# UNITED STATES <br> SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION <br> Washington, D.C. 20549 

## FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended
September 30, 2007

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

Incorporated in Delaware

Commission File Number 1-3579
I.R.S. Employer Identification

No. 06-0495050

World Headquarters<br>1 Elmcroft Road, Stamford, Connecticut 06926-0700

(203) 356-5000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes $\mathbb{\square}$ No $\square$
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer $\downarrow$
Accelerated $\square$
Non-accelerated filer
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell Company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes $\square$ No
There were $216,887,629$ shares of common stock outstanding as of November 2, 2007.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1: Financial Statements

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

|  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Revenue: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment sales | \$ | 307,897 | \$ | 337,291 | \$ | 961,868 | \$ | 959,683 |
| Supplies |  | 95,497 |  | 84,728 |  | 292,197 |  | 250,412 |
| Software |  | 92,256 |  | 49,979 |  | 223,580 |  | 139,614 |
| Rentals |  | 183,452 |  | 196,219 |  | 552,433 |  | 590,257 |
| Financing |  | 201,241 |  | 185,547 |  | 586,658 |  | 538,139 |
| Support services |  | 185,520 |  | 182,294 |  | 564,597 |  | 529,399 |
| Business services |  | 442,414 |  | 397,273 |  | 1,284,215 |  | 1,176,682 |
| Total revenue |  | 1,508,277 |  | 1,433,331 |  | 4,465,548 |  | 4,184,186 |
| Costs and expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of equipment sales |  | 164,659 |  | 173,068 |  | 481,873 |  | 485,828 |
| Cost of supplies |  | 27,061 |  | 26,071 |  | 77,909 |  | 66,475 |
| Cost of software |  | 21,749 |  | 11,044 |  | 54,373 |  | 32,326 |
| Cost of rentals |  | 42,630 |  | 42,231 |  | 128,312 |  | 128,070 |
| Cost of support services |  | 108,011 |  | 104,042 |  | 320,832 |  | 298,791 |
| Cost of business services |  | 345,024 |  | 307,378 |  | 1,008,647 |  | 917,285 |
| Selling, general and administrative |  | 479,772 |  | 443,426 |  | 1,393,289 |  | 1,293,619 |
| Research and development |  | 47,691 |  | 41,893 |  | 138,364 |  | 124,409 |
| Restructuring charges |  | - |  | 6,771 |  | - |  | 17,409 |
| Interest, net |  | 60,386 |  | 51,962 |  | 179,654 |  | 160,600 |
| Other, net |  | 3,920 |  | - |  | 3,920 |  | - |
| Total costs and expenses |  | 1,300,903 |  | 1,207,886 |  | 3,787,173 |  | 3,524,812 |
| Income from continuing operations before income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Provision for income taxes |  | 73,272 |  | 77,565 |  | 234,566 |  | 247,222 |
| Minority interest |  | 4,862 |  | 3,653 |  | 14,404 |  | 9,814 |
| Income from continuing operations |  | 129,240 |  | 144,227 |  | 429,405 |  | 402,338 |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of $\operatorname{tax}$ |  | $(1,565)$ |  | 4,393 |  | $(4,695)$ |  | $(456,264)$ |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | $\underline{\text { 127,675 }}$ | \$ | 148,620 | \$ | 424,710 | \$ | (53,926) |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share of common stock: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Continuing operations | \$ | 0.59 | \$ | 0.65 | \$ | 1.96 | \$ | 1.80 |
| Discontinued operations |  | (0.01) |  | 0.02 |  | (0.02) |  | (2.05) |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | 0.58 | \$ | 0.67 | \$ | 1.94 | \$ | $(0.24)$ |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share of common stock: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Continuing operations | \$ | 0.58 | \$ | 0.64 | \$ | 1.93 | \$ | 1.78 |
| Discontinued operations |  | (0.01) |  | 0.02 |  | (0.02) |  | (2.02) |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | 0.58 | \$ | 0.66 | \$ | 1.91 | \$ | $\stackrel{(0.24)}{ }$ |
| Dividends declared per share of common stock | \$ | 0.33 | \$ | 0.32 | \$ | 0.99 | \$ | 0.96 |

Note: The sum of the earnings per share amounts may not equal the totals above due to rounding.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)

|  | September 30, 2007 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 338,763 | \$ | 239,102 |
| Short-term investments |  | 98,101 |  | 62,512 |
| Accounts receivables, less allowances of \$46,532 and \$50,052 at September 30, 2007 and |  |  |  |  |
| Finance receivables, less allowances of \$44,220 and \$45,643 at September 30, 2007 and |  |  |  |  |
| December 31, 2006, respectively |  | 1,492,149 |  | 1,404,070 |
| Inventories |  | 257,086 |  | 237,817 |
| Other current assets and prepayments |  | 257,670 |  | 231,096 |
| Total current assets |  | 3,270,686 |  | 2,918,670 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net |  | 664,592 |  | 612,640 |
| Rental property and equipment, net |  | 506,062 |  | 503,911 |
| Long-term finance receivables, less allowances of \$33,476 and \$36,856 at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively | Long-term finance receivables, less allowances of \$33,476 and \$36,856 at September 30, 2007 |  |  | 1,530,153 |
| Investment in leveraged leases |  | 248,850 |  | 215,371 |
| Goodwill |  | 2,197,015 |  | 1,791,157 |
| Intangible assets, net |  | 479,767 |  | 365,192 |
| Other assets |  | 575,835 |  | 543,326 |
| Total assets | \$ | $\underline{9,516,879}$ | \$ | 8,480,420 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY |  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 1,748,183 | \$ | 1,677,501 |
| Income taxes payable |  | 130,364 |  | 112,930 |
| Notes payable and current portion of long-term obligations |  | 1,102,053 |  | 490,540 |
| Advance billings |  | 541,988 |  | 465,862 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 3,522,588 |  | 2,746,833 |
| Deferred taxes on income |  | 523,976 |  | 356,310 |
| Long-term debt |  | 3,793,974 |  | 3,847,617 |
| Other noncurrent liabilities |  | 454,971 |  | 446,306 |
| Total liabilities |  | 8,295,509 |  | 7,397,066 |
| Preferred stockholders' equity in a subsidiary company |  | 384,165 |  | 384,165 |
| Stockholders' equity: |  |  |  |  |
| Cumulative preferred stock, $\$ 50$ par value, $4 \%$ convertible |  | 7 |  | 7 |
| Cumulative preference stock, no par value, \$2.12 convertible |  | 1,026 |  | 1,068 |
| Common stock, \$1 par value ( $480,000,000$ shares authorized \& $323,337,912$ shares issued) |  | 323,338 |  | 323,338 |
| Capital in excess of par value |  | 250,079 |  | 235,558 |
| Retained earnings |  | 4,263,276 |  | 4,140,128 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income |  | 43,416 |  | $(131,744)$ |
| Treasury stock, at cost (105,990,773 and 102,724,590 shares at September 30, 2007 and |  |  |  | $(3,869,166)$ |
| Total stockholders' equity |  | 837,205 |  | 699,189 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ | $\underline{9,516,879}$ | \$ | 8,480,420 |

