# UNITED STATES <br> SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 <br> FORM 10-Q 

## ㅁ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$
Commission file number: 1-3579

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)
1 Elmcroft Road, Stamford, Connecticut
(Address of principal executive offices)

06-0495050
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

06926-0700
(Zip Code)
(203) 356-5000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes $\quad$
No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Yes } \square & \text { No }
\end{array}
$$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated filer $\square \quad$ Accelerated filer $\square \quad$ Non-accelerated filer $\square \quad$ Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes $\square \quad$ No $\square$
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of April 26, 2011.

Class
Outstanding
Common Stock, \$1 par value per share

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

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## Item 1: Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Revenue: |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment sales | \$ | 241,631 | \$ | 239,298 |
| Supplies |  | 82,870 |  | 85,277 |
| Software |  | 99,565 |  | 83,767 |
| Rentals |  | 143,051 |  | 155,437 |
| Financing |  | 154,230 |  | 162,775 |
| Support services |  | 178,614 |  | 180,034 |
| Business services |  | 423,108 |  | 441,645 |
| Total revenue |  | ,323,069 |  | 1,348,233 |
| Costs and expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of equipment sales |  | 114,753 |  | 105,837 |
| Cost of supplies |  | 26,192 |  | 25,365 |
| Cost of software |  | 25,212 |  | 21,156 |
| Cost of rentals |  | 32,599 |  | 37,071 |
| Financing interest expense |  | 23,293 |  | 21,938 |
| Cost of support services |  | 115,276 |  | 114,606 |
| Cost of business services |  | 333,567 |  | 330,472 |
| Selling, general and administrative |  | 429,919 |  | 443,297 |
| Research and development |  | 34,758 |  | 40,865 |
| Restructuring charges and asset impairments |  | 26,024 |  | 20,722 |
| Other interest expense |  | 28,524 |  | 27,658 |
| Interest income |  | $(1,222)$ |  | (762) |
| Total costs and expenses |  | ,188,895 |  | 1,188,225 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes |  | 134,174 |  | 160,008 |
| Provision for income taxes |  | 41,394 |  | 73,245 |
| Income from continuing operations |  | 92,780 |  | 86,763 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of income tax |  | $(1,882)$ |  | $(3,130)$ |
| Net income before attribution of noncontrolling interests |  | 90,898 |  | 83,633 |
| Less: Preferred stock dividends of subsidiaries attributable to noncontrolling interests |  | 4,594 |  | 4,594 |
| Net income | \$ | 86,304 | \$ | 79,039 |
| Amounts attributable to common stockholders: |  |  |  |  |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ | 88,186 | \$ | 82,169 |
| Loss from discontinued operations |  | $(1,882)$ |  | $(3,130)$ |
| Net income | \$ | 86,304 | \$ | 79,039 |
| Basic earnings per share attributable to common stockholders: |  |  |  |  |
| Continuing operations | \$ | 0.43 | \$ | 0.40 |
| Discontinued operations |  | (0.01) |  | (0.02) |
| Net income | \$ | 0.42 | \$ | 0.38 |


| Diluted earnings per share attributable to common stockholders: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continuing operations | \$ | 0.43 | \$ | 0.40 |
| Discontinued operations |  | (0.01) |  | (0.02) |
| Net income | \$ | 0.42 | \$ | 0.38 |
| Dividends declared per share of common stock | \$ | 0.370 | \$ | 0.365 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

## (Unaudited; in thousands, except share and per share data)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2011 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2010 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 652,069 | \$ | 484,363 |
| Short-term investments |  | 28,398 |  | 30,609 |
| Accounts receivables, gross |  | 780,066 |  | 824,015 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts receivables |  | $(30,073)$ |  | $(31,880)$ |
| Accounts receivables, net |  | 749,993 |  | 792,135 |
| Finance receivables |  | 1,336,881 |  | 1,370,305 |
| Allowance for credit losses |  | $(47,981)$ |  | $(48,709)$ |
| Finance receivables, net |  | 1,288,900 |  | 1,321,596 |
| Inventories |  | 180,292 |  | 168,967 |
| Current income taxes |  | 66,678 |  | 103,542 |
| Other current assets and prepayments |  | 115,683 |  | 107,029 |
| Total current assets |  | 3,082,013 |  | 3,008,241 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net |  | 420,385 |  | 426,501 |
| Rental property and equipment, net |  | 290,013 |  | 300,170 |
| Finance receivables |  | 1,228,294 |  | 1,265,220 |
| Allowance for credit losses |  | $(21,239)$ |  | $(20,721)$ |
| Finance receivables, net |  | 1,207,055 |  | 1,244,499 |
| Investment in leveraged leases |  | 258,905 |  | 251,006 |
| Goodwill |  | 2,331,022 |  | 2,306,793 |
| Intangible assets, net |  | 286,686 |  | 297,443 |
| Non-current income taxes |  | 134,564 |  | 130,601 |
| Other assets |  | 486,211 |  | 478,769 |
| Total assets | \$ | 8,496,854 | \$ | 8,444,023 |
| LIABILITIES, NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT |  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 1,757,372 | \$ | 1,825,261 |
| Current income taxes |  | 206,134 |  | 192,924 |
| Notes payable and current portion of long-term obligations |  | 45,450 |  | 53,494 |
| Advance billings |  | 508,160 |  | 481,900 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 2,517,116 |  | 2,553,579 |
| Deferred taxes on income |  | 273,379 |  | 261,118 |
| Tax uncertainties and other income tax liabilities |  | 546,881 |  | 536,531 |
| Long-term debt |  | 4,236,437 |  | 4,239,248 |
| Other non-current liabilities |  | 651,761 |  | 653,758 |
| Total liabilities |  | 8,225,574 |  | 8,244,234 |
| Noncontrolling interests (Preferred stockholders' equity in subsidiaries) |  | 296,370 |  | 296,370 |
| Commitments and contingencies (See Note 12) |  |  |  |  |
| Stockholders' deficit: |  |  |  |  |
| Cumulative preferred stock, \$50 par value, 4\% convertible |  | 4 |  | 4 |
| Cumulative preference stock, no par value, \$2.12 convertible |  | 741 |  | 752 |
| Common stock, \$1 par value (480,000,000 shares authorized; 323,337,912 shares issued) |  | 323,338 |  | 323,338 |


| Additional paid-in capital | 236,633 |  |  | 250,928 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retained earnings |  | 4,293,198 |  | 4,282,316 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss |  | $(414,496)$ |  | $(473,806)$ |
| Treasury stock, at cost (119,489,510 and 119,906,910 shares, respectively) |  | $(4,464,508)$ |  | $(4,480,113)$ |
| Total Pitney Bowes Inc. stockholders' deficit |  | $(25,090)$ |  | $(96,581)$ |
| Total liabilities, noncontrolling interests and stockholders' deficit | \$ | 8,496,854 | \$ | 8,444,023 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

PITNEY BOWES INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited; in thousands)

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Net income before attribution of noncontrolling interests | \$ | 90,898 | \$ | 83,633 |
| Restructuring charges and asset impairments, net of tax |  | 17,306 |  | 13,527 |
| Restructuring payments |  | $(29,745)$ |  | $(27,720)$ |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 69,318 |  | 79,701 |
| Stock-based compensation |  | 3,918 |  | 5,055 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivables |  | 51,868 |  | 60,369 |
| (Increase) decrease in finance receivables |  | 89,611 |  | 74,205 |
| (Increase) decrease in inventories |  | $(11,410)$ |  | $(7,152)$ |
| (Increase) decrease in prepaid, deferred expense and other assets |  | (835) |  | $(5,151)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities |  | $(79,362)$ |  | $(61,488)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in current and non-current income taxes |  | 66,915 |  | 57,312 |
| Increase (decrease) in advance billings |  | 22,100 |  | 21,694 |
| Increase (decrease) in other operating capital, net |  | 6,179 |  | 7,569 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 296,761 |  | 301,554 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term and other investments |  | $(11,144)$ |  | 242 |
| Capital expenditures |  | $(34,676)$ |  | $(28,367)$ |
| Net investment in external financing |  | $(1,560)$ |  | $(1,400)$ |
| Reserve account deposits |  | $(5,995)$ |  | $(11,221)$ |
| Net cash used in investing activities |  | $(53,375)$ |  | $(40,746)$ |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Decrease in notes payable, net |  | $(7,700)$ |  | $(121,994)$ |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock |  | 3,500 |  | 2,992 |
| Dividends paid to common stockholders |  | $(75,423)$ |  | $(75,649)$ |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | $(79,623)$ |  | $(194,651)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents |  | 3,943 |  | $(1,954)$ |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents |  | 167,706 |  | 64,203 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period |  | 484,363 |  | 412,737 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ | 652,069 | \$ | 476,940 |
| Cash interest paid | \$ | 77,558 | \$ | 72,788 |
| Cash income tax (refund) payments, net | \$ | $(19,503)$ | \$ | 24,820 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)

## 1. Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

## Description of Business

We offer a full suite of equipment, supplies, software, services and solutions for managing and integrating physical and digital communication channels. We conduct our business activities in seven reporting segments within two business groups: Small \& Medium Business Solutions and Enterprise Business Solutions. See Note 14 for information regarding our reportable segments.

## Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of Pitney Bowes Inc. and its subsidiaries (PBI, the company, we, us, and our) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In addition, the December 31, 2010 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary to present fairly our financial position at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, our results of operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or the year ending December 31, 2011.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report to Stockholders on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 (2010 Annual Report). Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

## 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On January 1, 2011, new accounting guidance became effective addressing the accounting for revenue arrangements with multiple elements and certain revenue arrangements that include software. This guidance allows companies to allocate consideration in a multiple element arrangement in a way that better reflects the economics of the transaction and resulted in the elimination of the residual method. In addition, tangible products that have software components that are "essential to the functionality" of the tangible product were scoped out of the software revenue guidance. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows, nor did it result in any additional disclosures to the disclosures already included in our 2010 Annual Report. Refer to Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our 2010 Annual Report for further information.

## 3. Discontinued Operations

The loss from discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 of $\$ 1,882$ and $\$ 3,130$, respectively, relates to the accrual of interest on liabilities for uncertain tax positions retained in connection with the sale of our Capital Services business in 2006.

## 4. Inventories

Inventories at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 consisted of the following:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2011 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2010 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw materials and work in process | \$ | 55,518 | \$ | 46,664 |
| Supplies and service parts |  | 61,186 |  | 63,991 |
| Finished products |  | 63,588 |  | 58,312 |
| Total | \$ | 180,292 | \$ | 168,967 |

PITNEY BOWES INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)

## 5. Intangible Assets and Goodwill

The components of our purchased intangible assets are as follows:

|  | March 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |  | December 31, 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross Carrying Amount |  | Accumulated Amortization |  | Net Carrying Amount |  | Gross Carrying Amount |  | Accumulated Amortization |  | Net Carrying Amount |  |
| Customer relationships | \$ | 457,236 | \$ | $(238,345)$ | \$ | 218,891 | \$ | 453,523 | \$ | $(229,143)$ | \$ | 224,380 |
| Supplier relationships |  | 29,000 |  | $(16,917)$ |  | 12,083 |  | 29,000 |  | $(16,192)$ |  | 12,808 |
| Software \& technology |  | 174,018 |  | $(124,201)$ |  | 49,817 |  | 172,188 |  | $(118,390)$ |  | 53,798 |
| Trademarks \& trade names |  | 37,022 |  | $(31,504)$ |  | 5,518 |  | 36,322 |  | $(30,224)$ |  | 6,098 |
| Non-compete agreements |  | 7,999 |  | $(7,622)$ |  | 377 |  | 7,845 |  | $(7,486)$ |  | 359 |
| Total intangible assets | \$ | 705,275 | \$ | $(418,589)$ | \$ | 286,686 | \$ | 698,878 | \$ | $(401,435)$ | \$ | 297,443 |

Amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was $\$ 15$ million and $\$ 16$ million, respectively. The future amortization expense related to intangible assets as of March 31, 2011 is as follows:

|  | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Remaining for year ended December 31, 2011 | $\$ 83,418$ |
| Year ended December 31, 2012 | 52,205 |
| Year ended December 31, 2013 | 47,591 |
| Year ended December 31, 2014 | 44,105 |
| Year ended December 31, 2015 | 35,852 |
| Thereafter | 63,515 |
| Total | $\$ \quad 286,686$ |

Actual amortization expense may differ from the amounts above due to, among other things, future acquisitions, impairments, accelerated amortization and flucuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, by reporting segment, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 is as follows:

|  | Balance at December 31, 2010 (1) |  | Acquired during the period |  | Other (2) |  | Balance at March 31, 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| North America Mailing | \$ | 367,665 | \$ | - | \$ | 7,894 | \$ | 375,559 |
| International Mailing |  | 176,928 |  | - |  | 9,286 |  | 186,214 |
| Small \& Medium Business Solutions |  | 544,593 |  | - |  | 17,180 |  | 561,773 |
| Production Mail |  | 136,331 |  | - |  | 2,228 |  | 138,559 |
| Software |  | 678,101 |  | - |  | $(1,188)$ |  | 676,913 |
| Management Services |  | 494,433 |  | - |  | 5,765 |  | 500,198 |
| Mail Services |  | 259,102 |  | - |  | 244 |  | 259,346 |
| Marketing Services |  | 194,233 |  | - |  | - |  | 194,233 |
| Enterprise Business Solutions |  | 1,762,200 |  | - |  | 7,049 |  | 1,769,249 |
| Total | \$ | 2,306,793 | \$ | - | \$ | 24,229 | \$ | 2,331,022 |

(1) Prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.
(2) "Other" is primarily foreign currency translation adjustments.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)

## 6. Long-term Debt

There have been no significant changes to long-term debt since December 31, 2010.
In April 2011, we entered into two interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional value of $\$ 450$ million to effectively convert the fixed rate interest payments on our $\$ 450$ million $4.875 \%$ notes due in 2014 into variable rates. Under the terms of these agreements, we will pay a weighted-average variable rate based on three month LIBOR plus 305 basis points and receive fixed rate payments of $4.875 \%$.

## 7. Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was $30.9 \%$ and $45.8 \%$, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2011 includes a $\$ 9$ million tax benefit arising from a favorable conclusion of a foreign tax examination and a $\$ 2$ million charge from the write-off of deferred tax assets associated with the expiration of out-of-the-money vested stock options and the vesting of restricted stock units previously granted to our employees. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2010 included a $\$ 9$ million charge from the write-off of deferred tax assets related to the U.S. health care reform legislation that eliminated the tax deduction for retiree health care costs to the extent of federal subsidies received by companies that provide retiree prescription drug benefits equivalent to Medicare Part D coverage and a $\$ 9$ million charge from the write-off of deferred tax assets associated with the expiration of out-of-the-money vested stock options and the vesting of restricted stock units previously granted to our employees.

We regularly assess the likelihood of tax adjustments in each of the tax jurisdictions in which we have operations and account for the related financial statement implications. Tax reserves have been established which we believe to be appropriate given the possibility of tax adjustments. Determining the appropriate level of tax reserves requires us to exercise judgement regarding the uncertain application of tax law. The amount of reserves is adjusted when information becomes available or when an event occurs indicating a change in the reserve is appropriate. Future changes in tax reserve requirements could have a material impact on our results of operations.

We are continually under examination by tax authorities in the United States, other countries and local jurisdictions in which we have operations. The current IRS exam of tax years 2001-2004 is estimated to be completed within the next year and the examination of years 2005-2008 within the next two years. In connection with the 2001-2004 exam, we have received notices of proposed adjustments to our filed returns and are involved in negotiations to settle all issues in dispute. In connection with the 2005-2008 exam, we have begun to receive notices of proposed adjustments to our filed returns. A variety of post-2000 tax years remain subject to examination by other tax authorities, including the U.K., Canada, France, Germany and various U.S. states. It is reasonably possible that the amount of our unrecognized tax benefits will decrease in the next 12 months, and we expect this change could be up to one-third of our unrecognized tax benefits. Tax reserves have been established which we believe to be appropriate given the possibility of tax adjustments. However, the resolution of such matters could have a material impact on our results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

## 8. Noncontrolling Interests (Preferred Stockholders' Equity in Subsidiaries)

In 2009, Pitney Bowes International Holdings, Inc. (PBIH), a subsidiary of ours, issued 300,000 shares, or $\$ 300$ million, of perpetual voting preferred stock (the Preferred Stock) to certain outside institutional investors. The holders of the Preferred Stock are entitled as a group to $25 \%$ of the combined voting power of all classes of capital stock of PBIH. All outstanding common stock of PBIH, representing the remaining $75 \%$ of the combined voting power of all classes of capital stock, is owned directly or indirectly by the company. The Preferred Stock is entitled to cumulative dividends at a rate of $6.125 \%$ for a period of seven years after which it becomes callable and, if it remains outstanding, will yield a dividend that increases by $50 \%$ every six months thereafter.

The carrying value of the Preferred Stock is reported as Noncontrolling interests (Preferred stockholders' equity in subsidiaries) on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Preferred Stock dividends are reported in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income as Preferred stock dividends of subsidiaries attributable to noncontrolling interests. No dividends were in arrears at March 31, 2011 or December 31, 2010.

There was no change in the carrying value of noncontrolling interests during the period ended March 31, 2011 or the year ended December 31, 2010.

PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

 (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)
## 9. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Net income | \$ | 86,304 | \$ | 79,039 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax: |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments |  | 50,817 |  | $(33,343)$ |
| Net unrealized (loss) gain on derivatives |  | (51) |  | 320 |
| Net unrealized (loss) gain on investment securities |  | (125) |  | 144 |
| Amortization of pension and postretirement costs |  | 8,669 |  | 7,025 |
| Comprehensive income | \$ | 145,614 | \$ | 53,185 |

## 10. Fair Value Measurements and Derivative Instruments

The fair value measurement guidance established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
Level 2 - Quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity, may be derived from internally developed methodologies based on management's best estimate of fair value and that are significant to the fair value of the asset or liability.

