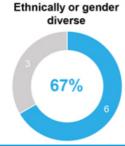
Source: FactSet, public filings, ISS

Overview of our Board¹ and our approach to Board

composition







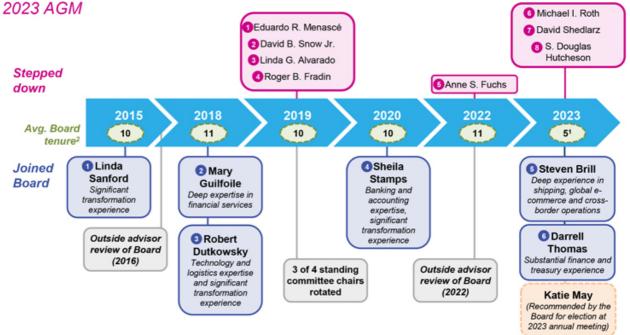
Overview of Board approach to composition

- ✓ Board composition is reviewed regularly, with the goal of aligning directors' skills and expertise with PBI's long-term strategy, while ensuring appropriate balance of institutional knowledge
- ✓ Regular cadence of independent review of our Board members by outside advisors
- ✓ After bringing stability to PBI's strategy, in 2018 the Board reassessed its approach to its composition
 - Set new goal of having a mix of shorter, medium and longer-tenured directors, but without any explicit guidelines
- ✓ Robust director search process resulted in new directors with highly relevant qualifications to increase shareholder value and enhance the Board's ability to oversee Pitney Bowes' transformation and long-term strategy, including:
 - · Portfolio simplification
 - · Debt reduction
 - Development of GEC

Source: Company proxy; Note: 1 Figures assume election of Katie May

Robust ongoing Board refreshment program while ensuring appropriate continuity...

6 independent directors added and 8 longer-tenured directors have stepped down. reducing average tenure from ~11 years at the end of 2018 to ~5 years1 at conclusion of



Members of the Board and Governance Committee (incl. Anne Busquet, Bob Dutkowsky and Linda Sanford), spearheaded recent refreshment efforts, which resulted in the addition of new highly-qualified and engaged directors

Source: Company proxy

Note: 1 Director additions and average tenure calculated assumes our recommended director nominees (including Katie May) are elected; 2 Average tenure calculated at end of each respective year, 50 except for 2023, which is calculated assuming our recommended director nominees (including Katie May) are elect

...resulting in a Board that is comprised of highly-qualified and engaged directors

Director



Steven Brill Retired President of Corporate Strategy, United Parel Service

Vote at 2022 AGM:

Key experience / qualifications

- Retired from UPS in 2020, where he last served as the President of Corporate Strategy, working on the long-term direction of the enterprise to drive sustainable profitable growth. This included developing strategic imperatives as well as organic and M&A strategies across global markets, business units, and verticals.
- Over 33 years experience in logistics and e-Commerce, serving in a variety of transformational leadership roles at UPS, including the head of a \$4 billion cost reduction program that funded the company's investment in healthcare, eCommerce, small & medium size business and international expansion.
- Prior to this, he served as the Vice President of Global Retail and B2C strategy, where he led the organization's transition to a majority eCommerce provider and positioned UPS for growth in the rapidly evolving retail and consumer goods marketplace.
- UPS career included various leadership positions in logistics, operations, marketing, sales, and strategy.



Anne M. Busquet Principal, AMB Advisors, LLC

Beneficially owns 142,064 PBI shares

Vote at 2022 AGM: 95%

- · 30 years of experience as a senior public company executive in interactive service initiatives, financial services, digital and business development, and marketing at leading companies, including American Express and InterActive Corp.
- · Recognized for her substantial operational experience, including in international markets, marketing channels, emerging technologies and services, and product development.
- · Served on eight public company boards throughout her career



Non-Executive Chairman of the Board, US Foods

Beneficially owns 109,617 PBI shares

Vote at 2022 AGM:

- Robert M. Dutkowsky Expertise developed as the Chair and CEO of several supply chain companies in other industries, including one of the world's largest, allowing him to provide an invaluable perspective to Pitney Bowes related to finance, management, operations, and risk
 - Possesses broad global business, industry, and operational experience and is highly skilled at viewing the technology industry from a variety of perspectives.
 - · Extensive corporate governance expertise, having served on nine public company boards throughout his career.
 - · Served as the Chair of five public companies and CEO of three.















Committee Source: Company proxy

...resulting in a Board that is comprised of highly-qualified and engaged directors (cont'd)

Director



Mary J. Steele Chair, MG Advisors,

Beneficially owns 123.552 PBI shares

Vote at 2022 AGM:

Key experience / qualifications

- Financial Services executive for 25 years on Wall Street, including at JP Morgan Chase, and other financial services firms. Has relevant industry experience, serving on the board of C.H. Robinson Worldwide, a logistics company, since 2012
- Gained expertise through positions as treasurer, CFO, COO, Chief of Strategy, and as a private placement deal person. Possesses valuable expertise and know-how in areas including accounting, risk management, and auditing, and has worked in various merger integration, executive management, and strategic planning positions.
- Extensive experience serving on Board Audit Committees, including for Pitney Bowes, Mary also serves as Chair of the Audit Committee for The Interpublic Group of Companies and DUFRY AG, respectively, and is a CPA - which she continues to maintain.
- · Served on a total of seven public company boards throughout her career.



President and CEO, Pitney Bowes Inc.

Beneficially owns 5.291.512 PBI shares

Vote at 2022 AGM: 96%

- Extensive experience working with a breadth of client segments, including the small- and medium-sized business segment and public and enterprise markets, and possesses significant international experience.
- Overseen the Company's strategic transformation and taken decisive action to create long-term value for shareholders in an unpredictable and volatile market. Taken decisive actions to create long-term value for shareholders by transforming the Company from a position of secular decline to growth.
- Worked with our Board and management team over the past 10 years to reduce our debt by \$1.7 billion, eliminate several hundred million dollars of expenses, return \$1.5 billion in capital to shareholders in the form of dividends and share repurchases, and divest \$2.1 billion of non-core, slower-growth businesses.
- Improved the Company's revenue CAGR from -8.6% from 2007 2012, the years prior to Mr. Lautenbach joining the Company, to 4.9% from 2017 - 2022



Linda S. Sanford Retired Senior Vice President, Enterprise Transformation at IBM

Beneficially owns 156,703 PBI shares

Vote at 2022 AGM:

- Retired Senior Vice President of Enterprise Transformation at IBM, where she was responsible for working across IBM to transform core business processes and create an IT infrastructure to support and integrate processes
- Possesses a deep understanding of technology and global operations and is a member of the Women in Technology International Hall of Fame and the National Academy of Engineering.
- · Led the transformation of a highly-visible business that is still growing (at IBM) and has deep operational experience transforming and leading businesses.
- Served on five public company boards throughout her career.









Committee Chair



Joined since 2018

Committee Source: Company proxy

...resulting in a Board that is comprised of highly-qualified and engaged directors (cont'd)

Director



Former Commissioner and Audit Committee Chair, New York State Insurance Fund

Beneficially owns 65,636 PBI shares

Vote at 2022 AGM:

Key experience / qualifications

- Operating experience in commercial banking and capital markets, small and medium sized businesses, risk management, and international markets.
- · Extensive knowledge from diverse roles in logistics, regulatory and government affairs, business transformation, and corporate governance.
- Served on five public company boards throughout her career and has over 12 years of Governance experience. This includes serving as the Chair of the Finance and Audit Committee of Atlas Air's Board of Directors, as well as on Nominating/Governance, Compensation, Risk and Audit and Finance committees of boards.



Darrell Thomas

Retired Vice President and Interim CFO, Harley Davidson

Vote at 2022 AGM: n/a

- Spent nearly two decades working in banking with Commerzbank Securities, Swiss Re New Markets, ABN Amro Bank, and Citicorp/Citibank, where he held various capital markets and corporate finance roles.
- · Significant board experience, including on the boards of British American Tobacco, Dorman Products, Scotia Holdings (US), and Sojourner Family Peace Center.
- · Served as Vice President and Interim CFO of Harley-Davidson, Inc., having previously held several senior finance positions including Treasurer.
- Possesses deep understanding of capital allocation, liquidity, and risk management.

