## PITNEY BOWES INC

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## (Unaudited; in thousands, except per share data)



See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

## 1. Basis ofPresentation

The terms "we", "us", and "our" are used in this report to refer collectively to Pitney Bowes Inc. and its subsidiaries.
The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Pitney Bowes Inc. have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In addition, the December 31, 2006 condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary to present fairly our financial position at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 and our cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 have been included. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or the year ending December 31, 2007.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2006 Annual Report to Stockholders on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

## 2. Nature of Operations

We are a provider of leading-edge, global, integrated mail and document management solutions for organizations of all sizes. We operate in two business groups: Mailstream Solutions and Mailstream Services. Mailstream Solutions includes worldwide revenue and related expenses from the sale, rental, and financing of mail finishing, mail creation, shipping, and production mail equipment; supplies; mailing and multi-vendor support services; payment solutions; and mailing, customer communication and location intelligence software. Mailstream Services includes worldwide revenue and related experience from facilities management contracts, reprographics, document management; and other value-added services for targeted customer markets; mail services operations, which include presort mail services and international outbound mail services; and marketing services. See Note 7 for details of our reporting segments and a description of their activities.

In 2006, we completed the sale of our Imagistics lease portfolio and our Capital Services external financing business. Both Imagistics' and Capital Services' results of operations have been reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented. See Note 4 for additional information on the discontinued operations.

## 3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, which supplements Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, by defining the confidence level that a tax position must meet in order to be recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 requires the tax effect of a position to be recognized only if it is "more-likely-thannot" to be sustained based solely on its technical merits as of the reporting date. If a tax position is not considered more-likely-than-not to be sustained based solely on its technical merits, no benefits of the position are recognized. This is a different standard for recognition than was previously required. The more-likely-than-not threshold must continue to be met in each reporting period to support continued recognition of a benefit. At adoption, companies must adjust their financial statements to reflect only those tax positions that are more-likely-than-not to be sustained as of the adoption date. Any necessary adjustment is recorded directly to opening retained earnings in the period of adoption and reported as a change in accounting principle. We adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007 which resulted in a decrease to opening retained earnings of $\$ 84.4$ million, with a corresponding increase in our tax liabilities.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. FAS 13-2, Accounting for a Change or Projected Change in the Timing of Cash Flows Relating to Income Taxes Generated by a Leveraged Lease Transaction, that provides guidance on how a change or a potential change in the timing of cash flows relating to income taxes generated by a leveraged lease transaction affects the accounting by a lessor for the lease. We adopted the provisions of FSP No. FAS 13-2 on January 1, 2007. Our adoption of this FSP did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157), to define how the fair value of assets and liabilities should be measured in accounting standards where it is allowed or required. In addition to defining fair value, the statement establishes a framework within GAAP for measuring fair value and expands required disclosures surrounding fair value measurements. While it will change the way companies currently measure fair value, it does not establish any new instances where fair value measurement is required. SFAS 157 defines fair value as an amount that a company would receive if it sold an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a normal transaction between market participants in the same market where the company does business. It emphasizes that the value is based on assumptions that market participants would use, not necessarily only the company that might buy or sell the asset. In September 2007, the FASB decided to scope out SFAS No. 13, Accounting for Leases, from this standard on fair value measurement. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption allowed. We continue to evaluate the impact of adopting this Statement.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, which permits entities to choose to measure many financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are reported in earnings. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We continue to evaluate the impact of adopting this Statement.

## 4. Discontinued Operations

On July 14, 2006, we completed the sale of our Capital Services external financing business to Cerberus Capital Management, L.P. (Cerberus) for approximately $\$ 747$ million and the assumption of approximately $\$ 470$ million of non-recourse debt and other liabilities. This sale resulted in the disposition of most of the external financing activity but we have retained certain leveraged leases in Canada, which are now included in our International Mailing segment. The proceeds received at closing were invested in short-term investments and were utilized to pay our tax obligations. See Note 15 for further discussion.

In August 2006, we reached a settlement with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) on all outstanding tax audit issues in dispute for tax years through 2000. In the second quarter of 2006, we had estimated the potential impact of this anticipated settlement and recorded $\$ 61$ million of additional tax expense, with $\$ 41$ million included in discontinued operations. The $\$ 41$ million tax estimate was not affected by the final settlement agreement reached in August 2006. See Note 15 for further discussion.