The following tables show, by level within the fair value hierarchy, our financial assets and liabilities that are accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect their placement within the fair value hierarchy.

|  | March 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level 1 |  | Level 2 |  | Level 3 |  | Total |  |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment securities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Money market funds / commercial paper | \$ | 449,258 | \$ | 9,208 | \$ | - | \$ | 458,466 |
| Equity securities |  | - |  | 24,582 |  | - |  | 24,582 |
| Debt securities - U.S. and foreign governments, agencies and municipalities |  | 82,460 |  | 32,652 |  | - |  | 115,112 |
| Debt securities - corporate |  | - |  | 28,880 |  | - |  | 28,880 |
| Asset-backed securities |  | - |  | 1,823 |  | - |  | 1,823 |
| Mortgage-backed securities |  | - |  | 106,189 |  | - |  | 106,189 |
| Derivatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest rate swaps |  | - |  | 8,860 |  | - |  | 8,860 |
| Foreign exchange contracts |  | - |  | 2,330 |  | - |  | 2,330 |
| Total assets | \$ | 531,718 | \$ | 214,524 | \$ | - | \$ | 746,242 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Derivatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$ | - | \$ | 4,973 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,973 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | - | \$ | 4,973 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,973 |

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)

|  | December 31, 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level 1 |  | Level 2 |  | Level 3 |  | Total |  |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment securities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Money market funds / commercial paper | \$ | 256,074 | \$ | 1,531 | \$ | - | \$ | 257,605 |
| Equity securities |  | - |  | 23,410 |  | - |  | 23,410 |
| Debt securities - U.S. and foreign governments, agencies and municipalities |  | 74,425 |  | 30,725 |  | - |  | 105,150 |
| Debt securities - corporate |  | - |  | 22,262 |  | - |  | 22,262 |
| Asset-backed securities |  | - |  | 1,490 |  | - |  | 1,490 |
| Mortgage-backed securities |  | - |  | 104,989 |  | - |  | 104,989 |
| Derivatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest rate swaps |  | - |  | 10,280 |  | - |  | 10,280 |
| Foreign exchange contracts |  | - |  | 2,887 |  | - |  | 2,887 |
| Total assets | \$ | 330,499 | \$ | 197,574 | \$ | - | \$ | 528,073 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Derivatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign exchange contracts | \$ | - | \$ | 6,907 | \$ | - | \$ | 6,907 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | - | \$ | 6,907 | \$ | - | \$ | 6,907 |

## Investment Securities

For our investments, we use the market approach for recurring fair value measurements and the valuation techniques use inputs that are observable, or can be corroborated by observable data, in an active marketplace.

The following information relates to our classification into the fair value hierarchy:

- Money Market Funds / Commercial Paper: Money market funds typically invest in government securities, certificates of deposit, commercial paper of companies and other highly liquid and low-risk securities. Money market funds are principally used for overnight deposits and are classified as Level 1 when unadjusted quoted prices in active markets are available and as Level 2 when they are not actively traded on an exchange. Direct investments in commercial paper are not listed on an exchange in an active market and are classified as Level 2.
- Equity Securities: Equity securities are comprised of mutual funds investing in U.S. and foreign common stock. These mutual funds are classified as Level 2 as they are not separately listed on an exchange.
- Debt Securities - U.S. and Foreign Governments, Agencies and Municipalities: Debt securities are classified as Level 1 where active, high volume trades for identical securities exist. Valuation adjustments are not applied to these securities. Debt securities valued using quoted market prices for similar securities or benchmarking model derived prices to quoted market prices and trade data for identical or comparable securities are classified as Level 2.
- Debt Securities - Corporate: Corporate debt securities are valued using recently executed transactions, market price quotations where observable, or bond spreads. The spread data used are for the same maturity as the security. These securities are classified as Level 2.
- Asset-Backed Securities (ABS) and Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS): These securities are valued based on external pricing indices. When external index pricing is not observable, ABS and MBS are valued based on external price/spread data. These securities are classified as Level 2.

Investment securities include investments held by The Pitney Bowes Bank (PBB). PBB, a wholly-owned subsidiary, is a Utah-chartered Industrial Loan Company (ILC). The bank's investments at March 31, 2011 were $\$ 302$ million. These investments were reported on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as cash and cash equivalents of $\$ 95$ million, short-term investments of $\$ 28$

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)

million and other assets of $\$ 179$ million. The bank's investments at December 31, 2010 were $\$ 246$ million and were reported as cash and cash equivalents of $\$ 61$ million, short-term investments of $\$ 27$ million and other assets of $\$ 158$ million.

We have not experienced any write-offs in our investment portfolio. The majority of our MBS are either guaranteed or supported by the U.S. government. Market events have not caused our money market funds to experience declines in their net asset value below $\$ 1.00$ per share or to incur imposed limits on redemptions. We have no investments in inactive markets which would warrant a possible change in our pricing methods or classification within the fair value hierarchy. Further, we have no investments in auction rate securities.

## Derivative Instruments

In the normal course of business, we are exposed to the impact of interest rate changes and foreign currency fluctuations. We limit these risks by following established risk management policies and procedures, including the use of derivatives. We use derivatives to manage the related cost of debt and to limit the effects of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on financial results. We do not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

As required by the fair value measurements guidance, we have incorporated counterparty credit risk and our credit risk into the fair value measurement of our derivative assets and liabilities, respectively. We derive credit risk from observable data related to credit default swaps. We have not seen a material change in the creditworthiness of those banks acting as derivative counterparties.

The valuation of our interest rate swaps is based on the income approach using a model with inputs that are observable or that can be derived from or corroborated by observable market data. The valuation of our foreign exchange derivatives are based on the market approach using observable market inputs, such as forward rates.

The following is a summary of our derivative fair values at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

| Designation of Derivatives | Balance Sheet Location | Fair Value |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2011 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2010 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Derivatives designated as hedging instruments | Other current assets and prepayments: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign exchange contracts | \$ | 4 | \$ | 160 |
|  | Other assets: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Interest rate swaps |  | 8,860 |  | 10,280 |
|  | Accounts payable and accrued liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign exchange contracts |  | 1,146 |  | 716 |
| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments | Other current assets and prepayments: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign exchange contracts |  | 2,326 |  | 2,727 |
|  | Accounts payable and accrued liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreign exchange contracts |  | 3,827 |  | 6,191 |
|  | Total Derivative Assets | \$ | 11,190 | \$ | 13,167 |
|  | Total Derivative Liabilities |  | 4,973 |  | 6,907 |
|  | Total Net Derivative Assets | \$ | 6,217 | \$ | 6,260 |

## Interest Rate Swaps

Derivatives designated as fair value hedges include interest rate swaps related to fixed rate debt. Changes in the fair value of both the derivative and item being hedged are recognized in earnings.

At March 31, 2011, we have outstanding interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional value of $\$ 400$ million that effectively convert fixed rate interest payments on $\$ 400$ million, $4.625 \%$ fixed rate notes due in 2012, into variable interest rates. We pay a weighted-average variable rate based on one month LIBOR plus 249 basis points and receive a fixed rate of 4.625\%. At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the fair value of the interest rate swaps was an asset of $\$ 9$ million and $\$ 10$ million, respectively.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)
The following represents the results of fair value hedging relationships for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

|  | Location of Gain (Loss) | Derivative Gain Recognized in Earnings |  |  |  | Hedged Item Expense Recognized in Earnings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Derivative Instrument |  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Interest rate swaps | Interest expense | \$ | 1,733 | \$ | 4,530 | \$ | $(4,625)$ | \$ | $(8,125)$ |

## Foreign Exchange Contracts

We enter into foreign currency exchange contracts arising from the anticipated purchase of inventory between affiliates and from third parties. These contracts are designated as cash flow hedges. The effective portion of the gain or loss on the cash flow hedges is included in other comprehensive income in the period that the change in fair value occurs and is reclassified to earnings in the period that the hedged item is recorded in earnings. At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we had outstanding contracts associated with these anticipated transactions with a notional amount of $\$ 25$ million. The fair value of these contracts at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was a liability of $\$ 1$ million.

As of March 31, 2011, substantially all of the net derivative loss recognized in AOCI will be recognized in earnings within the next 12 months. No amount of ineffectiveness was recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for these designated cash flow hedges for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

The following represents the results of cash flow hedging relationships for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

|  | Derivative Gain <br> (Loss) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Derivative Instrument |  |
| Recognized in OCI |  |
| (Effective Portion) |  |

We also enter into foreign exchange contracts to minimize the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on short-term intercompany loans and related interest that are denominated in a foreign currency. The revaluation of the intercompany loans and interest and the mark-to-market on the derivatives are both recorded in earnings. At March 31, 2011, outstanding foreign exchange contracts to buy or sell various currencies had a net liability value of $\$ 2$ million. The contracts will mature by June 30, 2011. At December 31, 2010, outstanding foreign exchange contracts to buy or sell various currencies had a net liability value of $\$ 3$ million.

The following represents the results of our non-designated derivative instruments for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:


## Credit-Risk-Related Contingent Features

Certain of our derivative instruments contain provisions that would require us to post collateral upon a significant downgrade in our long-term senior unsecured debt ratings. At March 31, 2011, our long-term senior unsecured debt ratings were BBB+ / A2. Based on derivative values at March 31, 2011, we would have been required to post $\$ 3$ million in collateral if our long-term senior unsecured debt ratings had fallen below BB- / Ba3.

## Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Our financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, investment securities, accounts receivable, loans receivable, accounts payable, notes payable, long-term debt and derivative instruments. The carrying value for cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and notes payable approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)

The carrying values and estimated fair values of our remaining financial instruments at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is as follows:

|  | March 31, 2011 |  |  |  | December 31, 2010 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Carrying value (1) |  | Fair value |  | Carrying value (1) |  | Fair value |  |
| Investment securities | \$ | 733,134 | \$ | 735,052 | \$ | 512,771 | \$ | 514,906 |
| Loans receivable | \$ | 437,709 | \$ | 437,709 | \$ | 459,235 | \$ | 459,235 |
| Derivatives, net | \$ | 6,217 | \$ | 6,217 | \$ | 6,260 | \$ | 6,260 |
| Long-term debt |  | (4,270,859) |  | $(4,414,573)$ |  | (4,301,337) |  | $(488,923)$ |

(1) Carrying value includes accrued interest and deferred fee income, where applicable.