Our directors possess the key skills to oversee PBI's strategy

Directors	Steve Brill	Anne Busquet	Robert Dutkowsky	Mary Steele Guilfoile	Marc Lautenbach	Linda Sanford	Sheila Stamps	Darrell Thomas
Experience As Current Or Recent Public Company CEO			~		~			
Mailing / Logistics / Shipping Experience	✓	✓	✓	✓	~		✓	
Retail And E-Tail Experience	~		·	·	✓			
SMB Experience	~	✓	*		✓		✓	
Financial And Capital Markets Experience		✓		✓	✓		✓	✓
Experience In Emerging Technology		✓	✓		✓	✓		
Financial Services Experience		✓	✓	✓			~	~
Product Management / Development Experience	~	~	~	~	~	~		
Transformation Experience	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
International Experience	~	✓	*	·	✓	✓	✓	~

Our directors possess the key skills to oversee PBI's strategy (cont'd)

Directors	Steve Brill	Anne Busquet	Robert Dutkowsky	Mary Steele Guilfoile	Marc Lautenbach	Linda Sanford	Sheila Stamps	Darrell Thomas
Other Public Company Board Experience		~	~	~	~	~	~	~
Governance Experience		~	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CFO Experience				✓				✓
M&A Experience / Acumen	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
Capital Allocation Experience	~		~	~	~		✓	✓
Audit / Tax Experience		✓		✓		✓	✓	✓
Technology and ecommerce	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		
Shareholder / Investor Perspective		~		~		~	~	
Diversity		✓		✓		✓	~	✓

Contrary to Hestia's inaccurate claims, our directors' interests are directly aligned with shareholders

Hestia's inaccurate claims

The current Board owns few shares, has purchased very few of those shares, and the nominees we are seeking to replace have not purchased shares (even as the price plummeted during the past several years due to GEC's poor performance).























few shares...the Board's collective de minimis stake in Pitney Bowes shows a clear lack of alignment with long-suffering stockholders."

"The current Board owns

The FACTS

Directors up for re-election and added prior to 2023 ¹	Shares beneficially owned	% of class
Anne M. Busquet	142,064	0.1%
Robert M. Dutkowsky	109,617	0.1%
Mary J. Steele Guilfoile	123,552	0.1%
Linda S. Sanford	156,703	0.1%
Sheila A. Stamps	65,636	<0.1%
Marc B. Lautenbach	5,291,512	2.9%

All executive officers and directors as a group beneficially own approximately 5% of PBI, including 2.9% held by Mr. Lautenbach

Source: Public filings, Company proxy; Note: 1 Excludes Steven Brill and Darrell Thomas

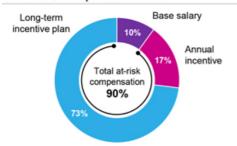
Highlights of our compensation plan

- Rigorous targets have ensured appropriate realized compensation is directly linked to performance
 - 90% of Mr. Lautenbach's 2022 compensation was at-risk
 - Mr. Lautenbach's realized compensation has decreased in each of the last 2 years, and was
 ~53% of target in 2022
 - Mr. Lautenbach's annual and long-term incentive payments have been below targets for each of the last 7 years
 - Mr. Lautenbach and all other NEOs forfeited their 2022 performance-based restricted stock grant as a result of PBI failing to meet the performance threshold target
 - □ The grant date fair value of Mr. Lautenbach's forfeited award was over \$2.5MM
- Mr. Lautenbach has not sold any post-tax shares awarded to him or any of the ~\$1.35MM in stock he has acquired through open market, underscoring his belief in the Company's prospects and his direct alignment with shareholders' interests
- Shareholders have supported say-on-pay with an average of >90% over the past 3 years

Compensation structure aligns management and shareholder interests

Shareholders have supported say-on-pay with an average of >90% over the past 3 years

2022 CEO compensation mix



Strong compensation and pay governance practices

- 100% of annual incentive tied to pre-established financial metrics
- 100% of the long-term incentive tied to pre-established financial metrics, growth in our share price and relative TSR
- Significant stock ownership guidelines for senior executives and directors
- Independent compensation consultant
- Annual shareholder advisory vote on executive compensation
- One-year minimum post-vesting retention period for all equity-based long-term incentive awards for executive officers
- Mr. Lautenbach has not sold any post-tax vested shares throughout his tenure

Overview of at-risk compensation

Annual performance-based cash bonus

- Based 100% on PBI's financial performance
- Annual performance metrics (established at the beginning of each year): (i) <u>adjusted Earnings</u> <u>Before Interest and Taxes (EBIT)</u> (40%), (ii) <u>adjusted Free Cash Flow (FCF)</u> (30%) and (iii) <u>revenue growth</u> (30%)
 - The weighting for Adjusted EBIT increased from 33% to 40% for 2022 to align with PBI's focus on profitable revenue growth
- Strategic modifier (up to +10% percentage points) based on <u>achievement of enterprise strategic</u> goals, including ESG measures

Long-term performance-based equity and cash incentive units

- Performance Stock Units (PSUs)/Cash Incentive Units (CIUs): Financial objectives established for each year within the 3-year cycle: (i) <u>adjusted EPS</u> (50%) and (ii) <u>adjusted FCF</u> (50%)
 - TSR modifier (up to +/- 25%) based on <u>cumulative 3-year TSR ranked</u>
 <u>against peer group</u>; the <u>cumulative TSR must be positive</u> for any positive
 application of TSR modifier (regardless of company rank against peers)
- Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units (PRSUs): threshold objective established in first year of grant
 - 2022 grant objective based on adjusted income from continuing operations; vests in 3 equal installments over 3 years if objective is met
 - PBI did not meet the 2022 threshold target, resulting in the forfeiture of the 2022 PRSU grant for the CEO and all other NEOs; PRSU grant date fair value for the CEO was over \$2.5MM

Rigorous goals have ensured appropriate realized compensation is directly linked to performance

Annual incentive and PSU / CIU payouts have been below target for the last 7 years, with average payouts of ~50% and ~42% of target for Mr. Lautenbach, respectively

Annual Incentive			Payou	Payout factor as % of target			Actual pay (\$MM) vs. TSR			
	Rationale		2020	<u>2021</u>	2022	(
Adjusted EBIT	d EBIT Metrics chosen to incentivize		0%	0%	0%	(Compensation is directly linked t performance			
Revenue growt	,	management to focus on near-term growth of PBI, including the ability to generate cash to manage current financial needs		29.3%	17.7%	·				
Adjusted FCF				25.5%	29.2%		■ CEO pay ■ Avg NEO p			
Strategic modifi	er /			5.8%	9.3%					
Downward adjustment	predominant	lownward adjustment ly due to impact of workins al timing at year-end	g n/a	n/a	(9.0%)		\$1.5			
Total payout ¹		-	82.1%	60.5%	47.2%			\$1.8		
Long-T	erm Incentive ((PSU / CIU)	Payout factor as % of target							
	Ra	tionale	2018-2020	2019-2021	2020-2022		\$11.2			
Adjusted EPS		f long-term profitability;	25%	29%	17%			\$6.9		
Adjusted FCF		FCF critical to help reposition and pursue — new growth opportunities; TSR modifier links compensation to share price		40%	40%				\$0.7	
TSR modifier				(3%)	14%				\$0.8	
Downward adjustment	predominantly du	ward adjustment e to impact of working ing at year-end	n/a	n/a	(7%)	PBI TSR	2020	2021	2022	
Total payout ¹		-	58%	66%	64%	TSR ²	(47%)	(16%)	(_(30%)_)	

Source: Company proxy, FactSet

Note: ¹ Totals may not equal sum of metrics due to rounding; ² Peers include ACCO Brands, Avery Dennison, Bread Financial Holdings, Cimpress plc, Deluxe, Diebold Nixdorf, Etsy, Fidelity National Information Services, Fisery, Hub Group, NCR Corporation, Overstock.com, Rockwell Automation, Ryder System, Schneider National, The Western Union, W.W. Grainger and Xerox Holdings

Our Board and management are highly engaged...

Comprehensive investor outreach program on both business and governance topics

- Includes post-earnings communications, one-on-one conferences, individual meetings and general availability to respond to investor inquiries
- Periodic engagement with proxy advisory firms
- Numerous conferences attended in 2022: Sidoti Small Cap Conference, Bank of America Securities LevFin Conference and Jeffries Industrials Conference
- Held two field trips in 2022 to showcase facilities (Atlanta and Los Angeles)
- Significant redesign of the website



Highlights of our CEO's 2022 employee engagements

26

In-person and virtual events including an HR summit, HQ days, employee roundtables, town halls and meetings with global teams

14

Site visits across the United States

>80%

Employee survey scores on leadership and manager effectiveness

Continuous online engagement

13 "Mondays with Marc" videos, 7 CEO blogs, 4 CEO emails, 5 "OurPB" articles

Source: Public filings, Company website

60

...and oversee leading environmental and social practices

Independent third-party recognition



Disclosure frameworks considered



Alignment with third-party goals framework



Environmental sustainability

- Focus particular attention on the environmental risks most relevant for our Company:
 - Impact of carbon emissions due to the use of energy in our operations, throughout our value chain, suppliers and clients
 - Impact of the physical goods produced or used in our operations
- Committed to target of carbon neutrality by 2040 in our operations (scope 1 & 2)
- In 2021, expanded emissions reporting to include full scope 3 emissions, as we recognize the importance of the emissions associated with Pitney Bowes' value chain
- Improved miles per gallon of our tractors by 6%
- Our sites' CO2 emissions decreased by 23% in 2021