The following table shows selected financial information included in discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively:

|  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discontinued Operations | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Revenue | \$ |  | \$ | 4,218 | \$ |  | \$ | 81,199 |
| Pre-tax (loss) income | \$ | - | \$ | $(14,675)$ | \$ | - | \$ | 25,275 |
| Net (loss) income | \$ | $(1,565)$ | \$ | 7,914 | \$ | $(4,695)$ | \$ | 35,030 |
| (Loss) gain on sale of Imagistics, net of $\$ 368$ tax benefit \& $\$ 7,075$ tax expense, respectively |  | - |  | (576) |  | - |  | 11,065 |
| FSC tax law change |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(16,209)$ |
| Additional tax on IRS settlement |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(41,000)$ |
| Loss on sale of Capital Services, net of \$1,883 and \$284,605 tax benefit, respectively |  | - |  | $(2,945)$ |  | - |  | $(445,150)$ |
| Total discontinued operations, net of tax | \$ | $\underline{(1,565})$ | \$ | 4,393 | \$ | (4,695) | \$ | $(456,264)$ |

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Net loss for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 relates primarily to the accrual of interest on uncertain tax positions. Interest expense included in discontinued operations was $\$ 1.4$ million and $\$ 19.2$ million for the three and nine months ended September 30 , 2006, respectively. Interest expense recorded in discontinued operations in 2006 included only interest on third-party debt that was assumed by Cerberus. We have not allocated other consolidated interest expense to discontinued operations.

## 5. Acquisitions

On September 12, 2007, we acquired Asterion SAS for $\$ 30$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Asterion is a leading provider of outsourced transactional print and document process services in France. We assigned the goodwill to the Management Services segment.

On May 31, 2007, we acquired the remaining shares of Digital Cement, Inc. for $\$ 38$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Digital Cement, Inc. provides marketing management strategy and services to help companies acquire, retain, manage, and grow their customer relationships. We assigned the goodwill to the Marketing Services segment.

On April 19, 2007, we acquired MapInfo Corporation for $\$ 448$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Included in the assets and liabilities acquired were shortterm investments of $\$ 46$ million and debt assumed of $\$ 14$ million. MapInfo is a global company and a leading provider of location intelligence software and solutions. We assigned the goodwill to the Software segment. As part of the purchase accounting for MapInfo, we aligned MapInfo's accounting policies for software revenue recognition with ours. Accordingly, certain software revenue that was previously recognized by MapInfo on a periodic basis will now be recognized over the life of the contract.

On July 31, 2006, we acquired Print, Inc. for approximately $\$ 46$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Print, Inc. provides printer supplies, service and equipment under long-term managed services contracts. We assigned the goodwill to the U.S. Mailing segment.

On June 15, 2006, we acquired substantially all the assets of Advertising Audit Service and PMH Caramanning (collectively AAS) for approximately $\$ 42$ million in cash. AAS offers a variety of web-based tools for the customization of promotional mail and marketing collateral and designs and manages customer and channel performance solutions. We assigned the goodwill to the Marketing Services segment.

On April 24, 2006, we acquired Ibis Consulting, Inc. (Ibis) for approximately $\$ 65$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Ibis is a leading provider of electronic discovery (eDiscovery) services to law firms and corporate clients. Ibis' technology and offerings complement those of Compulit, which we acquired in 2005 , and expands our range of solutions and services for the complex litigation support needs of law firms and corporate legal departments. We assigned the goodwill to the Management Services segment.

On February 8, 2006, we acquired Emtex Ltd. (Emtex) for approximately $\$ 33$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Emtex is a software and services company that allows large-volume mailers to simplify document production and centrally manage complex multi-vendor and multi-site print operations. We assigned the goodwill to the Software segment.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

The following table summarizes selected financial data for the opening balance sheet allocation of the acquisitions in 2007:


The following table summarizes selected financial data for the opening balance sheet allocations of the acquisitions in 2006:

|  | Print, Inc. |  | AAS |  | Ibis |  | Emtex |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Purchase price allocation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | \$ | 9,385 | \$ | 1,989 | \$ | 6,468 | \$ | 4,240 |
| Other non-current assets |  | 1,610 |  | 789 |  | 3,349 |  | 1,034 |
| Intangible assets |  | 8,144 |  | 8,200 |  | 17,700 |  | 14,540 |
| Goodwill |  | 36,057 |  | 31,670 |  | 40,751 |  | 25,076 |
| Current liabilities |  | $(7,660)$ |  | $(1,033)$ |  | $(3,258)$ |  | $(11,946)$ |
| Non-current liabilities |  | $(1,519)$ |  | - |  | - |  | (112) |
| Purchase price, net of cash acquired | \$ | $\underline{46,017}$ | \$ | $\underline{\text { 41,615 }}$ | \$ | $\underline{65,010}$ | \$ | 32,832 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intangible assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customer relationships | \$ | 8,144 | \$ | 4,000 | \$ | 8,800 | \$ | 3,300 |
| Mailing software and technology |  | - |  | 4,200 |  | 7,800 |  | 9,200 |
| Trademarks and trade names |  | - |  | - |  | 1,100 |  | 2,040 |
| Total intangible assets | \$ | 8,144 | \$ | $\underline{8,200}$ | \$ | $\underline{17,700}$ | \$ | $\underline{14,540}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intangible assets amortization period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customer relationships |  | 6 years |  | 10 years |  | 10 years |  | 10 years |
| Mailing software and technology |  | - |  | 5 years |  | 5 years |  | 5 years |
| Trademarks and trade names |  | - |  | - |  | 3 years |  | 5 years |
| Total weighted average |  | 6 years |  | 7 years |  | 7 years |  | 6 years |

## PITNEY BOWES INC

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed has not been finalized for Asterion SAS, Digital Cement, Inc., and MapInfo. The purchase price allocation for these acquisitions will be finalized upon the completion of working capital closing adjustments and fair value analyses. Final determination of the purchase price and fair values to be assigned may result in adjustments to the preliminary estimated values assigned at the date of acquisition. We do not anticipate significant adjustments to the preliminary estimated values. The amount of tax deductible goodwill added from acquisitions in the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was $\$ 23.2$ million and $\$ 120$ million, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, we also completed several smaller acquisitions. The aggregate cost of these acquisitions was $\$ 51.8$ million, net of cash acquired. These acquisitions did not have a material impact on our financial results.