The fair value of long-term debt is estimated based on quoted market prices for the identical issue when traded in an active market. When a quoted market price is not available, the fair value is determined using rates currently available to the company for debt with similar terms and remaining maturities.

## 11. Restructuring Charges and Asset Impairments

## 2009 Program

In 2009, we announced that we were undertaking a series of initiatives designed to transform and enhance the way we operate as a global company. In order to enhance our responsiveness to changing market conditions, we are executing a strategic transformation program designed to create improved processes and systems to further enable us to invest in future growth in areas such as our global customer interactions and product development processes. This program is expected to continue into 2012 and will result in the reduction of 10 percent of the positions in the company. Total pre-tax costs of this program are expected to be between $\$ 300$ million to $\$ 350$ million primarily related to severance and benefit costs, including pension and retiree medical charges, incurred in connection with such workforce reductions. Most of the total pre-tax costs will be cash-related charges. Currently, we are targeting annualized pre-tax benefits, net of system and related investments, in the range of $\$ 250$ million to $\$ 300$ million by 2012 . These costs and the related benefits will be recognized as different actions are approved and implemented.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, we recorded pre-tax restructuring charges and asset impairments associated with this program of $\$ 27$ million, which included $\$ 21$ million for employee severance and benefit costs, a $\$ 3$ million pension and retiree medical charge as workforce reductions caused the elimination of a significant amount of future service requiring us to recognize a portion of the prior service costs and actuarial losses and other exit costs of $\$ 3$ million. Through March 31, 2011, the cumulative charges for this program are $\$ 277$ million. The majority of the liability at March 31, 2011 is expected to be paid from cash generated from operations.

Activity in the reserves for the restructuring actions taken in connection with the 2009 program for the three months ended March 31, 2011 is as follows:

|  | Severance and benefits costs |  | Pension and Retiree Medical |  | Other exit costs |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at January 1, 2011 | \$ | 88,169 | \$ | - | \$ | 6,787 | \$ | 94,956 |
| Expenses |  | 20,408 |  | 3,011 |  | 3,379 |  | 26,798 |
| Cash payments |  | $(22,213)$ |  | - |  | $(5,032)$ |  | $(27,245)$ |
| Non-cash charges |  | - |  | $(3,011)$ |  | - |  | $(3,011)$ |
| Balance at March 31, 2011 | \$ | 86,364 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,134 | \$ | 91,498 |

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 2007 Program

In 2007, we announced a program to lower our cost structure, accelerate efforts to improve operational efficiencies, and transition our product line. The program included charges primarily associated with older equipment that we had stopped selling upon transition to the new generation of fully digital, networked, and remotely-downloadable equipment.

Activity in the reserves for the restructuring actions taken in connection with the 2007 program for the three months ended March 31, 2011 is as follows:

|  | Severance and benefits costs |  | Other exit costs |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at January 1, 2011 | \$ | 13,470 | \$ | 4,774 | \$ | 18,244 |
| Expenses |  | (586) |  | (188) |  | (774) |
| Cash payments |  | $(1,991)$ |  | (509) |  | $(2,500)$ |
| Balance at March 31, 2011 | \$ | 10,893 | \$ | 4,077 | \$ | 14,970 |

## 12. Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, we are routinely defendants in, or party to a number of pending and threatened legal actions. These may involve litigation by or against us relating to, among other things, contractual rights under vendor, insurance or other contracts; intellectual property or patent rights; equipment, service, payment or other disputes with customers; or disputes with employees. Some of these actions may be brought as a purported class action on behalf of a purported class of employees, customers or others.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, Imagitas, Inc., is a defendant in several purported class actions initially filed in five different states. These lawsuits have been coordinated in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Florida, In re: Imagitas, Driver's Privacy Protection Act Litigation (Coordinated, May 28, 2007). Each of these lawsuits alleges that the Imagitas DriverSource program violated the federal Drivers Privacy Protection Act (DPPA). Under the DriverSource program, Imagitas entered into contracts with state governments to mail out automobile registration renewal materials along with third party advertisements, without revealing the personal information of any state resident to any advertiser. The DriverSource program assisted the state in performing its governmental function of delivering these mailings and funding the costs of them. The plaintiffs in these actions were seeking statutory damages under the DPPA. On December 21, 2009, the Eleventh Circuit Court affirmed the District Court's summary judgment decision in Rine, et al. v. Imagitas, Inc. (U.S. District Court, Middle District of Florida, filed August 1, 2006), which ruled in Imagitas' favor and dismissed that litigation. That decision is now final, with no further appeals available. With respect to the remaining state cases, Imagitas filed its motion to dismiss these cases on October 8, 2010. Plaintiff's opposition brief was filed on December 6, 2010, and Imagitas filed its reply brief on December 22, 2010. Although the plaintiffs are still contending that the cases filed in Ohio and Missouri can proceed, they have admitted in their response that the reasoning in the Rine decision does require that actions based on Minnesota and New York laws be dismissed. We are awaiting a decision by the District Court on the motion to dismiss.

On October 28, 2009, the company and certain of its current and former officers were named as defendants in NECA-IBEW Health \& Welfare Fund v. Pitney Bowes Inc. et al., a class action lawsuit filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut. The complaint asserts claims under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on behalf of those who purchased the common stock of the company during the period between July 30, 2007 and October 29, 2007 alleging that the company, in essence, missed two financial projections. Plaintiffs filed an amended complaint on September 20, 2010. On December 3, 2010, defendants moved to dismiss the complaint. The parties have completed briefing on this motion and the motion is now pending before the court.

We expect to prevail in the legal actions above; however, as litigation is inherently unpredictable, there can be no assurance in this regard. If the plaintiffs do prevail, the results may have a material effect on our financial position, future results of operations or cash flows, including, for example, our ability to offer certain types of goods or services in the future.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)

## 13. Finance Assets

## Finance Receivables

Finance receivables are comprised of sales-type lease receivables and unsecured revolving loan receivables. Sales-type leases are generally due in monthly, quarterly or semi-annual installments over periods ranging from three to five years. Loan receivables arise primarily from financing services offered to our customers for postage and related supplies. Loan receivables are generally due each month; however, customers may rollover outstanding balances. The components of finance receivables at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are shown in the tables below. Finance receivables of our Canadian operations were previously included in the International segment. In line with changes made in our segment presentation (see Note 14), Canadian finance receivables are now included with U.S. finance receivables in the North America segment. Prior year disclosures have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

|  | March 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | North America |  | International |  | Total |
| Sales-type lease receivables |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross finance receivables | \$ | 1,878,235 | \$ | 478,807 | \$ 2,357,042 |
| Unguaranteed residual values |  | 218,944 |  | 21,479 | 240,423 |
| Unearned income |  | $(386,358)$ |  | $(110,500)$ | $(496,858)$ |
| Allowance for credit losses |  | $(28,700)$ |  | $(13,661)$ | $(42,361)$ |
| Net investment in sales-type lease receivables |  | 1,682,121 |  | 376,125 | 2,058,246 |
| Loan receivables |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loan receivables |  | 421,785 |  | 42,783 | 464,568 |
| Allowance for credit losses |  | $(24,523)$ |  | $(2,336)$ | $(26,859)$ |
| Net investment in loan receivables |  | 397,262 |  | 40,447 | 437,709 |
| Net investment in finance receivables | \$ | 2,079,383 | \$ | 416,572 | \$ 2,495,955 |


|  | North America |  | International |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales-type lease receivables |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross finance receivables | \$ | 1,940,833 | \$ | 474,895 | \$ | 2,415,728 |
| Unguaranteed residual values |  | 235,392 |  | 20,333 |  | 255,725 |
| Unearned income |  | $(415,891)$ |  | $(107,592)$ |  | $(523,483)$ |
| Allowance for credit losses |  | $(27,792)$ |  | $(13,318)$ |  | $(41,110)$ |
| Net investment in sales-type lease receivables |  | 1,732,542 |  | 374,318 |  | 2,106,860 |
| Loan Receivables |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loan receivables |  | 453,362 |  | 34,193 |  | 487,555 |
| Allowance for credit losses |  | $(26,208)$ |  | $(2,112)$ |  | $(28,320)$ |
| Net investment in loan receivables |  | 427,154 |  | 32,081 |  | 459,235 |
| Net investment in finance receivables | \$ | 2,159,696 | \$ | 406,399 | \$ | 2,566,095 |

PITNEY BOWES INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)

Activity in the allowance for credit losses for three months ended March 31, 2011 is as follows:
Allowance for Credit Losses

|  | Sales-type Lease Receivables |  |  |  | Loan Receivables |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | North America |  | International |  | North America |  | International |  |  |  |
| Balance January 1, 2011 | \$ | 27,792 | \$ | 13,318 | \$ | 26,208 | \$ | 2,112 | \$ | 69,430 |
| Amounts charged to expense |  | 4,263 |  | 2,052 |  | 2,098 |  | 546 |  | 8,959 |
| Accounts written off |  | $(3,355)$ |  | $(1,709)$ |  | $(3,783)$ |  | (322) |  | $(9,169)$ |
| Balance March 31, 2011 | \$ | 28,700 | \$ | 13,661 | \$ | 24,523 | \$ | 2,336 | \$ | 69,220 |