Our people

- Diversity and inclusion have been a part of Pitney Bowes' journey to sustained excellence and high performance for almost 100 years
 - People of color comprise 48% of our U.S. workforce, 32% of our management and 21% of our
 - Women comprise 43% of our global workforce, 33% of our management and 28% of our senior
- Our centralized Environmental Health & Safety (EHS) team partners with site and operations leadership to ensure the safety of our employees - in 2021:
- Our worldwide Total Recordable Incident Rate was down by 23%
- Restricted Workday Case Rate was down by 20%
- Lost Workday Case Rate was down by 21%



Clients, suppliers and communities

- The desire to give back by supporting our communities is central to our culture
 - More than 197K students reached and 2.2MM hours of student enrichment
 - \$3MM provided by the Pitney Bowes Relief Fund to support impacted communities since its inception in 1992
- Our Client. Team. Innovate. Win. movement epitomizes this heightened client focus and helps accelerate new advances - we reinforce these efforts by selecting suppliers whose quality and service support our approach



GNEMSDC 2021 National Corporation of the Year

Source: Pitney Bowes 2021 ESG Report, Company website

Hestia's numerous misleading governance claims

Hestia's inaccurate claims

- x Excessive director tenure and dismal TSR
- x Lack of stock ownership
- Unwillingness to engage with stockholders
- x Inattentiveness to investors
- x Misaligned CEO compensation

The FACTS

- Robust ongoing Board refreshment program; since 2018, we have added 6 independent directors¹ while 8 longer tenured directors have stepped down
- All executive officers and directors as a group own 5% of PBI, including 2.9% held by Mr. Lautenbach
- ✓ Comprehensive investor outreach program on both business and governance topics – we reached out to holders of ~50% of our shares in Spring and Fall 2022
- Rigorous targets have ensured appropriate realized compensation is directly linked to performance
 - √ 90% of Mr. Lautenbach's 2022 compensation was at-risk
 - Mr. Lautenbach's realized compensation has decreased in each of the last 2 years, and was ~53% of target in 2022

Source: Public filings; Note: 1 Count includes Katie May

62

Hestia's proxy contest is misleading and misinformed with a value-destructive strategy



Hestia's proxy contest is misleading and misinformed with a value-destructive strategy

- We have made extensive efforts to engage constructively and in good faith with Hestia, but despite this Hestia chose to pursue an unnecessary and misguided proxy fight
- Hestia is seeking control of PBI but has articulated no significant strategic plans, with numerous conflicting and changing points of view throughout its engagement
- Our nominees possess all the key skills Hestia claims its nominees bring and have far superior experience and expertise in each of these categories
- Hestia refuses to acknowledge our rigorous, positive Board changes any further changes would destabilize the Board, which would impede our strategic progress and put shareholder value at risk
- Despite claiming to have a qualified interim CEO candidate since Dec-2022, Hestia ultimately defaulted to one of its previously named director nominees (Lance Rosenzweig) as a last resort
- Mr. Rosenzweig is not qualified to serve as a PBI director, much less as CEO, based on his history of poor performance, weak corporate governance and lack of shipping and logistics experience
- Hestia's "Shrink GEC" strategy is flawed, value-destructive and demonstrates a fundamental misunderstanding of our businesses and strategies

We tried to constructively engage with Hestia...

Nov 2021 – May 2022 (7 meetings, incl. 1 facility tour)	 PBI participants spanned a variety of levels and teams within the organization, and included both Mr. Lautenbach and Ana Chadwick (CFO) Constructive engagement, during which Hestia repeatedly claimed they were not an activist investor
Jun 2022 – Jul 2022 (3 meetings)	 Hestia sent a private letter to the PBI Board (copying a prominent activist law firm, Olshan) Mr. Lautenbach made multiple attempts to discuss Hestia's underlying assumptions and outside-in perspectives on Hestia's assertions, namely that (i) PBI could get \$1.9BN for a sale of GEC, (ii) PBI was worth \$10-28 per share and (iii) PBI should conduct share buybacks, yet Hestia repeatedly refused, arguing that the "details did not matter" Mr. Lautenbach offered to sign an NDA with Hestia to share more information; however, Hestia did not agree
Aug 2022 – Nov 2022 (8 meetings, incl. 1 facility tour)	 During the facility tour, Mr. Wolf bickered with other investors by advocating for PBI to pursue share repurchases instead of debt repayment Hestia sent another private letter to the PBI Board PBI invited Hestia to present to the Board, during which Hestia presented no concrete strategic ideas besides Board refreshment After Hestia privately proposed director candidates, PBI promptly invited all of them to interview with members of the Board, including then-Chairman Mr. Roth, Ms. Busquet, Ms. Sanford and our new Chairman Mr. Dutkowsky 4 days after PBI invited all Hestia proposed candidates to interview, Hestia filed its Schedule 13D
Dec 2022	 After interviewing all Hestia's candidates, the Board determined that 2 were qualified and 2 were not (incl. Kurt Wolf), and offered a resolution that included adding the 2 qualified candidates to the Board and amending the existing Finance Committee charter to address Hestia's requests Without warning, Hestia released a public letter and announced intention to nominate a control slate and to propose an interim CEO
Jan 2023 – Feb 2023 (1 meeting)	 Hestia formally nominated control slate Hestia repeatedly stated privately that they would not object to Mr. Lautenbach remaining CEO, but ~3 weeks later demanded the resignation of both Mr. Lautenbach and Mr. Roth as a condition to any settlement

Source: Public filings, private letters and presentations from Hesti

...and our Board made genuine efforts to come to a reasonable resolution

- Our 2 new director appointments in 2023 and the recommendation for Katie May, the announcement of 3 incumbents (including our Chairman) stepping down and our offer to expand the scope of our existing Finance Committee have more than sufficiently addressed Hestia's original request
 - Yet Hestia erratically changed course and demanded the resignation of <u>both</u> Mr. Lautenbach and Mr. Roth and the formation of a CEO search committee
- On numerous occasions, Hestia instantly rejected counter-offers on the spot with no consideration
- Despite our significant engagement, Hestia is seeking control of Pitney Bowes with no significant strategic plans, an
 unqualified CEO candidate and consistently conflicting and changing points of view

= meets Hestia's original proposal Dec Jan 2023 Feb 2023 2022 2022 b P pitneybowes pitney bower Hestia Hestia Hestia Hestia Hestia 7 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 (nominated by New (1 Hestia (2 Hestia (Hestia (Hestia Hestia, incl. nominee + 2 (Hestia nominees + 1 (Hestia (Hestia (mutually directors nominees) nominees) CEO mutually nominees) mutually nominees) agreed) replacement) agreed) agreed) 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 Incumbent (Mr. (to be 0 7 (to be (to be Lautenbach + resignations (to be (to be determined + Lautenbach 1 delayed determined) determined) 1 delayed and Mr. Roth) Mr. Roth) Mr. Roth) Expand / Expand / Expand / Expand / Expand / Expand / New clarify scope clarify scope clarify scope clarify scope clarify scope New CEO clarify scope **Board** Strategic of existing of existing of existing of existing of existing search of existing committee Finance Finance Finance Finance Finance committee Finance Committee Committee Committee Committee Committee Committee

Source: Public filings 6

For months, Hestia made vague, empty promises to shareholders while it scrambled to formulate a plan

"We look forward to formally introducing our proposed interim Chief Executive Officer, director candidates and their strategic operating plan in the weeks and months to come"

December 12, 2022

"We look forward to announcing an interim Chief Executive Officer candidate, issuing a 100-day transition plan and sharing a detailed value creation strategy prior to the upcoming Annual Meeting"

January 23, 2023

"...we have an interim Chief Executive Officer and other interim executives ready to hit the ground running right away" March 6, 2023

1 Hestia repeatedly claimed it had a robust plan and an interim CEO candidate; however, it failed to find a qualified individual as CEO, defaulting to one of their previously named director nominees as a last resort

2 To date, Hestia has not provided a concrete plan or strategy for PBI; its "100-Day" plan, which alleges to provide stability, only highlights vague platitudes, is not based on any factual or informed work and would risk significant business, employee and customer disruption

problems that need to be addressed right away, **our slate has a 100-day plan**, as well as a longer-term strategy"

"Since Pitney Bowes has urgent

"[Replace] Mr. Lautenbach with an identified interim Chief Executive Officer who is ideally suited to initiate the turnaround of the Company"

March 16, 2023

"Our slate intends to replace Mr. Lautenbach with a proven interim CEO, one who has created significant value when leading other turnarounds.