Consolidated impact of acquisitions
The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the results of operations of the acquired businesses from their respective dates of acquisition.
The following unaudited pro forma consolidated revenue has been prepared as if the acquisitions had occurred at the beginning of each period presented:

|  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |
| Total revenue | \$ | 1,528,959 | \$ | 1,512,792 | \$ | 4,594,205 | \$ | 4,458,068 |

The pro forma earnings of these acquisitions for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 reduced our diluted earnings per share by approximately 5 cents, primarily due to the purchase accounting alignment for MapInfo. The pro forma consolidated results do not purport to be indicative of actual results that would have occurred had the acquisitions been completed on January 1, 2007 and 2006, nor do they purport to be indicative of the results that will be obtained in the future.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

## 6. Earnings per Share

A reconciliation of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

|  | 2007 |  |  |  |  | 2006 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Income |  | ighted <br> erage <br> ares | Per <br> Share |  | Income |  | ghted <br> erage <br> ares | Per Share |  |
| Net income | \$ | 127,675 |  |  |  | \$ | 148,620 |  |  |  |
| Less: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred stock dividends |  | - |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| Preference stock dividends |  | (20) |  |  |  |  | (22) |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ | 127,655 | 218,299 | \$ | 0.58 |  | 148,598 | 221,322 | \$ | 0.67 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Effect of dilutive securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Data for basic earnings per share |  | 127,655 | 218,299 |  |  |  | 148,598 | 221,322 |  |  |
| Preferred stock |  | - | 3 |  |  |  | - | 8 |  |  |
| Preference stock |  | 20 | 634 |  |  |  | 22 | 673 |  |  |
| Stock options \& stock purchase plans |  |  | 1,989 |  |  |  |  | 1,932 |  |  |
| Other |  |  | 103 |  |  |  |  | 148 |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ | 127,675 | 221,028 | \$ | 0.58 | \$ | 148,620 | 224,083 | \$ | 0.66 |

A reconciliation of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:


In accordance with SFAS No. 128, Earnings per Share, 402,877 and 919,869 weighted common stock equivalent shares for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and 353,739 and 911,045 weighted common stock equivalent shares for the nine months ended September 30 , 2007 and 2006, respectively, issuable upon the exercise of stock options are excluded from the above computations because the exercise prices of such options were greater than the average market price of the common stock and therefore the impact of these shares was anti-dilutive.

## PITNEY BOWES INC

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

## 7. Segment Information

We conduct our business activities in seven business segments within the Mailstream Solutions and Mailstream Services business groups. The following details the activities of each segment within the two business groups:

## Mailstream Solutions:

U.S. Mailing: Includes the U.S. revenue and related expenses from the sale, rental and financing of our mail finishing, mail creation, shipping equipment and software; supplies, support and other professional services; and payment solutions.

International Mailing: Includes the non-U.S. revenue and related expenses from the sale, rental and financing of our mail finishing, mail creation and shipping equipment; supplies, equipment-based software, support and other professional services; and payment solutions.

Production Mail: Includes the worldwide sale, financing, support and the other professional services of our high speed production mail systems and sorting equipment.

Software: Includes the worldwide sale and support services of non-equipment based mailing, and customer communication and location intelligence software.

## Mailstream Services:

Management Services: Includes our worldwide facilities management services, secure mail services, reprographics, document management services; and litigation support and eDiscovery services.

Mail Services: Includes our presort mail services and our cross-border mail services.
Marketing Services: Includes our direct marketing services for targeted customers; our web-tools for the customization of promotional mail and marketing collateral; and other marketing consulting services.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Revenue and earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) by business segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

(1) EBIT excludes general corporate expenses, restructuring charges, other expenses and the MapInfo purchase accounting alignment.

## PITNEY BOWES INC

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

## 8. Inventories

Inventories are composed of the following:

|  | September 30, 2007 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2006 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw materials and work in process | \$ | 97,680 | \$ | 97,870 |
| Supplies and service parts |  | 77,539 |  | 82,669 |
| Finished products |  | 81,867 |  | 57,278 |
| Total | \$ | 257,086 | \$ | 237,817 |

## 9. Fixed Assets

|  | September 30, 2007 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property, plant and equipment | \$ | 1,887,694 | \$ | 1,831,140 |
| Accumulated depreciation |  | $(1,223,102)$ |  | $(1,218,500)$ |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | \$ | $\underline{664,592}$ | \$ | 612,640 |
| Rental property and equipment | \$ | 1,190,411 | \$ | 1,163,705 |
| Accumulated depreciation |  | $(684,349)$ |  | $(659,794)$ |
| Rental property and equipment, net | \$ | 506,062 | \$ | 503,911 |

Depreciation expense was $\$ 77.9$ million and $\$ 78.2$ million for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Depreciation expense was $\$ 236.2$ million and $\$ 233.1$ million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 included $\$ 9.2$ million expense for discontinued operations.