The aging of finance receivables at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is as follows:

|  | Sales-type Lease Receivables |  |  |  | Loan Receivables |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | North America |  | International |  | North America |  | International |  |  |  |
| March 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 31 days past due | \$ | 1,787,758 | \$ | 449,665 | \$ | 399,381 | \$ | 37,010 | \$ | 2,673,814 |
| $>30$ days and < 61 days |  | 35,298 |  | 10,185 |  | 12,120 |  | 3,877 |  | 61,480 |
| > 60 days and < 91 days |  | 25,548 |  | 6,417 |  | 4,423 |  | 1,071 |  | 37,459 |
| > 90 days and < 121 days |  | 6,759 |  | 4,032 |  | 2,519 |  | 350 |  | 13,660 |
| > 120 days |  | 22,872 |  | 8,508 |  | 3,342 |  | 475 |  | 35,197 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 1,878,235 | \$ | 478,807 | \$ | 421,785 | \$ | 42,783 | \$ | 2,821,610 |
| Past due amounts > 90 days |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Still accruing interest | \$ | 6,759 | \$ | 4,032 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 10,791 |
| Not accruing interest |  | 22,872 |  | 8,508 |  | 5,861 |  | 825 |  | 38,066 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 29,631 | \$ | 12,540 | \$ | 5,861 | \$ | 825 | \$ | 48,857 |
| December 31, 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 31 days past due | \$ | 1,831,655 | \$ | 447,459 | \$ | 430,042 | \$ | 32,389 | \$ | 2,741,545 |
| > 30 days and < 61 days |  | 45,234 |  | 10,018 |  | 12,081 |  | 1,149 |  | 68,482 |
| > 60 days and < 91 days |  | 29,380 |  | 4,743 |  | 4,711 |  | 325 |  | 39,159 |
| > 90 days and $<121$ days |  | 8,654 |  | 3,985 |  | 2,712 |  | 192 |  | 15,543 |
| > 120 days |  | 25,910 |  | 8,690 |  | 3,816 |  | 138 |  | 38,554 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 1,940,833 | \$ | 474,895 | \$ | 453,362 | \$ | 34,193 | \$ | 2,903,283 |
| Past due amounts > 90 days |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Still accruing interest | \$ | 8,654 | \$ | 3,985 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 12,639 |
| Not accruing interest |  | 25,910 |  | 8,690 |  | 6,528 |  | 330 |  | 41,458 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 34,564 | \$ | 12,675 | \$ | 6,528 | \$ | 330 | \$ | 54,097 |

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## Credit Quality

We use credit scores as one of many data elements in making the decision to grant credit at inception, setting credit lines at inception, managing credit lines through the life of the customer, and to assist in collections strategy.

We use a third party to score the majority of the North American portfolio on a quarterly basis using a commercial credit score. Accounts may not receive a score because of data issues related to SIC information, customer identification mismatches between the various data sources and other reasons. We do not currently score the portfolios outside of North America because the cost to do so is prohibitive, it is a fragmented process and there is no single credit score model that covers all countries. However, credit policies are similar to those in North America.

The table below shows the North American porffolio at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 by relative risk class (low, medium and high) based on the relative scores of the accounts within each class. A fourth class is shown for accounts that are not scored. The degree of risk, as defined by the third party, refers to the relative risk that an account in the next 12 month period may become delinquent. Absence of a score is not indicative of the credit quality of the account.

- Low risk accounts are companies with very good credit risk
- Medium risk accounts are companies with average to good credit risk
- High risk accounts are companies with poor credit risk, are delinquent or are at risk of becoming delinquent

Although the relative score of accounts within each class is used as a factor for determining the establishment of a customer credit limit, it is not indicative of our actual history of losses due to the business essential nature of our products and services.

The aging schedule included above, showing approximately $1.7 \%$ of the portfolio as greater than 90 days past due, and the roll-forward schedule of the allowance for credit losses, showing the actual losses for the three months ended March 31, 2011 are more representative of the potential loss performance of our portfolio than relative risk based on scores, as defined by the third party.

|  | March 31, 2011 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2010 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales-type lease receivables |  |  |  |  |
| Risk Level |  |  |  |  |
| Low | \$ | 1,098,776 | \$ | 1,191,682 |
| Medium |  | 547,630 |  | 512,419 |
| High |  | 55,067 |  | 60,755 |
| Not Scored |  | 176,762 |  | 175,977 |
| Total | \$ | 1,878,235 | \$ | 1,940,833 |
| Loan receivables |  |  |  |  |
| Risk Level |  |  |  |  |
| Low | \$ | 37,781 | \$ | 33,810 |
| Medium |  | 232,721 |  | 268,348 |
| High |  | 129,914 |  | 149,381 |
| Not Scored |  | 21,369 |  | 1,823 |
| Total | \$ | 421,785 | \$ | 453,362 |

PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

 (Unaudited; table amounts in thousands of dollars, unless otherwise noted)
## Leveraged Leases

Our investment in leveraged lease assets consists of the following:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2011 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2010 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rental receivables | \$ | 1,845,039 | \$ | 1,802,107 |
| Unguaranteed residual values |  | 14,499 |  | 14,141 |
| Principal and interest on non-recourse loans |  | $(1,405,765)$ |  | (1,373,651) |
| Unearned income |  | $(194,868)$ |  | $(191,591)$ |
| Investment in leveraged leases |  | 258,905 |  | 251,006 |
| Less: deferred taxes related to leveraged leases |  | $(197,554)$ |  | $(192,128)$ |
| Net investment in leveraged leases | \$ | 61,351 | \$ | 58,878 |

The components of income from leveraged leases for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Pre-tax leveraged lease income | \$ | 1,536 | \$ | 1,375 |
| Income tax effect |  | (82) |  | (75) |
| Income from leveraged leases | \$ | 1,454 | \$ | 1,300 |

## 14. Segment Information

We conduct our business activities in seven reporting segments within two business groups, Small \& Medium Business Solutions and Enterprise Business Solutions. As a result of certain organizational changes that became effective January 1, 2011, we have reclassified certain 2010 amounts to conform to the current year presentation. The principal products and services of each of our reporting segments are as follows:

Small \& Medium Business Solutions:
North America Mailing: Includes the U.S. and Canadian revenue and related expenses from the sale, rental and financing of our mail finishing, mail creation, shipping equipment and software; supplies; support and other professional services; and payment solutions.

International Mailing: Includes the revenue and related expenses from the sale, rental and financing of our mail finishing, mail creation, shipping equipment and software; supplies; support and other professional services; and payment solutions outside North America.

## Enterprise Business Solutions:

Production Mail: Includes the worldwide revenue and related expenses from the sale, support and other professional services of our high-speed, production mail systems, sorting and production print equipment.

Software: Includes the worldwide revenue and related expenses from the sale and support services of non-equipment-based mailing, customer relationship and communication and location intelligence software.

Management Services: Includes worldwide revenue and related expenses from facilities management services; secure mail services; reprographic, document management services; and litigation support and eDiscovery services.

Mail Services: Includes worldwide revenue and related expenses from presort mail services and cross-border mail services.
Marketing Services: Includes revenue and related expenses from direct marketing services for targeted customers.

Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT), a non-GAAP measure, is determined by deducting from segment revenue the related costs and expenses attributable to the segment. EBIT is useful to management in demonstrating the operational profitability of the segments by excluding interest and taxes, which are generally managed across the entire company on a consolidated basis, general corporate expenses, restructuring charges and asset impairments. EBIT is also used for purposes of measuring the performance of our management team.

Revenue and EBIT by business segment for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Revenue: |  |  |  |  |
| North America Mailing | \$ | 509,039 | \$ | 534,663 |
| International Mailing |  | 170,533 |  | 172,023 |
| Small \& Medium Business Solutions |  | 679,572 |  | 706,686 |
| Production Mail |  | 131,606 |  | 125,879 |
| Software |  | 95,985 |  | 81,007 |
| Management Services |  | 241,624 |  | 254,616 |
| Mail Services |  | 144,283 |  | 148,023 |
| Marketing Services |  | 29,999 |  | 32,022 |
| Enterprise Business Solutions |  | 643,497 |  | 641,547 |
| Total revenue | \$ | 1,323,069 | \$ | 1,348,233 |


|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| EBIT: |  |  |  |  |
| North America Mailing | \$ | 179,661 | \$ | 186,274 |
| International Mailing |  | 23,193 |  | 20,442 |
| Small \& Medium Business Solutions |  | 202,854 |  | 206,716 |
| Production Mail |  | 7,174 |  | 11,907 |
| Software |  | 5,512 |  | 3,784 |
| Management Services |  | 21,029 |  | 20,092 |
| Mail Services |  | 10,265 |  | 25,277 |
| Marketing Services |  | 4,160 |  | 4,522 |
| Enterprise Business Solutions |  | 48,140 |  | 65,582 |
| Total EBIT |  | 250,994 |  | 272,298 |
| Unallocated amounts: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest, net (1) |  | $(50,595)$ |  | $(48,834)$ |
| Corporate expenses |  | $(40,201)$ |  | $(42,734)$ |
| Restructuring charges and asset impairments |  | $(26,024)$ |  | $(20,722)$ |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | \$ | 134,174 | \$ | 160,008 |

(1) Interest, net includes financing interest expense, other interest expense and interest income.