April 2, 2023

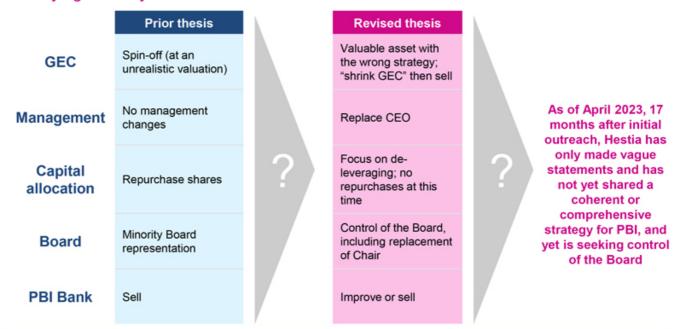
One of Hestia's nominees reached out to an executive search firm about finding a CEO candidate

Mid-to-late March 2023 (following Hestia's definitive proxy filing)

Source: Public filings

Hestia's conflicting and changing points of view for Pitney Bowes

Over months of private engagement, Hestia refused to share any of the assumptions underlying its analysis



Mr. Lautenbach's strong and clear vision for Pitney Bowes is far superior for shareholders, and by supporting Hestia's conflicting and constantly changing thesis, Mr. Rosenzweig demonstrates he has a fundamental misunderstanding of our business and is not qualified to lead the Company

Source: Public filings, private letters and presentations from Hestia

Hestia remains fixated on establishing a redundant Board committee

PBI's existing Finance Committee responsibilities

- ✓ Reviews PBI's financial condition and capital structure
- Evaluates significant financial policies and activities, including dividends and share repurchases
- Review of major financial transactions relating to the Company, including mergers, acquisitions, and dispositions
- Monitors current and projected financial condition
- Summary of the actions taken at each meeting are presented by the Committee Chair at the next Board meeting
- Oversees major retirement programs and savings plans
- Annually produces committee performance evaluation

Hestia's proposed new Strategic Planning and Capital Allocation Committee areas of focus

 Support management and provide recommendations to the full Board pertaining to capital allocation, operational improvements and long-term strategic improvements

 Recruit a permanent CEO, including by retaining an independent search We clearly articulated to
Hestia that the Board's
existing Finance
Committee regularly
reviews capital allocation
and major corporate
transactions, and even
offered to expand the
scope further, yet they
remained fixated on
establishing a redundant
new Board committee

Source: Public filings

Our nominees, including those whom Hestia is targeting, have superior skills and experience compared to Hestia's nominees

- All the skills Hestia publicly claimed on March 6¹ the Board "needs" are already currently represented on our Board
- 10 days later, Hestia highlighted a different list of skills, demonstrating its erratic nature and poor understanding of PBI's business²
- · The skills Hestia claims its nominees possess are superficial at best

		PBI nominees			Supported by PBI	Hestia nominees				
	Key skills / experience highlighted by Hestia		Dutkowsky	Lautenbach	Sanford	May	Alberti-Perez	Everett	Rosenzweig	Wolf
March 6 skills highlighted	Posting, shipping and technology	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
	Recruitment, human capital and succession	✓	✓	✓	✓		Not disclosed in Hestia's p			
	Industry relationships	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		
	Shareholder/ investor perspectives	✓			✓					✓
	Transformation / turnaround	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓
	Capital allocation		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
March 16 skills highlighted	C-level / public board	✓	✓	✓	✓	<u> </u>	√	√	✓	✓
	Executive transition	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓
	Industry operating	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓		
	Capital markets	✓					✓		✓	✓

Source: Public filings; Note: ¹ Hestia press release filed on 03/06/23; ² Hestia letter to PBI shareholders filed on 03/16/23

Aside from Katie May, Hestia's nominees lack the necessary skills and backgrounds to help execute our strategy

Hestia's current nominees

	11031	ia s current non	mices		vvitilai
Milena Alberti-Perez	Todd Everett	Lance Rosenzweig	Kurt Wolf	Katie May	Carl Grassi
X Limited public company board experience X No public company CFO experience X Lacks shipping and logistics experience	No public company board experience Limited applicable experience, given size and strategic direction of Newgistics Potential antitrust concerns Questionable track record as a strategic advisor	X History of extensive management disputes and as a board disruptor X Lacks shipping and logistics experience X Multiple instances of shareholder litigation while he was a director	X Limited public company board experience X Abrupt departure from GameStop after less than a year, seemingly due to discontent of his own investors X High PBI ownership concentration, resulting in focus on short-term returns, at the expense of long-term viability of the business	 ✓ ecommerce and shipping expertise ✓ Past CEO experience ✓ Public company board experience 	x Extensive relationship with Ancora and its affiliates, who are tied to Hestia x Limited public company board experience x Lacks shipping and logistics experience

Withdrawn nominees

marami nomineco				
Carl Grassi	Ken McBride			
Extensive relationship with Ancora and its affiliates, who are tied to Hestia Limited public company board experience	Publicly disparaged USPS, which is a key business partner of PBI Director at Stamps.com, a primary competitor of PBI			
x Lacks shipping and logistics experience	x Concerning legal history, including an alleged kickback scheme involving the USPS reseller program			

Katie May is the only Hestia nominee the Board believes would be additive to PBI

Source: Public research

Lance Rosenzweig is not qualified to serve as a director of Pitney Bowes, much less as CEO

Mr. Rosenzweig does not have any shipping and logistics experience



- ★ Mr. Rosenzweig is not qualified to serve as a director of Pitney Bowes, much less as CEO, based on his track record of poor performance and weak corporate governance, as well as his lack of shipping and logistics experience
- ★ He is not a strong or qualified CEO candidate as evidenced by Hestia's own announcement that he will only be responsible for 2 out of 6 pillars of its strategy
- ★ Checkered past involving extensive management disputes and poor performance (e.g., Support.com had declining year-over-year revenue every quarter Mr. Rosenzweig was CEO)
- ★ While at NextGen Healthcare, Mr. Rosenzweig demonstrated a poor track record and erratic behavior
 - ★ The company faced two different, significant lawsuits for disseminating misleading information to investors
 - ★ He also subjected the board to multiple U-turns concerning his running for re-election as a director and subsequently launched a highly disruptive proxy contest, which he ultimately lost and was not re-elected by the company's shareholders
- Mr. Rosenzweig exhibited questionable judgment as chairman at PeopleSupport, where he fired the CEO shortly after he proposed significant restructuring and cost-cutting measures, including cuts to Mr. Rosenzweig's compensation

Lance Rosenzweig is not qualified to serve as a director of Pitney Bowes, much less as CEO (cont'd)

Mr. Rosenzweig's mixed track record at Support.com

- X The company had declining year-over-year (YoY) revenue in every quarter he was CEO
 - X Q3 2020 revenue was down (32%) YoY
 - X Q4 2020 revenue was down (21%) YoY; FY 2020 revenue was down (31%) YoY
 - X Q1 2020 revenue was down (19%) YoY
 - X Q2 2021 revenue was down (23%) YoY
- During the last ~2 months of his tenure as CEO, Support.com irrationally became a "meme stock" and the share price experienced extreme volatility as a result
 - "Shares of Support.com extended their surge for a second day to as much as 150% shortly after the opening bell on Friday. Retail investors on social media cheered on the technical support software company, with many saying that the stock could be on the receiving end of a massive short squeeze" (Business Insider Aug 2021)

Questionable judgment while Chairman of PeopleSupport

- The company hired a new CEO in 2001, Charles Callahan, who was tasked with improving performance and leading the company public through an IPO
 - During his brief tenure, Mr. Callahan proposed significant restructuring and cost cutting initiatives, including reduction in Mr. Rosenzweig's compensation as executive chairman
 - * However, Mr. Callahan was fired after one year and Mr. Rosenzweig returned to the CEO position

Mr.
Rosenzweig's
poor track
record and
erratic
behavior at
NextGen
Healthcare

- The company faced 2 different lawsuits for disseminating misleading information to investors
 - One of the lawsuits ended with a \$19MM settlement with shareholders for misstating the strength of sales and sales projections
- Mr. Rosenzweig initially agreed to resign from the board following the 2020 annual meeting, but later reversed his position and sought another year on the board the board accommodated him on the condition that he would only serve one more year
 - × Yet ahead of the 2021 annual meeting, he announced he would seek yet another year on the board
 - Mr. Rosenzweig only received support from 1 other director and the two of them launched a highly disruptive proxy fight to take control of the board; Mr. Rosenzweig lost and was not re-elected at the 2021 annual meeting

Hestia and Mr. Rosenzweig fundamentally misunderstand how a public company board and management should operate

Mr. Rosenzweig letter to PBI shareholders dated 4/4/23

Optimize Carporate Cost Structure — Pitney Bowes' unallocated corporate expenses, which cover administrative functions, exceeded 5200 million in fiscal year 2022. This is an excessive sum given that this 5675 million market cap Company's business segments incur most of their own selling, general and administrative expenses, totaling more than 5000 million bust year alone. Based on our state's analysis, there is a significant opportunity to consolidate, re-engineer analysis streamline non-excessing information. There is also runway to reduce marketing and other unelecensary spending once the Company's in no longer chaning unprefitable growth. I intend to work with the reconstituted Board and the Company's segment leaders to target at least 550 million in annualized corporate expense reduction during my first 100 days, NMBL asil of our candidates will bring expertise related to this area, my background and experience are well suited for this important task.