## 10. Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Intangible assets are composed of the following:

|  | September 30, 2007 |  |  |  |  |  | December 31, 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross <br> Carrying <br> Amount |  | Accumulated Amortization |  | Net Carrying Amount |  |  |  | Accumulated <br> Amortization |  |  |  |
| Customer relationships | \$ | 444,285 | \$ | $(114,686)$ | \$ | 329,599 | \$ | 314,768 | \$ | $(84,439)$ | \$ | 230,329 |
| Supplier relationships |  | 33,300 |  | $(8,952)$ |  | 24,348 |  | 33,300 |  | $(5,954)$ |  | 27,346 |
| Software \& technology |  | 173,158 |  | $(59,613)$ |  | 113,545 |  | 134,476 |  | $(42,357)$ |  | 92,119 |
| Trademarks \& trade names |  | 27,161 |  | $(15,830)$ |  | 11,331 |  | 28,961 |  | $(14,716)$ |  | 14,245 |
| Non-compete agreements |  | 5,491 |  | $(4,547)$ |  | 944 |  | 5,247 |  | $(4,094)$ |  | 1,153 |
| Total intangible assets | \$ | 683,395 | \$ | $(203,628)$ | \$ | 479,767 | \$ | 516,752 | \$ | $(151,560)$ | \$ | 365,192 |

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

Amortization expense for intangible assets for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was $\$ 18.5$ million and $\$ 14.8$ million, respectively. Amortization expense for intangible assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was $\$ 49.1$ million and $\$ 39$ million, respectively. Estimated intangible assets amortization expense for the remainder of 2007 and the next five years is as follows:

| Remaining for the year ending $12 / 31 / 07$ | $\mathbf{2 4 , 0 0 0}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| For the year ending $12 / 31 / 08$ | $\mathbf{7 1 , 0 0 0}$ |
| For the year ending $12 / 31 / 09$ | $\mathbf{6 8 , 0 0 0}$ |
| For the year ending $12 / 31 / 10$ | $\mathbf{6 1 , 0 0 0}$ |
| For the year ending $12 / 31 / 11$ | $\mathbf{5 3 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Thereafter | $\mathbf{2 0 3 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Total | $\underline{\mathbf{4 8 0 , 0 0 0}}$ |

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by business segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 are as follows:

"Other" includes the impact of post closing acquisition and foreign currency translation adjustments.

## 11. Long-term Debt

In September 2007, we issued $\$ 500$ million of unsecured fixed rate notes maturing in September 2017. These notes bear interest at an annual rate of $5.75 \%$ and pay interest semi-annually beginning in March 2008. The proceeds from these notes were used for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of commercial paper, the financing of acquisitions, and repurchase of our stock.

On September 30, 2007, $\$ 0.6$ billion remained available under the shelf registration statement filed in February 2005 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), permitting issuances of up to $\$ 2.5$ billion in debt securities, preferred stock, preference stock, common stock, purchase contracts, depositary shares, warrants and units.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

## 12. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | 127,675 | \$ | 148,620 | \$ | 424,710 | \$ | $(53,926)$ |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments |  | 88,978 |  | $(11,055)$ |  | 159,282 |  | 91,335 |
| Amortization of pension \& post retirement cost |  | 6,382 |  | - |  | 16,665 |  |  |
| Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments |  | 1,826 |  | $(7,060)$ |  | (787) |  | $(4,846)$ |
| Comprehensive income | \$ | 224,861 | \$ | 130,505 | \$ | 599,870 | \$ | 32,563 |

## 13. Restructuring Charges

Accrued restructuring balances at September 30, 2007 related to the program that we completed in 2006 are composed of the following:

|  | Balance at January 1, 2007 |  | Cash payments |  | Balance at September 30, 2007 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Severance and benefit costs | \$ | 31,265 | \$ | $(23,009)$ | \$ | 8,256 |
| Other exit costs |  | 2,284 |  | $(1,436)$ |  | 848 |
| Total | \$ | 33,549 | \$ | $(24,445)$ | \$ | 9,104 |

The outstanding balance is expected to be substantially paid by the end of 2007 .
Pre-tax restructuring reserves at December 31, 2006 were composed of the following:

|  | Balance at January 1, 2006 |  | Restructuring charges |  | Cash payments |  | Non-cash charges |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance at } \\ \text { December } 31, \\ 2006 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Severance and benefit costs | \$ | 44,635 | \$ | 33,254 | \$ | $(46,624)$ | \$ | - | \$ | 31,265 |
| Asset impairments |  | - |  | 754 |  | - |  | (754) |  |  |
| Other exit costs |  | 5,235 |  | 1,991 |  | $(4,942)$ |  | - |  | 2,284 |
| Total | \$ | 49,870 | \$ | 35,999 | \$ | $\underline{(51,566)}$ | \$ | (754) | \$ | 33,549 |

## PITNEY BOWES INC

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

## 14. Pensions and Other Benefit Programs

## Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The components of net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

|  | United States |  |  |  | Foreign |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 7,000 | \$ | 6,598 | \$ | 3,444 | \$ | 2,831 |
| Interest cost |  | 24,505 |  | 22,867 |  | 7,485 |  | 5,750 |
| Expected return on plan assets |  | $(32,645)$ |  | $(31,184)$ |  | $(10,029)$ |  | $(7,975)$ |
| Amortization of transition cost |  | - |  | - |  | (178) |  | (166) |
| Amortization of prior service cost |  | (561) |  | (533) |  | 176 |  | 157 |
| Amortization of net loss |  | 8,631 |  | 8,683 |  | 1,983 |  | 2,571 |
| Settlement / curtailment |  | - |  | - |  | 279 |  | - |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ | $\underline{6,930}$ | \$ | 6,431 | \$ | $\underline{3,160}$ | \$ | $\underline{\text { 3,168 }}$ |

The components of net periodic benefit cost for defined benefit pension plans for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

|  | United States |  |  |  | Foreign |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 21,151 | \$ | 21,529 | \$ | 9,702 | \$ | 8,218 |
| Interest cost |  | 70,616 |  | 70,851 |  | 21,001 |  | 16,731 |
| Expected return on plan assets |  | $(95,309)$ |  | $(97,050)$ |  | $(28,102)$ |  | $(23,269)$ |
| Amortization of transition cost |  | - |  | - |  | (502) |  | (492) |
| Amortization of prior service cost |  | $(1,623)$ |  | $(1,651)$ |  | 497 |  | 459 |
| Amortization of net loss |  | 22,394 |  | 25,764 |  | 5,589 |  | 7,936 |
| Settlement / curtailment |  | - |  | - |  | 624 |  | - |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ | 17,229 | \$ | 19,443 | \$ | 8,809 | \$ | 9,583 |

We expect to contribute up to $\$ 9.6$ million and $\$ 10$ million, respectively, to our U.S. and foreign pension plans during 2007. At September 30, 2007, $\$ 7.4$ million and $\$ 8.3$ million of contributions have been made to the U.S. and foreign pension plans, respectively.