## 15. Pensions and Other Benefit Programs

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The components of net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

|  | United States |  |  |  | Foreign |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 5,023 | \$ | 5,717 | \$ | 1,885 | \$ | 1,775 |
| Interest cost |  | 21,939 |  | 22,796 |  | 7,057 |  | 6,929 |
| Expected return on plan assets |  | $(29,818)$ |  | $(31,035)$ |  | $(7,945)$ |  | $(7,238)$ |
| Amortization of transition credit |  | - |  | - |  | (2) |  | (2) |
| Amortization of prior service cost (credit) |  | 36 |  | (632) |  | 44 |  | 69 |
| Recognized net actuarial loss |  | 9,414 |  | 8,072 |  | 2,738 |  | 2,543 |
| Settlement |  | 392 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Curtailment |  | 1,702 |  | 2,881 |  | - |  | - |
| Net periodic benefit cost (1) | \$ | 8,688 | \$ | 7,799 | \$ | 3,777 | \$ | 4,076 |

(1) Includes $\$ 2$ million charged to restructuring reserves in 2011 for the U.S. plan. See Note 11 for further information.

As we previously disclosed in our 2010 Annual Report, we expect to contribute up to $\$ 130$ million and $\$ 15$ million to our U.S. and foreign pension plans, respectively, during 2011. As of March 31, 2011, $\$ 2$ million and $\$ 6$ million have been contributed to the U.S. and foreign pension plans, respectively. We will reassess our funding alternatives as the year progresses.

## Nonpension Postretirement Benefit Plans

The components of net periodic benefit cost for nonpension postretirement benefit plans for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 871 | \$ | 930 |
| Interest cost |  | 3,471 |  | 3,398 |
| Amortization of prior service credit |  | (565) |  | (628) |
| Amortization of net loss |  | 1,994 |  | 1,663 |
| Special termination benefits |  | 67 |  | - |
| Curtailment |  | 850 |  | - |
| Net periodic benefit cost (1) | \$ | 6,688 | \$ | 5,363 |

(1) Includes $\$ 1$ million charged to restructuring reserves in 2011 for the U.S. plan. See Note 11 for further information.

For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, we made $\$ 6$ million and $\$ 7$ million of contributions, respectively, representing benefit payments.

## 16. Earnings per Share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 is presented below.

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Numerator: |  |  |  |  |
| Amounts attributable to common stockholders: |  |  |  |  |
| Income from continuing operations, net of tax | \$ | 88,186 | \$ | 82,169 |
| Loss from discontinued operations |  | $(1,882)$ |  | $(3,130)$ |
| Net income (numerator for diluted EPS) |  | 86,304 |  | 79,039 |
| Less: Preference stock dividend |  | (15) |  | (17) |
| Income attributable to common stockholders (numerator for basic EPS) | \$ | 86,289 | \$ | 79,022 |
| Denominator (in thousands): |  |  |  |  |
| Weighted-average shares used in basic EPS |  | 203,690 |  | 207,333 |
| Effect of dilutive shares: |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred stock |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| Preference stock |  | 455 |  | 525 |
| Stock options and stock purchase plans |  | 48 |  | 22 |
| Other stock plans |  | - |  | 22 |
| Weighted-average shares used in diluted EPS |  | 204,195 |  | 207,904 |
| Basic earnings per share: |  |  |  |  |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ | 0.43 | \$ | 0.40 |
| Loss from discontinued operations |  | (0.01) |  | (0.02) |
| Net income | \$ | 0.42 | \$ | 0.38 |
| Diluted earnings per share: |  |  |  |  |
| Income from continuing operations | \$ | 0.43 | \$ | 0.40 |
| Loss from discontinued operations |  | (0.01) |  | (0.02) |
| Net income | \$ | 0.42 | \$ | 0.38 |
| Anti-dilutive shares (in thousands): |  |  |  |  |
| Anti-dilutive shares not used in calculating diluted weighted-average shares |  | 14,337 |  | 16,128 |

On February 14, 2011, we granted approximately 1.3 million stock options and 0.6 million restricted stock units to employees.

## Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this report and our Annual Report to Stockholders on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 (2010 Annual Report). All table amounts are presented in millions of dollars, unless otherwise stated.

## Forward-Looking Statements

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD\&A) contains statements that are forward-looking. We want to caution readers that any forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in this Form 10-Q may change based on various factors. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties and actual results could differ materially. Words such as "estimate", "target", "project", "plan", "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "intend", and similar expressions may identify such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Factors which could cause future financial performance to differ materially from the expectations as expressed in any forward-looking statement made by or on our behalf include, without limitation:

- negative developments in economic conditions, including adverse impacts on customer demand
- changes in postal or banking regulations
- timely development and acceptance of new products
- declining physical mail volumes
- success in gaining product approval in new markets where regulatory approval is required
- successful entry into new markets
- mailers' utilization of alternative means of communication or competitors' products
- our success at managing customer credit risk
- our success at managing costs associated with our strategy of outsourcing functions and operations not central to our business
- changes in interest rates
- foreign currency fluctuations
- cost, timing and execution of our transformation plans including any potential asset impairments
- regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other conditions to consummate and integrate any acquisitions
- interrupted use of key information systems
- changes in international or national political conditions, including any terrorist attacks
- intellectual property infringement claims
- impact on mail volume resulting from current concerns over the use of the mail for transmitting harmful biological agents
- third-party suppliers' ability to provide product components, assemblies or inventories
- negative income tax adjustments or other regulatory levies for prior audit years and changes in tax laws or regulations
- changes in pension, health care and retiree medical costs
- changes in privacy laws
- acts of nature, fire, explosions and other disasters beyond our control


## Overview

For the first quarter 2011, revenue decreased $2 \%$ to $\$ 1,323$ million compared to the prior year. During the quarter, equipment sales and software revenue increased $1 \%$ and $19 \%$, respectively, compared to the prior year; however, these increases were offset by declines in rental revenue ( $8 \%$ ), financing revenue (5\%), supplies revenue (3\%) and business services revenue (4\%). Foreign currency translation and acquisitions each had a $1 \%$ favorable impact on revenue.

In February 2011, our largest mail presort facility located in Dallas, Texas was destroyed by a fire. As a result, we were unable to process customer mail and estimate that both revenue and EBIT for the quarter were negatively impacted by approximately $\$ 7$ million. We expect that the lost revenue contribution and costs related to outfitting a new facility will be covered by insurance proceeds. The new facility is expected to be operational in the second quarter. We received a $\$ 15$ million advance on insurance proceeds early in the second quarter 2011.

The recent earthquake and related tsunami disasters in Japan had minimal impact on our first quarter results. Our business in Japan represents approximately one percent of our total revenue. Our product supply operations during the quarter were also not impacted by the events in Japan and based on current conditions, are not expected to be impacted through the first half of the year. We are
actively working with our supply chain partners and have a number of strategies in place to mitigate potential disruptions in the second half of the year.

Net income from continuing operations attributable to common stockholders was $\$ 88$ million, or $\$ 0.43$ per diluted share in the quarter compared to $\$ 82$ million or $\$ 0.40$ per diluted share in the prior year.

We generated $\$ 297$ million in cash from operations, which was used primarily to pay $\$ 75$ million of dividends to our common stockholders, fund capital investments of $\$ 35$ and reduce debt by $\$ 8$ million.

## Outlook

The worldwide economy and business environment continues to be uncertain, especially among small businesses. This uncertain economic environment has impacted our financial results and in particular our recurring revenue streams, including our high-margin financing, rental and supplies revenue streams. Recovery of these recurring revenue streams will lag a recovery in equipment sales. While we have been successful in reducing our cost structure across the entire business and shifting to a more variable cost structure, these actions have not been sufficient to offset the impact of lower revenues. We remain focused on streamlining our business operations and creating more flexibility in our cost structure.

Our growth strategies focus on leveraging our expertise in physical communications with our expanding capabilities in digital and hybrid communications. We see long-term opportunities in delivering products, software, services and solutions that help customers grow their business by more effectively managing their physical and digital communications with their customers.