* Restore GEC to Prefitability & Explare Alternatives - GEC had negative EET of \$200 million for fiscal year 2022, yet again validating that the Board and management's strategy is not weeking, in intend to work with Company sheden and the reconstituted Board to diamatically reduce GEC's cash burn by implementing alternative pricing strategies for unpostfable carete, optimizing the GEC legislates intervort, namewing the scope of mankering and Sociation go prefitable revenues livinh a new sales compensation plan aligned with this goal. These steps, among others, can enable GEC to successfully security a circle strategy that focuses on profitable revenues livinh a new sales compensation plan aligned with this goal. These steps, among others, can enable GEC to successfully security a circle strategy that focuses on profitability over sales. Our state also intends to run a process to explore strategic alternatives that can deliver significant value to the Company in an expedited, yet profest, manner. A properly reconstituted Board that is not biased by grain feadership's \$1 billion in GEC evilated inventments will be best positioned to work with truly independent advisors to review alternatives. Todd Excepts, who was the Chief Executive Officer of Newsjistics, Inc., when it is a second or a second of the processing and account of the processing accou

Drive Profitable Growth in SendTech - SendTech generated \$1.36 billion in revenue and more than \$400 million in EBIT

and the Pitney Bowes B business, which has 600 sales. The shipping busi improved UU/workflow restricted cash at Pitney would unlock sustainab of Shippingtay.com a critical to developing a critical to developing a

Maximize Present EBIT — Present, which has a leading position in the mail scritation category, generated \$502 million in CBIT of all you margin last years. While there may not be a certain politic back to the 229 severge CBIT levels this segment enjoyed between 2011 and 2017, our state believes it can significantly improve EBIT margins are return on investment through several initiations. Alternative pricing models can labely drive several handred basis points of margin expansion. In addition, tuckin acquisitions and selective efficiency-enhancing investments can augment the regiment of scales and drive light exemines. These are the type of stage Pitzey downs can take if it is not concentrally the uset majority of its resources and capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercised these types for exempting the uset majority of its resources and capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercised these types in the concentral capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercised these types in the concentral capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercised these types in the concentral capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercised the statement of the concentral capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercised the statement of the capital or discount of the capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercised the statement of the capital or discount of the capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercised the statement of the capital or discount of the capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercised the statement of the capital or GIC these extensive spaceface exercises are desired to the capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercises are desired to the capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercises are desired to the capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercises are desired to the capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface exercises are desired to the capital or GIC. Have extensive spaceface are desired to the capital or GIC. These extensive spaceface are desired to the capital or GIC. These

Aboves Signmi-Zanc Capital Strictarie Island - It is unacceptation that Photophosons, which is a bissoric clean with strong core segments, has seen its credit rating failed interes over the past decade into deep "jush" status. It is clear at this point of the Company's capital interface carried to support the calculationary in the status of the point of the Company's capital interface carried to support the calculationary in the status of the status of the capital status of the status of

Directors are needed to supplement Hestia's CEO candidate's lack of qualifications

1. "Optimize Corporate Cost Structure"

Lance Rosenzweig

2. "Restore GEC to Profitability & Explore Alternatives"

Todd Everett

3. "Drive Profitable Growth in SendTech"

Katie May

4. "Maximize Presort EBIT"

Lance Rosenzweig

5. "Address Significant Capital Structure Issues"

Milena Alberti-Perez

- Hestia is proposing that certain of its director nominees would be in charge with respect to different initiatives or different parts of Pitney Bowes' business – as opposed to broad oversight of the entire Company and management
- This narrow focus by certain directors on individual projects and initiatives runs the risk of a fragmented Board, in which
 Hestia's nominees would each be operating in their respective sphere or fiefdom as opposed to working together as a
 Board to advance the broader interests of the Company's shareholders
- It also underscores the fact that even Hestia understands that Mr. Rosenzweig is not qualified to be CEO of Pitney Bowes or oversee a robust strategic plan

Hestia's candidates lack experience and commitment...

Kurtis J. Wolf



- Unpredictable and erratic behavior over the course of many months of engagement between the Company and Hestia calls into question his commitment to creating shareholder value and the execution of our strategy
 - ➤ Despite claiming to have a qualified interim CEO candidate since December 2022, ultimately defaulted to one of its previously named director nominees as a last resort after a failed search
 - * Attempting to fill a CEO void by appointing a weak candidate and selectively delegating oversight of other parts of Pitney Bowes' business to its director nominees as opposed to management oversight which is directly against how a public company board should operate
- While Wolf argues that he is not an activist, prior to Pitney Bowes he had already been part of proxy contests at two other public companies:
 - X As a dissident nominee and principal in Hestia Capital Partners, LP's 2020 proxy contest at GameStop
 - As a dissident nominee in Ancora Advisors, LLC's 2017 proxy contest against Edgewater Technology
- At both GameStop and Edgewater, Wolf resigned shortly after his election to the board, showing a lack of long-term commitment
 - His abrupt departure from the GameStop board, which was seemingly due to discontentment from his own investors, is deeply concerning, as any nominee to our Board must be committed to overseeing strategic change at Pitney Bowes and creating long-term value for all Pitney Bowes shareholders, not just the short-term investors who have invested with Mr. Wolf's fund
- Further, given Hestia's highly concentrated portfolio, and particularly with the backdrop of the current market volatility, it is unrealistic to believe that they will maintain a large investment in Pitney Bowes long enough to see any of their proposed, albeit flawed, strategic ideas to be implemented
 - Hestia's incentive is to push for measures that could increase the stock price in the short-term to the detriment of the long-term viability and success of Pitney Bowes
- X Lack of shipping and logistics experience

... and would not be ready to lead Pitney Bowes on day one

Milena Alberti-Perez



- CFO of MediaMath, Inc. in August 2020 when it was sued by Searchlight Capital Partners for breach of contract related to MediaMath's credit facility. While the case was dismissed, Alberti-Perez left MediaMath four months later at the end of December 2020
- Received her first appointment to the board of a public company less than a year ago when she joined Digimarc Corporation, a provider of enterprise software and services whose market capitalization is approximately half of that of Pitney Bowes
- No experience as a public company CFO
 - Departed from Getty Images Inc. in January 2022, several months before the closing of the SPAC merger that took the company public in July 2022
- Lack of shipping and logistics experience

Todd A. Everett



- X No prior experience or service as a director of a publicly-traded company
- CEO of Newgistics for only 18 months, during a time when the business was much smaller and less technologically and nationally focused than it is today
 - Newgistics growth had stagnated to zero in the final year of his tenure despite the promising market environment, major customer churn was significant and critical investments were behind schedule
 - In addition, the differences in strategic direction and scale between Newgistics and Pitney Bowes are stark, raising questions about what applicable experience Mr. Everett truly has
- Everett's service on the boards of other companies could pose an antitrust issue under Section 8 of the Clayton Act:
 - Everett serves on the board of directors of ACI Group, a private California-headquartered last mile distribution and logistics company
 - Everett also serves on the board of Doddle Parcel Services, Ltd., a private last mile ecommerce delivery technology company based in the United Kingdom
 - If a Section 8 violation is found, injunctive relief in the form of resignation from service on these boards would be the standard remedy
- It is also troubling that Hestia touts Mr. Everett's reputation as a strategic advisor, despite his track record of advising only small, sometimes unsuccessful startups

Hestia's stock price predictions are misleading to shareholders and violate the Proxy Rules

Rule 14a-9 under the Exchange Act forbids "[p]redictions as to specific future market values"

- In its recent campaign materials, Hestia has repeatedly predicted a future market value of "\$15+ per share" for the Company if Hestia's proposed director candidates are elected
- Rule 14a-9 Note a. of the Proxy Rules, which expressly forbids "[p]redictions as to specific future market values", is intended to protect investors from promises of "moon prices"
- We believe that Hestia's statements are intentional attempts to mislead shareholders to vote for Hestia's director nominees, with the promise that a Hestia-controlled Board will somehow deliver a \$15+ share price
- Hestia's conduct is particularly harmful here because Pitney Bowes has a sizable retail investor base

Rule 14a-9 and its application in proxy contests

Rule 14a-9 under the Exchange Act of 1934 prohibits "any statement which, at the time and in the light of the circumstances under which it is made, is false or misleading with respect to any

Note (a) to Rule 14a-9 specifically identifies "[p]redictions as to specific future market values" as the first example of statements that "may be misleading within the meaning of" Rule 14a-9(a).1 This has long been interpreted to prohibit the inclusion of stock price predictions in soliciting materials.

The SEC has repeatedly issued comment letters confirming this position: "Predictions as to specific future market values contravene Rule 14a-9's prohibition against false and misleading statements in soliciting materials. See Note a to Rule 14a-9." 2

Similarly, federal courts ruled in a series of cases that "[V]aluation predictions are generally not permitted and are frequently considered to be themselves examples of misleading statements.