Nonpension Postretirement Benefit Plans
The components of net periodic benefit cost for nonpension postretirement benefit plans for the three and nine months ended September 30,2007 and 2006 are as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 713 | \$ | 698 | \$ | 2,382 | \$ | 2,472 |
| Interest cost |  | 2,706 |  | 2,707 |  | 9,936 |  | 9,883 |
| Amortization of prior service cost |  | (466) |  | (367) |  | $(1,381)$ |  | $(1,296)$ |
| Amortization of net loss |  | 474 |  | 432 |  | 1,897 |  | 2,227 |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ | 3,427 | \$ | 3,470 | \$ | 12,834 | \$ | 13,286 |

For the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, we made $\$ 9.1$ million and $\$ 8.1$ million of contributions representing benefit payments, respectively. Contributions for benefit payments were $\$ 24.8$ million and $\$ 25.5$ million for the nine months ended September 30 , 2007 and 2006 , respectively.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

## 15. Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 was $35.3 \%$ and $34.4 \%$, respectively. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30,2007 and 2006 was $34.6 \%$ and $37.5 \%$, respectively. The higher rate in the third quarter of 2007 is related to a $\$ 3.6$ million non-cash deferred tax charge, related to a change in German and U.K. tax rates. The higher September 2006 year-to-date rate was primarily due to a $\$ 20$ million charge that was recorded in the second quarter of 2006 in connection with the IRS settlement.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FIN. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, which supplements FAS 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, by defining the confidence level that a tax position must meet in order to be recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 requires the tax effect of a position to be recognized only if it is "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained, which is a different standard than was previously required. We adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. As a result, on initial adoption we recognized an $\$ 84.4$ million increase in our liability for uncertain tax positions and a corresponding reduction to our opening retained earnings. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits including interest at January 1,2007 was $\$ 460.4$ million, of which $\$ 363.3$ million would affect the effective tax rate if recognized. Our tax filings are under continual examination by tax authorities. On a regular basis we conclude tax return examinations, statutes of limitations expire, court decisions are made that interpret tax law and we regularly assess tax uncertainties in light of these developments. As a result of the ultimate settlement of certain tax examinations, our unrecognized tax benefits will decrease by approximately $10 \%$ in the fourth quarter of 2007. We do not anticipate any other significant adjustments to our unrecognized tax benefits during the next twelve months. We recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in our provision for income taxes. We recognized $\$ 4.7$ million in interest and penalties during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and this amount was included in discontinued operations. We had $\$ 104.5$ million accrued for the payment of interest and penalties at January 1, 2007. Included in the $\$ 524.0$ million September 30, 2007 noncurrent deferred tax balance is $\$ 254.3$ million of other noncurrent tax liabilities.

In August 2006, we reached a settlement with the IRS governing all outstanding tax audit issues in dispute for the tax years through 2000. These disputed items related primarily to the tax treatment of corporate owned life insurance (COLI) and related interest expense, the tax effect of the sale of certain preferred share holdings, and the tax treatment of certain Capital Services lease transactions. In the second quarter of 2006, we estimated the tax due as a result of the IRS settlement including our best estimate of the additional liability for these items in all open years, the sale of the Imagistics portfolio and the sale of the Capital Services business to be approximately $\$ 1.1$ billion. Accordingly, we recorded $\$ 61$ million of additional tax expense. The $\$ 1.1$ billion tax liability was net of $\$ 330$ million of IRS tax bonds previously posted. In the third quarter of 2006, we paid $\$ 239$ million of the $\$ 1.1$ billion obligation to the IRS, with the remainder paid by the end of 2006. These tax obligations were funded with proceeds previously received in 2006 from the sale of Imagistics and Capital Services and the advance against the cash surrender value of our COLI assets. Of the $\$ 61$ million of tax expense, $\$ 41$ million related to the Capital Services business and was included in discontinued operations and $\$ 20$ million was included in continuing operations.

The current IRS exam of tax years 2001-2004 is estimated to be completed in 2008 while the formal statute of limitations for years 1995-2000 has also yet to expire. In connection with the 2001-2004 audit, we are currently disputing a recent formal request from the IRS in the form of a civil summons to provide certain company workpapers. The company believes that certain documents being sought should not be produced because they are privileged. In the third quarter, in a similar case, the U.S. District Court in Rhode Island ruled that certain company workpapers were in fact privileged. The IRS has stated its intention to appeal that decision. A similar issue is also being litigated before the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Alabama. A variety of post1999 tax years remain subject to examination by other tax authorities, including the U.K., Canada, Germany and various U.S. states. We have accrued our best estimate of the probable tax, interest and penalties that may result from these tax uncertainties in these and other jurisdictions. However, the resolution of such matters could have a material impact on our results of operations, financial position and cash flow.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> (Unaudited; tabular dollars in thousands, except for per share data)

## 16. Commitment and Contingencies

## Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, we are routinely defendants in or party to a number of pending and threatened legal actions. These may involve litigation by or against us relating to, among other things, contractual rights under vendor, insurance or other contracts; intellectual property or patent rights; equipment, service, payment or other disputes with customers; or disputes with employees.