We continue to expect our mix of revenue to change, with a greater percentage of revenue coming from enterprise related products and solutions. We expect that our future results will continue to be impacted by changes in global economic conditions and their impact on mail intensive industries. It is not expected that total mail volumes will rebound to prior peak levels in an economic recovery, and future mail volume trends will continue to be a factor for our businesses.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## First Quarter 2011 compared to First Quarter 2010

## Business segment results

We conduct our business activities in seven reporting segments within two business groups, Small \& Medium Business Solutions (SMB Solutions) and Enterprise Business Solutions (EB Solutions). The following table shows revenue and EBIT by business segment for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. EBIT, a non-GAAP measure, is determined by deducting from segment revenue the related costs and expenses attributable to the segment. EBIT is useful to management in demonstrating the operational profitability of the segments by excluding interest and taxes, which are generally managed across the entire company on a consolidated basis, general corporate expenses, restructuring charges and asset impairments. EBIT is also used for purposes of measuring the performance of our management team. Refer to Note 14 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a reconciliation of segment amounts to income from continuing operations before income taxes.

|  | Revenue |  |  |  |  | EBIT |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  | \% change | 2011 |  | 2010 |  | \% change |
| North America Mailing | \$ | 509 | \$ | 535 | (5)\% | \$ | 180 | \$ | 186 | (4)\% |
| International Mailing |  | 171 |  | 172 | (1)\% |  | 23 |  | 20 | 13\% |
| SMB Solutions |  | 680 |  | 707 | (4)\% |  | 203 |  | 206 | (2)\% |
| Production Mail |  | 132 |  | 126 | 5\% |  | 7 |  | 12 | (40)\% |
| Software |  | 96 |  | 81 | 18\% |  | 6 |  | 4 | 46\% |
| Management Services |  | 241 |  | 254 | (5)\% |  | 21 |  | 20 | 5\% |
| Mail Services |  | 144 |  | 148 | (3)\% |  | 10 |  | 25 | (59)\% |
| Marketing Services |  | 30 |  | 32 | (6)\% |  | 4 |  | 5 | (8)\% |
| EB Solutions |  | 643 |  | 641 | -\% |  | 48 |  | 66 | (27)\% |
| Total | \$ | 1,323 | \$ | 1,348 | (2)\% | \$ | 251 | \$ | 272 | (8)\% |

Small \& Medium Business Solutions
During the quarter, Small \& Medium Business Solutions revenue decreased $4 \%$ to $\$ 680$ million and EBIT decreased $2 \%$ to $\$ 203$ million, compared to prior year. Within Small \& Medium Business Solutions during the quarter:

North America Mailing revenue decreased $5 \%$ to $\$ 509$ million compared to the prior year. The revenue decrease was driven primarily by lower financing, rental, supplies and service revenues. The decrease in financing revenue is due to a decline in our leasing portfolio from reduced equipment sales in prior periods. Rental, supplies and service revenues were lower than prior year due to fewer placements of new meters. Equipment sales also declined slightly due to a realignment during the quarter of certain select customers to alternate sales channels that will best serve their needs as we offer more online products and services. Equipment sales were also negatively impacted by lease extensions and reduced volumes of mail processed. Foreign currency translation had a less than $1 \%$ favorable impact on revenue. EBIT decreased $4 \%$ to $\$ 180$ million, compared to prior year, primarily due to the declines in revenue.

International Mailing revenue decreased $1 \%$ to $\$ 171$ million compared to prior year, and included a $2 \%$ favorable impact from foreign currency translation. The decline in revenue was primarily due to lower rental revenue in France driven by fewer new meter placements in prior periods and a decline in supplies revenue in the United Kingdom due to lower ink sales caused by reduced mail volumes. EBIT increased $13 \%$ to $\$ 23$ million compared to the prior year, primarily due to the favorable impact of foreign currency translation of $3 \%$ and a favorable adjustment to a legal reserve associated with our Latin America operations, partly offset by the lower revenue.

## Enterprise Business Solutions

During the quarter, Enterprise Business Solutions revenue was flat at $\$ 643$ million and EBIT decreased $27 \%$ to $\$ 48$ million, compared to prior year. Within Enterprise Business Solutions during the quarter:

Production Mail revenue increased 5\% over the prior year to $\$ 132$ million due to sales of inserting equipment in the United States and production print equipment, which was introduced in the second half of 2010. Demand for inserting equipment outside of North

America continues to be adversely impacted by economic uncertainty. Foreign currency translation had a 1\% favorable impact on revenue. Production Mail EBIT decreased $40 \%$ to $\$ 7$ million compared to the prior year primarily due to investments of $\$ 4$ million in the development of Volly ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, our secure digital mail delivery service, as well as a change in the product sales mix and investments associated with production print equipment.

Software revenue increased $18 \%$ over the prior year to $\$ 96$ million. The increase was due to higher licensing revenue in the United States and Asia Pacific regions. Additionally, acquisitions accounted for $8 \%$ of the increase and foreign currency translation accounted for $3 \%$ of the increase. We continue to expand our multi-year software license offerings and recurring revenue streams from term licenses. Software EBIT increased $46 \%$ to $\$ 6$ million primarily due to the higher revenue.

Management Services revenue decreased $5 \%$ to $\$ 241$ million compared to the prior year. Revenue was adversely impacted by lower business activity in prior periods. Management Services EBIT increased $5 \%$ to $\$ 21$ million, primarily due to our ongoing productivity initiatives.

Mail Services revenue decreased $3 \%$ to $\$ 144$ million and EBIT decreased $59 \%$ to $\$ 10$ million compared to the prior year. The fire that disrupted operations at our Dallas mail presort facility adversely impacted revenue and EBIT by $5 \%$ and 29\%, respectively. Mail Services revenue and EBIT were also adversely impacted by lower shipping volumes coupled with higher shipping rates charged by international carriers in our International Mail Services business. The decreases in revenue were partially offset by acquisitions completed after the first quarter 2010, which increased revenue by $6 \%$.

Marketing Services revenue decreased $6 \%$ to $\$ 30$ million compared to the prior year period primarily due to lower household moves compared to the prior year and a transition to a recently introduced online service for movers. EBIT decreased $8 \%$ to $\$ 4$ million primarily due to the decrease in revenue and investments made in our new online service.

## Revenues and Cost of revenues by source

The following tables show revenues and costs of revenues by source for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

## Revenues by source

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  | \% change |
| Equipment sales | \$ | 242 | \$ | 239 | 1\% |
| Supplies |  | 83 |  | 85 | (3)\% |
| Software |  | 99 |  | 84 | 19\% |
| Rentals |  | 143 |  | 155 | (8)\% |
| Financing |  | 154 |  | 163 | (5)\% |
| Support services |  | 179 |  | 180 | (1)\% |
| Business services |  | 423 |  | 442 | (4)\% |
| Total revenue | \$ | 1,323 | \$ | 1,348 | (2)\% |

## Costs and expenses

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  | Percentage of Revenue |  |
|  |  |  | 2011 | 2010 |
| Cost of equipment sales | \$ | 115 |  |  | \$ | 106 | 47.5\% | 44.2\% |
| Cost of supplies |  | 26 |  | 25 | 31.6\% | 29.7\% |
| Cost of software |  | 25 |  | 21 | 25.3\% | 25.3\% |
| Cost of rentals |  | 33 |  | 37 | 22.8\% | 23.8\% |
| Financing interest expense |  | 23 |  | 22 | 15.1\% | 13.5\% |
| Cost of support services |  | 115 |  | 115 | 64.5\% | 63.7\% |
| Cost of business services |  | 334 |  | 330 | 78.8\% | 74.8\% |
| Total cost of revenues | \$ | 671 | \$ | 656 | 50.7\% | 48.7\% |

## Equipment sales

Equipment sales revenue increased $1 \%$ to $\$ 242$ million compared to the prior year. Foreign currency translation had a positive impact of $2 \%$. Equipment sales were up 6\% in Production Mail primarily driven by new placement of production print equipment offset by lower equipment sales of $3 \%$ in North America Mailing and $2 \%$ in International Mailing.

Cost of equipment sales as a percentage of revenue increased to $47.5 \%$ compared to $44.2 \%$ in the prior year primarily due to the higher mix of lower margin product sales in our North America Mailing and Production Mail businesses.

## Supplies

Supplies revenue decreased $3 \%$ to $\$ 83$ million compared to the prior year. Foreign currency translation had a $1 \%$ favorable impact. The overall decline was due to lower supplies usage resulting from lower mail volumes and fewer installed meters worldwide.

Cost of supplies as a percentage of revenue was $31.6 \%$ compared with $29.7 \%$ in the prior year primarily due to the increasing mix of lower margin supplies sales.

## Software

Software revenue increased $19 \%$ to $\$ 99$ million compared to the prior year. The increase was due to higher licensing revenue in the United States and Asia Pacific regions. Additionally, acquisitions accounted for $8 \%$ of the increase and foreign currency translation accounted for an additional 3\% increase.

Cost of software as a percentage of revenue was unchanged at $25.3 \%$ compared with the prior year.

## Rentals

Rentals revenue decreased $8 \%$ to $\$ 143$ million compared to prior year as customers in the United States continue to downsize to smaller, fully featured machines and fewer installed meters. The weak economic conditions have also impacted our International rental markets, specifically in France. Foreign currency translation had a favorable impact of less than $1 \%$.

Cost of rentals as a percentage of revenue improved to $22.8 \%$ compared with $23.8 \%$ in the prior year primarily due to lower depreciation associated with higher levels of lease extensions.

## Financing

Financing revenue decreased 5\% to $\$ 154$ million compared to the prior year. Lower equipment sales in prior periods have resulted in a decline in our worldwide lease portfolio. Foreign currency translation had a favorable impact of $1 \%$.

Financing interest expense as a percentage of revenue increased to $15.1 \%$ compared to $13.5 \%$ in the prior year. The increase is principally due to a higher overall effective interest rate. In computing our financing interest expense, which represents our cost of borrowing associated with the generation of financing revenues, we assumed a $10: 1$ leveraging ratio of debt to equity and applied our overall effective interest rate to the average outstanding finance receivables.

## Support Services

Support services revenue decreased $1 \%$ to $\$ 179$ million compared to the prior year. Foreign currency translation had a $1 \%$ favorable impact. The lower revenue is due to lower new mailing equipment placements in the United States.

Cost of support services as a percentage of revenue increased to $64.5 \%$ compared with $63.7 \%$ in the prior year primarily due to a more complex installation process associated with the Connect+ ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ product.

## Business Services

Business services revenue decreased $4 \%$ to $\$ 423$ million compared to the prior year. Foreign currency translation had a less than $1 \%$ favorable impact. The lower revenue is primarily driven by reduced volumes at Management Services from the loss of several large postal contracts during 2010 and the lost revenue from the fire in our mail presort facility in Dallas.