See, e.g., Exchange Act Release No. 16833 (May 23, 1980).
 GrafTech Int'l Ltd., SEC Comment Letter at 2 (Apr. 7, 2014). See also Destination Maternity Corp., SEC Comment Letter (May 4, 2018); Taubman Centers, Inc., SEC Comment Letter (June 21, 2017); Buffalo Wild Wings, Inc., SEC Comment Letter (Letter (May 16, 2017); Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc., SEC Comment Letter (Sept. 26, 2013); Coppersmith Capital Mgmt., LLC, SEC Comment Letter (July 17, 2013); Transocean Ltd., SEC Comment Letter (May 7, 2013); Vermillion, Inc., SEC Comment Letter (Mar. 2, 2012); Dynegy Inc., SEC Comment Letter (Dec. 21, 2010).
 Gould v. American-Havanian Steamship, Co., 535 E 2d, 761, 775 (3d, Cir. 1976); see also.

Gould v. American-Hawaiian Steamship Co., 535 F.2d 761, 775 (3d Cir. 1976); see also Union Pacific Railroad Co. v. Chicago and North Western Railway Co., 226 F, Supp. 400, 408-09 (N.D. III. 1964) and Miller v. Steinbach, 268 F, Supp. 255, 275 (S.D.N.Y. 1967)

Symptomatic of its overall campaign, Hestia has now also changed its mind on expense reimbursement

Hestia press release, December 12, 2022

committee. We conveyed that if our two sides could agree on this level of change, Hestia would not seek the immediate removal of any directors, the removal of management, an immediate sale of underperforming assets, Board fees for my service, or reimbursement for any of our costs. As a further demonstration of our desire to work collaboratively with the



"... Hestia would not seek ... reimbursement for any of our costs."

Hestia definitive proxy statement, March 16, 2023

The entire expense of soliciting proxies is being borne by Hestia. Costs of this solicitation of proxies are currently estimated to be approximately \$1,750,000 (including, but not limited to, fees for attorneys, solicitors and other advisors, and other costs incidental to the solicitation). Hestia estimates that through the date hereof its expenses in connection with this solicitation are approximately \$750,000. To the extent legally permissible, if Hestia is successful in its proxy solicitation, Hestia intends to seek reimbursement from the Company for the expenses it incurs in connection with this solicitation. Hestia does not intend to submit the question of such reimbursement to a vote of security holders of the Company.

"Hestia intends to seek reimbursement from the Company for the expenses it incurs in connection with this solicitation. Hestia does not intend to submit the question of such reimbursement to a vote of security holders of the Company."

Expense reimbursement pivot

- Symptomatic of its overall campaign, Hestia has also pivoted on reimbursement for the cost of its unnecessary proxy contest
- In its December 12, 2022
 press release, Hestia stated
 very publicly that it would not
 seek expense reimbursement
- Yet, buried in legalese on p. 39 of its March 16, 2023 proxy statement, Hestia quietly did an about-face. It now intends to seek reimbursement for Hestia's expenses – and it does not even want shareholders to have a vote on this

Hestia's "Shrink GEC" strategy is flawed, value destructive, and demonstrates a poor understanding of GEC

FLAW 1: Hestia's 'scale at expense of profitability' argument is built on flawed assumptions – logistics networks require frontloading of costs, GEC's network build-out is virtually complete

- It is crucial to note that GEC generates a positive contribution margin on every parcel it handles
- Hestia ignores the fact that building out logistics networks require upfront investments GEC's major network build-out capex is behind us and our national network is close to reaching critical scale for sustainable profitability

FLAW 2: Hestia fundamentally misunderstands GEC's operating model, target customer base and competitive environment

- Hestia ignores the fact that GEC continues to focus on Newgistics' original target customer base of <u>mid-market ecommerce retailers</u>
- In fact, post acquiring Newgistics, GEC invested in the strategically well-positioned but underinvested platform to put in place new technologies, coast to coast infrastructure and offer a competitive value proposition for B2C retailers
- Hestia fails to understand that GEC does not (nor intends to) pursue the broad parcel offerings of meganetworks – GEC remains focused on providing individualized ecommerce logistics solutions for midmarket B2C retailers
- Further, we do not compete with final mile delivery providers and instead partner with the powerful USPS network for that aspect of our service

Hestia's "Shrink GEC" strategy is flawed, value destructive, and demonstrates a poor understanding of GEC (cont'd)

FLAW 3: Hestia's plan to scale back our facilities will unravel GEC's coast-to-coast network that is essential to serve e-retailers

- Hestia has a poor grasp of how our 16 facilities are interlinked to form a national 'coast-to-coast' network
 that is critical to serve our B2C clients who are focused on meeting consumer expectations of faster
 national delivery and efficient returns
- Hestia fundamentally misunderstands how an ecommerce logistics network functions viewing each hub
 as a standalone facility displays ignorance of the integrated end-to-end logistics solutions our client base
 relies on us for

FLAW 4: Hestia touting Newgistics' decade-old returns-focused operations underlines its poor understanding of today's ecommerce landscape

- Hestia is seemingly unaware of the evolution of Newgistics' competitive landscape over the last decade reverse logistics platforms without robust fulfilment and forward logistics capabilities are grossly insufficient to meet the single distribution center model followed by most e-retailers
- We have not 'abandoned' Newgistics' returns operations in pursuit of 'scale', but instead complemented returns offerings with forward delivery solutions – similar to the solutions offered by all major reverse logistics competitors today
- Hestia's incomplete and vague "niche" strategy may cut some costs for the short-term but will give up all
 the operating leverage Pitney Bowes has built in the business GEC's strategy has been fine-tuned
 through multiple peak seasons with investment being reflected in improved customer satisfaction scores
 and recent client additions

Pitney Bowes' strategy remains the right strategy for GEC – and has been validated on several fronts

- Our two core platforms Domestic Parcel Services and Cross Border Services are powered by best-in-class logistics technology and data science
- ✓ Post pandemic, both platforms are operating with predictable costs & reliable, market competitive service levels
- ✓ Better service levels are driving highly improved NPS scores, and lower client and volume churn
- ✓ With our domestic network build-out largely complete; future investment focused on network optimization, transportation efficiencies and the development of new services
- Our consultative approach and flexible services, built for B2C ecommerce, differentiate us from competitors
- ✓ With stability around our core services, we are quickly bringing new services to market to meet client demand: Canada, regional and local US delivery services, and guaranteed delivery services
- Our investments in our operational management team and talent are driving considerably improved operating performance

With our largely completed network now operating with predictable costs and reliable service levels, we are well-positioned for growth and margin expansion as volumes increase...

... which is expected to drive positive EBITDA for GEC in 2023 and long-term GEC EBIT margins of 6%-8%

Hestia's inaccurate claims

The FACTS



\$15+ "target stock price"

Hestia presents a "walk" to \$15+ stock price



- There is no timeline mentioned for their \$15 target share price and no reconciliation as to how these numbers calculated
- It appears that Hestia's value bridge double counts their income improvement of GEC EBIT and sale of GEC – by definition, when they factor a GEC sale, it no longer has EBIT benefits



Shareholder engagement

Pitney Bowes has not been responsive to Hestia



- We have met with Hestia ~20 times and interviewed 4 director candidates they proposed
- Hestia has consistently declined to provide us with details on their strategy or their underlying assumptions on their numerical assertions
- Hestia rejected every offer we put before them, including one where we would elect three new directors (including two of their proposed nominees)

Hestia's inaccurate claims

The FACTS



Pillar #1 – Optimize Corporate cost structure

Unallocated corporate expenses represent corporate excess and/or profligate spending for an entity of Pitney Bowes's size



- Hestia's peers have nothing to do with Pitney they have been cherrypicked to make the comparisons look good
 - Hestia has benchmarked our expenses to the likes of Walt Disney, P&G, J&J and PepsiCo, making the claim that PBI is apparently akin to these giant conglomerates operating in unrelated businesses
- Our SG&A is in fact, in line with our actual Form 10K peer group
- Further, we continue focus on fiscal discipline and have reduced our SG&A as % of revenue from 39.0% in 2012 to 25.6% in 2022
- Much of what is in our corporate costs is to provide services to each of our business segments
- However, given multiple shared aspects between segments including product technology, IT, and employees, we've deemed it better to keep those costs together
- Requiring separate support for such functions is only likely to increase overall costs

Hestia's inaccurate claims



Hestia will perform an initial triage of the domestic parcel segment to improve FCF, increase insight into potential niche focus and prepare business for more successful

exploration of strategic options



The FACTS

- Hestia's "GEC strategies" are merely targets with no roadmap or timelines to achievement
- There are significant costs involved in reverting to any sort of narrow "niche" strategy for GEC
 - Less revenues to cover fixed costs loss of operating leverage
 - Employee lay offs
 - Asset write-downs
 - Termination and likely loss of customers
 - Inefficiencies from moving to a more regional focused network
 - Termination of leases for facilities already established
 - Impact on steady-state operational metrics
 - Significant reputational impact
- Hestia's claims of valuing GEC at \$1.2-\$2.2BN is highly unrealistic –
 Hestia in fact acknowledges this when it proposes disposing GEC for a
 \$250MM net cash in its Pillar 5, which is blatantly at odds with its efforts to
 "restore" GEC profitability in Pillar 2