Ricoh Corporation et al. v. Pitney Bowes Inc. (United States District Court, District of New Jersey, filed November 26, 2002). In this patent litigation where the company prevailed at trial, the appellate process is proceeding.

Imagitas, Inc., Drivers' Privacy Protection Act Litigation, MDL Docket No. 1828 (United States District Court, Middle District of Florida). In this MultiDistrict Litigation (MDL), expedited discovery has concluded on some discrete issues, and Imagitas has filed a motion for summary judgment. The state officials from Florida who were sued in their individual capacity have reached a settlement with the plaintiffs. As a result of that settlement, Imagitas has agreed to voluntarily suspend a portion of the program, pending a ruling in the litigation against it. During this period, Imagitas will still be placing advertisements in the registration renewal forms in Florida. The Multi-District Litigation panel denied the attempt by officials in Ohio, Missouri, and Minnesota to have the cases filed against them in their individual capacity removed from the MDL and returned to the respective courts where they were originally filed. The pendency of these litigations, regardless of their ultimate merit, may have a negative effect on the future prospects of the DriverSource program.

We expect to prevail in both the Ricoh litigation and the lawsuits against Imagitas; however, as litigation is inherently unpredictable, there can be no assurance in this regard. If the plaintiffs do prevail, the results may have a material effect on our financial position, future results of operations or cash flows, including, for example, our ability to offer certain types of goods or services in the future.

## Guarantees

As part of the sale of the Capital Services business in the second quarter of 2006, we indemnified the buyer for certain guarantees by posting letters of credit at the date of sale. At September 30, 2007, the outstanding balance of these guarantees was $\$ 8.5$ million.

Our maximum risk of loss related to these letters of credit arises from the possible non-performance of lessees to meet the terms of their contracts and from changes in the value of the underlying equipment. These contracts are secured by the underlying equipment value and supported by the creditworthiness of the customer

## Product Warranty

We provide product warranties in conjunction with certain product sales, generally for a period of 90 days from the date of installation. Our product warranty liability reflects our best estimate of probable liability or product warranties based on historical claims experience, which has not been significant, and other currently available evidence. Accordingly, our product warranty liability at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively, was not material.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD\&A) contains statements that are forward-looking. These statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially because of factors discussed in Forward-Looking Statements and elsewhere in this report.

The following analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with Pitney Bowes' Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this report and in Pitney Bowes' Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

As a result of the sale of our Imagistics lease portfolio and Capital Services external financing business in 2006, the results of operations reflect these businesses as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

## Overview

Business conditions during the third quarter were much more challenging than we originally anticipated. Our Software and Mail Services segments continued to have very strong results, but their performance was offset by weaker performance in our U.S. and International Mailing segments as well as in our Management Services segment. In addition, weakness in certain sectors of the economy, such as financial services, adversely affected our results this quarter.

Revenue for the third quarter increased $5 \%$ to $\$ 1.5$ billion. Revenue growth was positively affected by acquisitions and foreign currency translation, which contributed about $4 \%$ and $2 \%$, respectively.

Earnings per diluted share from continuing operations for the quarter was $\$ 0.58$ compared with $\$ 0.64$ per diluted share in the prior year. Earnings per diluted share from continuing operations for the third quarter of 2007 was reduced by approximately 2 cents due to the purchase accounting alignment for MapInfo, 2 cents due to a non-cash tax charge, primarily related to a tax rate change in Germany, and 1 cent due to an impairment charge for intangible assets in our legal solutions business. Earnings per diluted share from continuing operations for the third quarter of 2006 included a 2 cent reduction related to restructuring charges.

Net income for the quarter was $\$ 127.7$ million compared with net income of $\$ 148.6$ million in the prior year.
See Results of Operations - Third Quarter of 2007 compared to Third Quarter of 2006 for a more detailed discussion of our results of operations.

## Outlook

On October 31, 2007, the Postal Regulatory Commission issued specific regulations to implement the U.S. postal reform bill signed into law in 2006 . The rules create a new system under which postal rates will be set in the future.

As we address the current market conditions, we will examine all aspects of our operations and our investment strategies to ensure that we will deliver enhanced value to our shareholders. We will also review our mailing equipment product line in light of the evolving regulatory environment in the U.S., Canada and Europe, and accelerate our plans to improve our infrastructure to enhance the customer experience and lower costs.

We expect our mix of product sales to continue to change, with a greater percentage of revenue coming from diversified revenue streams associated with fully featured smaller systems and a smaller percentage from larger system sales. In addition, we expect to expand our market presence in Mailstream Solutions and Mailstream Services and derive further synergies from our recent acquisitions. We will continue to remain focused on our productivity programs and to allocate capital in order to optimize our returns.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Results of Operations - Third Quarter of 2007 compared to Third Quarter of 2006

## Business segment results

The following table shows revenue and earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) by segment for the three months ended September 30,2007 and 2006.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Revenue |  |  |  |  | EBIT(1) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three months ended September 30, |  |  |  |  | Three months ended September 30, |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | \% change | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | \% change |
| U.S. Mailing | \$ | 571,568 | \$ | 587,226 | (3)\% | \$ | 224,317 | \$ | 232,337 | (3)\% |
| International Mailing |  | 254,001 |  | 252,641 | 1\% |  | 33,424 |  | 43,843 | (24)\% |
| Production Mail |  | 148,038 |  | 146,212 | 1\% |  | 16,560 |  | 13,668 | 21\% |
| Software |  | 92,256 |  | 49,979 | 85\% |  | 11,330 |  | 7,566 | 50\% |
| Mailstream Solutions |  | 1,065,863 |  | 1,036,058 | 3\% |  | 285,631 |  | 297,414 | (4)\% |
| Management Services |  | 278,167 |  | 263,229 | 6\% |  | 17,140 |  | 18,976 | (10)\% |
| Mail Services |  | 115,999 |  | 91,067 | 27\% |  | 17,446 |  | 9,444 | 85\% |
| Marketing Services |  | 48,248 |  | 42,977 | 12\% |  | 5,310 |  | 6,087 | (13)\% |
| Mailstream Services |  | 442,414 |  | 397,273 | 11\% |  | 39,896 |  | 34,507 | 16\% |
| Total | \$ | 1,508,277 | \$ | 1,433,331 | 5\% | \$ | 325,527 | \$ | 331,921 | (2)\% |