Cost of business services as a percentage of revenue increased to $78.8 \%$ compared with $74.8 \%$ in the prior year primarily due to the lower revenues and higher shipping costs in our International Mail Services businesses.

## Selling, general and administrative (SG\&A)

SG\&A expenses decreased $\$ 13$ million, or $3 \%$ primarily due to our cost reduction initiatives. Acquisitions completed after the first quarter 2010 increased SG\&A by $\$ 4$ million and foreign currency translation had a $\$ 3$ million unfavorable impact. As a percentage of revenue, SG\&A was $32.5 \%$ compared with $32.9 \%$ in the prior year.

## Research and development

Research and development expenses decreased $\$ 6$ million, or $15 \%$ from the prior year due to cost reduction initiatives and the completion of development work for Connect+ ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, which was launched in 2010

## Restructuring charges and asset impairments

See Note 11 to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Income taxes

See Note 7 to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Discontinued operations

See Note 3 to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Preferred stock dividends of subsidiaries attributable to noncontrolling interests

See Note 8 to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We believe that cash flow from operations, existing cash and liquid investments, as well as borrowing capacity under our commercial paper program, the existing credit facility and debt capital markets should be sufficient to finance our capital requirements and to cover our customer deposits. Our potential uses of cash include, but are not limited to, growth and expansion opportunities; internal investments; customer financing; severance and benefits payments under our restructuring programs; income tax, interest and dividend payments; pension and other benefit plan funding; acquisitions; and share repurchases.

We continuously review our liquidity profile. We monitor for material changes in the creditworthiness of those banks acting as derivative counterparties, depository banks or credit providers to us through credit ratings and the credit default swap market. We have determined that there has not been a material variation in the underlying sources of cash flows currently used to finance the operations of the company. To date, we have had consistent access to the commercial paper market.

## Cash Flow Summary

The change in cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 297 | \$ | 302 |
| Net cash used in investing activities |  | (53) |  | (41) |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | (80) |  | (195) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents |  | 4 |  | (2) |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 168 | \$ | 64 |

## 2011 Cash Flows

Net cash provided by operating activities consists primarily of net income, non-cash items and changes in operating assets and liabilities. Cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2011 included decreases in finance receivable and accounts receivable balances of $\$ 90$ million and $\$ 52$ million, respectively. Due to declining equipment sales, finance receivables have declined as cash collections exceed the financing of new business. Similarly, accounts receivables have declined primarily due to cash collections in excess of new billings. In addition, the timing of tax payments and tax refunds received contributed $\$ 67$ million. Partially offsetting these positive impacts was $\$ 30$ million in restructuring payments and a reduction in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of $\$ 79$ million primarily due to the timing of payments.

Net cash used in investing activities consisted of capital expenditures of $\$ 35$ million and the net purchase of investment securities of $\$ 11$ million.

Net cash used in financing activities consisted primarily of dividends paid to common stockholders of $\$ 75$ million and net payments on commercial paper borrowings of $\$ 8$ million.

## 2010 Cash Flows

Cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2010 included $\$ 74$ million and $\$ 60$ million from decreases in finance receivable and accounts receivable balances, respectively. The decrease in finance receivables is due to the decline in the finance receivables portfolio as a result of reduced equipment sales from prior periods. The decrease in accounts receivable is primarily due to lower billings and strong collections. In addition, the timing of tax payments favorably contributed $\$ 57$ million. Partially offsetting these positive impacts was a reduction in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of $\$ 61$ million, primarily due to the timing of payments such as year-end incentive compensation and commissions as well as $\$ 28$ million in restructuring payments.

Net cash used in investing activities consisted principally of capital expenditures of $\$ 28$ million.
Net cash used in financing activities included a decrease of $\$ 122$ million due to the repayment of commercial paper and dividends paid to common stockholders of $\$ 76$ million.

## Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 included additions to property, plant and equipment of $\$ 21$ million and $\$ 12$ million; respectively, and additions to rental equipment and related inventories of $\$ 14$ million and $\$ 16$ million, respectively. We have no material commitments for capital expenditures at March 31, 2011.

## Financings and Capitalization

We are a Well-Known Seasoned Issuer with the SEC, which allows us to issue debt securities, preferred stock, preference stock, common stock, purchase contracts, depositary shares, warrants and units in an expedited fashion. We have a commercial paper program that is a significant source of liquidity for us and a committed line of credit of $\$ 1.25$ billion which supports our commercial paper issuance. The line of credit expires in 2013. We have not experienced any problems to date in accessing the commercial paper market. As of March 31, 2011, the line of credit had not been drawn upon.

At March 31, 2011, we had $\$ 42$ million of outstanding commercial paper with a weighted average interest rate of $0.25 \%$. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, borrowings under our commercial paper program averaged $\$ 141$ million at a weighted average interest rate of $0.26 \%$ and the maximum amount of commercial paper issued at any point in time was $\$ 249$ million.

At December 31, 2010, we had $\$ 50$ million of outstanding commercial paper with a weighted average interest rate of $0.32 \%$. During 2010, borrowings under our commercial paper program averaged $\$ 347$ million at a weighted average interest rate of $0.23 \%$. The maximum amount of commercial paper issued at any point in time during 2010 was $\$ 552$ million.

There have been no significant changes to long-term debt since December 31, 2010. In April 2011, we entered into two interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional value of $\$ 450$ million to effectively convert the fixed rate interest payments on our $\$ 450$ million $4.875 \%$ notes due in 2014 into variable rates. Under the terms of these agreements, we will pay a weighted-average variable rate based on three month LIBOR plus 305 basis points and receive fixed rate payments of $4.875 \%$.

We believe our financing needs in the short and long-term can be met from cash generated internally, the issuance of commercial paper, debt issuance under our effective shelf registration statement and borrowing capacity under our existing credit agreements.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Regulatory Matters

There have been no significant changes to the regulatory matters disclosed in our 2010 Annual Report.

## Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

There were no material changes to the disclosures made in the 2010 Annual Report regarding this matter.

## Item 4: Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to reasonably assure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the direction of our CEO and CFO, we evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) or Rule 15d15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) and internal control over financial reporting. Our CEO and CFO concluded that such disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2011, based on the evaluation of these controls and procedures required by paragraph (b) of Rule 13a-15 or Rule 15d-15 under the Exchange Act. In addition, no changes in internal control over financial reporting occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2011, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting. It should be noted that any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions designed to obtain reasonable (and not absolute) assurance as to its effectiveness, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals. Notwithstanding this caution, the disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their stated objectives, and the CEO and CFO have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective at that reasonable assurance level.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1: Legal Proceedings

See Note 12 to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Item 1A: Risk Factors

There were no material changes to the risk factors identified in the 2010 Annual Report.
Item 2: Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

## Repurchases of Equity Securities

We periodically repurchase shares of our common stock to manage the dilution created by shares issued under employee stock plans and for other purposes in the open market. In February 2011, our Board of Directors approved an increase of $\$ 100$ million in our share repurchase authorization to $\$ 150$ million. We have not repurchased or acquired any shares of our common stock during the first quarter 2011. At March 31, 2011, we have $\$ 150$ million authorization for future repurchases of our common stock.

## Item 6: Exhibits

See Index of Exhibits.

## Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PITNEY BOWES INC.
Date: May 5, 2011
/s/ Michael Monahan
Michael Monahan
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ Steven J. Green
Steven J. Green
Vice President - Finance and
Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

| Exhibit <br> Number | Description | Status or incorporation |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| (12) | Computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges <br> $(31.1)$ | Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a- <br> 14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as <br> amended |
| (31.2) | Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a- <br> 14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as <br> amended | Page |

PITNEY BOWES INC.
COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES (1)

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | \$ | 134,174 | \$ | 160,008 |
| Add: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense (2) |  | 51,817 |  | 49,596 |
| Portion of rents representative of the interest factor |  | 9,806 |  | 10,137 |
| Amortization of capitalized interest |  | 429 |  | 429 |
| Income as adjusted | \$ | 196,226 | \$ | 220,170 |
| Fixed charges: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense (2) | \$ | 51,817 | \$ | 49,596 |
| Portion of rents representative of the interest factor |  | 9,806 |  | 10,137 |
| Noncontrolling interests (preferred stock dividends of subsidiaries), excluding taxes |  | 6,644 |  | 8,473 |
| Total fixed charges | \$ | 68,267 | \$ | 68,206 |
| Ratio of earnings to fixed charges |  | 2.87 |  | 3.23 |

(1) The computation of the ratio of earnings to fixed charges has been computed by dividing income from continuing operations before income taxes as adjusted by fixed charges. Included in fixed charges is one-third of rental expense as the representative portion of interest.
(2) Interest expense includes both financing interest expense and other interest expense.

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

## SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Murray D. Martin, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pitney Bowes Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2011
/s/ Murray D. Martin
Murray D. Martin
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

## SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Michael Monahan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pitney Bowes Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2011
/s/ Michael Monahan
Michael Monahan
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002
In connection with the Quarterly Report of Pitney Bowes Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Murray D. Martin, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the SarbanesOxley Act of 2002, that:
(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.
/s/ Murray D. Martin
Murray D. Martin
Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
Date: May 5, 2011

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO <br> 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 <br> AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO <br> SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Pitney Bowes Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael Monahan, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the SarbanesOxley Act of 2002, that:
(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.
/s/ Michael
Monahan
Michael Monahan
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Date: May 5, 2011