Pillar #2 – Restore GEC profitability and explore alternatives

Spent approximately \$475 million on Newgistics acquisition, then pivoted to a failed strategy that turned a profitable growth business into a highly unprofitable business



- Newgistics acquisition enabled GEC's position in domestic ecommerce focused parcel business the platform would leverage the USPS network for the capex-heavy last mile connectivity, a longstanding PBI partner
- In order to succeed in the long run and meet the needs of Newgistics' client base, we knew at time of acquisition that investment was necessary to transform Newgistics from a regional operation losing customers to one with a national footprint, modernized technology and automation
- GEC now offers nationwide, regional, and local client services at competitive and predictable cost levels – this has positioned GEC to realize profitable revenue growth through achievable volume increases

Hestia's inaccurate claims





Pillar #2 – Restore GEC profitability and explore alternatives

GEC has forsaken a "niche" strategy in favor of competing with UPS/FedEX



- We have always maintained Newgistics' initial B2C middle-market retail focus as opposed to the broad-based logistics offerings of meganetworks like UPS/FedEx
- · We specifically play in the 1-5lb parcel range
- Our specific focus allows us to be nimbler and we have developed a very competitive product and scale in the middle market retail segment that provides a credible path to profitability
- Further, Hestia fails to appreciate that we do not compete alone we leverage USPS' powerful network, which delivers mail and parcels to every address in the USA six days a week, as our final mile provider
- It is also inaccurate to compare GEC's gross margins with FedEx and UPS which are fundamentally asset heavy businesses vs. GEC which is an asset light model
 - Further, Hestia benchmarking our Gross Profits against UPS and FedEx is at odds with its multiple claims that GEC should pursue a "niche" strategy where there is no competition with UPS/FedEx



Pillar #2 – Restore GEC profitability and explore alternatives

Spent approximately \$395 million on BorderFree, which was mismanaged and ultimately sold for \$100 million



- Borderfree sale transaction was only for the front-end tech piece which was losing money and where we could not economically compete
- We made the capital allocation decision that heavy investments in scaling BorderFree to remain competitive was not the best use of capital
- Continuing our strategy of ecommerce logistics focus vs. broad ecommerce industry targeting, we have retained the logistics piece of BorderFree in order to build out our domestic ecommerce business
- We also agreed to a strategic partnership with Global-e which helps retain our competitive standing with existing international shippers
- Proceeds were immediately used to delever; sale process is evidence PBI is continually evaluating the right strategic approach to GEC

Hestia's inaccurate claims





Pillar #3 – Drive profitable growth in SendTech

Failed to aggressively pursue shipping label acquisitions, such as ShippingEasy.com and Endicia, that were strategic fits with SendTech's postage meter business and were the driving force in Auctane's (f.k.a. Stamps.com) significant revenue, EBITDA and market valuation growth over its final several years as a public company



- Auctane's business model was based on taking excessive margin share from USPS - the economics of this model proved unsustainable and deteriorated significantly when USPS ended its Reseller rebate program in 2022
 - Auctane is expected to incur considerable economics loss from the changed USPS reseller dynamics
 - Corroborates prudency of Pitney Bowes pursuing alternative growth streams
- Further, if Hestia understood clients who use these shipping user interfaces, they would know the package volumes they ship are too small for them to become feeders into our domestic parcel logistics business
- We have continued to invest in shipping labels since 2015, due to our strategic investments in public facing APIs for our shipping services, PitneyShip software, and Shipping360 platform, we have added ~500MM labels (annually) to our platform
- Mr. Lautenbach made shipping labels a prime focus after coming onboard in 2012 and with our strategic investments in labeling technology, we have been able to launch new technology, platforms and strategy to acquire labels and online postage volume within 3 years in 2015

Hestia's inaccurate claims

The FACTS



Pillar #6 – Ensure Board protects and prioritizes stockholders



Our governance practices are better than or in line with the broader market; ISS has assigned us the lowest level of governance risk



Executive compensation and director stock ownership

The executives and directors at Pitney Bowes are "handsomely paid" regardless of performance

Mr. Lautenbach's performance targets have continually dropped as his compensation targets have continually increased

The current Board owns few shares



- Rigorous targets have ensured appropriate realized compensation is directly linked to performance
 - 90% of Mr. Lautenbach's 2022 compensation was at-risk
 - Mr. Lautenbach's realized compensation has decreased in each of the last 2 years, and was ~53% of target in 2022
 - Mr. Lautenbach's annual and long-term incentive payments have been below targets for each of the last 7 years, demonstrating that the goals set have been rigorous, stretch targets
 - Mr. Lautenbach and all other NEOs forfeited their 2022 performancebased restricted stock grant as a result of PBI failing to meet the performance threshold target
 - The grant date fair value of Mr. Lautenbach's forfeited award was over \$2.5MM
- Mr. Lautenbach has not sold any post-tax shares awarded to him or any
 of the ~\$1.35MM in stock he has acquired through open market,
 underscoring his belief in the Company's prospects and his direct alignment
 with shareholders' interests
- Shareholders have supported say-on-pay with an average of >90% over the past 3 years
- All executive officers and directors as a group own 5% of PBI, including 2.9% held by Mr. Lautenbach

Source: Public filings; ¹ FDIC "Quarterly Banking Profile" report

89

Hestia's inaccurate claims

The FACTS



Pillar #5 – Address significant capital structure issues

Hestia's proposes options to reduce leverage to <2.5x as: Plan A – Improve operations Plan B – Sell GEC Plan C – Unlock bank cash / buy debt in open market



- Hestia has highly misleading analogies on debt paydowns no company pays off all their debt - ever. In March 2021 we successfully completed 5 and 8 year re-financings – market for high yield does not go beyond 10 years
- The March 2021 financing substantially extended the maturity of the capital structure and did not create a debt wall. We did not "add debt maturities".
 Post deal, total debt levels were lower and longer
- None of the plans to reduce leverage to <2.5x are credible:
 - Plan A, Improve operations there is no strategy whatsoever on how Hestia will attain a \$126mm improvement in EBITDA which is a ~40% EBITDA increase over 2022 in 12 months
 - Plan B, sell GEC Hestia assumes \$250mm net cash from GEC to pay down debt – if Hestia does sell GEC for \$250mm to raise cash, its "walk" to a \$15+ share price falls apart
 - Plan C, unlock bank cash the plan hinges on the idea that they will "unlock trapped capital in the Bank" within 3-6 months; in fact, PBI has aggressively pursued this for 3 years, building the capabilities and working with regulators to enable a transaction
 - Plan C, buy open market debt We continue to buy debt opportunistically in the open market and have brought back ~\$10mm of our 2024s since Dec 2022

Hestia's inaccurate claims

The FACTS



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Source: Public filings; 1 FDIC "Quarterly Banking Profile" report

89

Hestia's inaccurate claims

The FACTS



PB Bank

Failed to unlock approximately \$200 million in restricted cash at the bank for 10+ years



- PBB is a regulated entity and is subject to customary reserve requirements for the amount of cash & cash equivalents
- Cash held at the bank is a portion of customer deposits and a significant amount cannot be withdrawn
- PBB's has a liquidity ratio (cash relative to assets) in line with the market and comparable to the market benchmark average for all FDIC institutions over the last 5 years¹
- Our held cash is invested in accordance with regulations and market best practices
- We are actively looking for opportunities to optimize cash held at PBB but responsibly, and well within our regulatory parameters



Capital allocation and debt

Failed to use the core segments' considerable cash flow to repurchase stock and debt at alltime lows



- We do not believe stock buybacks make sense at this time however, we have returned \$1.5BN of capital to shareholders since 2013
- We have used our core cashflows to pay down debt of \$1.7BN since 2013 to maintain a prudent balance sheet
- The volatility created by COVID and ensuing disruptions meant that we needed to be prudent with our capital allocation priorities
- Our March 2021 refinancing meaningfully extended our maturity profile and we only have ~\$240MM of debt maturities through March 2026
- Going forward, the highest priority for our capital deployment is in organic investments to improve growth and margins across our businesses and complete the buildout of GEC

Source: Public filings; 1 FDIC "Quarterly Banking Profile" report

90

Concluding remarks



Hestia's proxy contest is misleading and misinformed with a value-destructive strategy



Hestia has rejected every offer of compromise and has instead continuously moved the "goalposts"



Hestia has offered no coherent strategy and has repeatedly shifted its proposals

 Hestia's "100-Day" plan only highlights vague platitudes, is not based on any factual or informed work and would risk significant business, employee and customer disruption



Hestia's "shrink GEC" strategy is value-destructive and would be highly destabilizing to Pitney Bowes, unraveling the significant network build-out, ecommerce logistics foothold and strong client relationships



Aside from Katie May, Hestia's director candidates have notably weaker business experience/credentials than the current Pitney Bowes Board



Hestia refuses to acknowledge our rigorous and positive Board changes – any further changes would destabilize the Board, which would impede our strategic progress and put shareholder value at risk

 If Hestia's slate is elected, 7 new directors out of 9 will have joined the Board in 2023, in addition to 4 new committee chairs, a new Chairman and a new CEO



Despite claiming to have a qualified interim CEO candidate since December 2022, Hestia ultimately defaulted to one of its previously named director nominees (Lance Rosenzweig) as a last resort after a failed search

 He is not qualified to serve as a director of Pitney Bowes, much less as CEO, based on his track record of poor performance and weak corporate governance, as well as his lack of shipping and logistics experience



Kurt Wolf's GameStop experience underscores his single-minded focus on benefitting Hestia and its stakeholders

PBI is transforming the business and positioning it for sustainable growth and long-term shareholder value



Our Board and management had to undertake a significant transformation in the last 10 years to address structural business challenges



At the time Marc Lautenbach was appointed CEO in December 2012, we had a portfolio of disjointed businesses in decline, several of which were suffering from lack of investment in their product lines



Since then, Mr. Lautenbach's leadership has helped reduce debt by \$1.7BN, eliminate several hundred million dollars of expenses, return \$1.5BN of capital to shareholders, invest \$2.6BN in our businesses, and divest \$2.1BN of strategically incoherent, slower-growth businesses



Simplified business into 3 synergistic segments focused on reducing the complexity of mailing and shipping

- ✓ SendTech Reinvested to create a comprehensive letter mailing and parcel shipping solution
- √ Presort Invested through acquisitions and technology to enable growth in a declining environment.
- ✓ Global Ecommerce (GEC) Built a new growth segment delivering \$1.6BN of revenue¹, which is on the path
 to profitability



We have undertaken significant Board refreshment with highly qualified and experienced directors, reducing our average director tenure from ~10 years at the end of 2015 to ~5 years² at conclusion of 2023 AGM

- √ 6 new independent directors have been added and 8 longer-tenured directors have stepped down
- Our slate includes 3 new director candidates, including Hestia's nominee Katie May, and 3 incumbents stepping down (including the Chairman), which exceeds the change Hestia initially asked for last Fall



Our Board and management incentives are aligned with shareholders

- √ All executive officers and directors as a group own 5% of PBI, including 2.9% held by Mr. Lautenbach
- √ Rigorous targets have ensured appropriate realized compensation is directly linked to performance.



We urge you to support your Board by voting the GOLD proxy card today "FOR" all Pitney Bowes nominees as well as Hestia nominee Katie May

Appendix



Reconciliation of reported consolidated results to adjusted results

(Unaudited; in thousands, except per share amounts

	Three months ended December 31,		Twelv	Twelve months ended December 31,				
	202	2	202	21	20	22	20	21
Reconciliation of reported net income (loss) to adjusted EBIT and EBITDA								
Net income (loss)	\$	6,296	\$	1,267	\$	36,940	\$	(1,351)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax				524		-		4,858
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		1,121		(320)		2,940		(10,922)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes		7,417		1,471		39,880		(7,415)
Restructuring charges		6,043		7,569		18,715		19,003
Gain on sale of assets		-				(14,372)		(1,434)
(Gain) loss on sale of businesses, including transaction costs		(1,319)		2,582		(12,205)		(7,619)
Loss on debt redemption/refinancing		-		633		4,993		56,209
Adjusted net income before tax		12,141		12,255		37,011		58,744
Interest, net		37,126		34,760		141,769		143,945
Adjusted EBIT		49,267		47,015		178,780		202,689
Depreciation and amortization		39,064		41,634		163,816		162,859
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	88,331	\$	88,649	\$	342,596	\$	365,548
Reconciliation of reported diluted earnings (loss) per share to adjusted diluted								
earnings per share								
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.04	\$	0.01	\$	0.21	\$	(0.01)
Restructuring charges		0.03		0.03		0.08		0.08
Gain on sale of assets		-		-		(0.06)		(0.01)
(Gain) loss on sale of businesses, including transaction costs		(0.01)		0.01		(0.09)		(0.01)
Loss on debt redemption/refinancing		-		-		0.02		0.24
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		-		-				0.03
Adjusted diluted earnings per share (1)	\$	0.06	\$	0.06	\$	0.15	\$	0.32
(1) The sum of the earnings per share amounts may not equal the totals due to rounding.								
Reconciliation of reported net cash from operating activities to free cash flow								
Net cash from operating activities	\$	166,754	\$	85,341	\$	175,983	\$	301,515
Capital expenditures		(27,307)		(43, 135)		(124,840)		(184,042)
Restructuring payments		3,645		7,143		15,406		21,990
Change in customer deposits at PB Bank		(35,349)		(10,650)		(3,990)		14,862
Transaction costs paid		379				5,779		
Free cash flow	\$	108,122	\$	38,699	\$	68,338	\$	154,325

Glossary

3PL	Third-Party Logistics
AGM	Annual General Meeting
API	Application Programming Interface
B2B	Business to Business
B2C	Business to Consumer
CAGR	Compounded Annual Growth Rate
CapEx	Capital Expenditures
CIU	Cash Incentive Unit
DMT	Document Messaging Technology
EBIT	Earnings Before Interest & Tax
EBITDA	Earnings Before Interest Tax Depreciation & Amortization
EHS	Environmental Health & Safety
EPS	Earnings Per Share
ESG	Environmental, Social and Governance
FCF	Free Cash Flow
FDIC	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
GEC	Global Ecommerce
GFS	Global Financial Services
GTM	Go-To-Market
HR	Human Resources
ILC	Industrial Loan Company
loT	Internet of Things

ISS	Institutional Shareholder Services
IT	Information Technology
LLC	Limited Liability Company
MMF	Marketing Mail Flat
NEO	Non-executive Officers
PBB	Pitney Bowes Bank
MMF	Marketing Mail Flat
NEO	Named Executive Officer
PBB	Pitney Bowes Bank
PBIH	Pitney Bowes International Holdings
PBMS	Pitney Bowes Management Services
Presort	Presort Services
PRSU	Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit
PSU	Performance Stock Unit
SaaS	Software-as-a-service
SendTech	Sending Technology Solutions
SG&A	Selling General & Administrative
SMB	Small and Medium-sized Business
TAM	Total Addressable Market
TSR	Total Shareholder Return
UI	User Interface
USPS	United States Postal Service

About Pitney Bowes

Pitney Bowes (NYSE: PBI) is a global shipping and mailing company that provides technology, logistics, and financial services to more than 90 percent of the Fortune 500. Small business, retail, enterprise, and government clients around the world rely on Pitney Bowes to remove the complexity of sending mail and parcels. For the latest news, corporate announcements and financial results visit https://www.pitneybowes.com/us/newsroom.html. For additional information visit Pitney Bowes at www.pitneybowes.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

The above materials contain "forward-looking statements" about the Company's expected or potential future business and financial performance. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about future revenue and earnings guidance and future events or conditions. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. In particular, we continue to navigate the impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic (Covid-19) as well as the risk of a global recession, and the effects that they may have on our and our clients' business. Other factors which could cause future financial performance to differ materially from expectations, and which may also be exacerbated by Covid-19 or the risk of a global recession or a negative change in the economy, include, without limitation, declining physical mail volumes; changes in postal regulations or the operations and financial health of posts in the U.S. or other major markets or changes to the broader postal or shipping markets; the loss of, or significant changes to, United States Postal Service (USPS) commercial programs, or our contractual relationships with the USPS or USPS' performance under those contracts; our ability to continue to grow and manage volumes, gain additional economies of scale and improve profitability within our Global Ecommerce segment; changes in labor and transportation availability and costs; and other factors as more fully outlined in the Company's 2022 Form 10-K Annual Report and other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Pitney Bowes assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained in this document as a result of new information, events or developments.

Important Additional Information and Where to Find It

Pitney Bowes has filed a definitive proxy statement (the "Proxy Statement") and other documents with the SEC in connection with its solicitation of proxies from shareholders in respect of Pitney Bowes' 2023 annual meeting of shareholders. BEFORE MAKING ANY VOTING DECISION, INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS ARE URGED TO READ ALL RELEVANT DOCUMENTS, INCLUDING PITNEY BOWES' PROXY STATEMENT AND ANY AMENDMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTS THERETO AND THE ACCOMPANYING GOLD PROXY CARD, FILED WITH THE SEC WHEN THEY BECOME AVAILABLE BECAUSE THEY CONTAIN, OR WILL CONTAIN, IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT PITNEY BOWES. Shareholders may obtain free copies of the Proxy Statement and other relevant documents that Pitney Bowes files with the SEC and on Pitney Bowes' website at http://www.pitneybowes.com or from the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.