(1) See reconciliation of segment amounts to Income from Continuing Operations before Income Taxes and Minority Interest in Note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

During the third quarter of 2007, Mailstream Solutions revenue increased 3\% and EBIT decreased 4\% compared with the prior year. U.S. Mailing's revenue and EBIT decreased $3 \%$ due to lower equipment sales and rentals following the strong second quarter and the wind-down of meter migration. International Mailing revenue grew $1 \%$ and EBIT declined $24 \%$. International Mailing revenue growth benefited by about $6 \%$ from favorable foreign currency. The segment's results were adversely affected by lower equipment sales and rentals in Europe. The segment's EBIT was also adversely impacted by continued investments in growth in sales and marketing channels in Europe, and expenses related to outsourcing our European back office operations. Worldwide revenue for Production Mail grew 1\%, driven by foreign currency translation which contributed $2 \%$ to growth. Production Mail EBIT grew $21 \%$ due to a favorable mix of equipment sales. Software's revenue grew by $85 \%$ and EBIT grew $50 \%$. The segment's results were driven by the acquisition of MapInfo, which increased revenue by about $68 \%$, favorable foreign currency translation, which contributed about $7 \%$, and continued strong demand for our software solutions, particularly outside the U.S.

During the third quarter of 2007, Mailstream Services revenue grew $11 \%$ and EBIT increased $16 \%$ compared with the prior year. Management Services revenue grew $6 \%$ and EBIT declined $10 \%$. Management Services revenue benefited about $2 \%$ from acquisitions and $2 \%$ from foreign currency translation. Management Services results were positively impacted by strong written business in prior quarters but were adversely affected by continued weakness in the legal solutions business, delays in government contracts, and lower pricing on contract renewals. Mail Services revenue grew $27 \%$ due to continued growth in presort and cross-border mail services. Mail Services EBIT grew by $85 \%$ to $\$ 17.4$ million as a result of the ongoing successful integration of acquired sites and increased operating efficiencies. Marketing Services revenue grew $12 \%$ and EBIT decreased $13 \%$. The acquisition of Digital Cement, Inc. contributed $15 \%$ to revenue growth, but lower revenue in our motor vehicle registration services had an adverse effect on the segment's results.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Revenue by source

The following table shows revenue by source for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | \% change |
| Equipment sales | \$ | 307,897 | \$ | 337,291 | (9)\% |
| Supplies |  | 95,497 |  | 84,728 | 13\% |
| Software |  | 92,256 |  | 49,979 | 85\% |
| Rentals |  | 183,452 |  | 196,219 | (7)\% |
| Financing |  | 201,241 |  | 185,547 | 8\% |
| Support services |  | 185,520 |  | 182,294 | 2\% |
| Business services |  | 442,414 |  | 397,273 | 11\% |
| Total revenue | \$ | 1,508,277 | \$ | 1,433,331 | 5\% |

Equipment sales revenue decreased $9 \%$ from the prior year, primarily due to lower sales of mailing equipment in the U.S. and Europe, partially offset by favorable currency translation of $2 \%$.

Supplies revenue increased $13 \%$ from the prior year due to the transition of our meter base to digital technology, the acquisition of our print management business last year which contributed $3 \%$, and foreign currency translation which contributed $3 \%$.

Software revenue increased $85 \%$ from the prior year due to the acquisition of MapInfo, which contributed $68 \%$ to this increase, favorable currency translation, which contributed $7 \%$ to growth, and strong demand for our software solutions.

Rentals revenue declined $7 \%$ from the prior year due primarily to the continued downsizing by customers to smaller machines.
Financing revenue increased $8 \%$ from the prior year, primarily due to higher revenue from payment solutions and higher lease revenue from the higher equipment sales in the second quarter.

Support services revenue increased $2 \%$ from the prior year. Acquisitions contributed $1 \%$ to this growth and foreign currency translation contributed $2 \%$. Support services revenue was negatively affected by lower equipment sales.

Business services revenue increased $11 \%$ from the prior year, due primarily to strong growth in our presort and cross-border mail services. Acquisitions and foreign currency translation contributed $5 \%$ and $1 \%$, respectively, to this growth.

## Costs and expenses

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Cost of equipment sales | \$ | 164,659 | \$ | 173,068 |
| Cost of supplies | \$ | 27,061 | \$ | 26,071 |
| Cost of software | \$ | 21,749 | \$ | 11,044 |
| Cost of rentals | \$ | 42,630 | \$ | 42,231 |
| Cost of support services | \$ | 108,011 | \$ | 104,042 |
| Cost of business services | \$ | 345,024 | \$ | 307,378 |
| Selling, general and administrative | \$ | 479,772 | \$ | 443,426 |
| Research and development | \$ | 47,691 | \$ | 41,893 |

Cost of equipment sales as a percentage of revenue increased to $53.5 \%$ in the third quarter of 2007 compared with $51.3 \%$ in the prior year, primarily due to the decrease in sales of higher margin equipment in the U.S.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cost of supplies as a percentage of revenue decreased to $28.3 \%$ in the third quarter of 2007 compared with $30.8 \%$ in the prior year, primarily due to favorable product mix.

Cost of software increased to $23.6 \%$ of revenue in the third quarter of 2007 compared with $22.1 \%$ in the prior year, primarily due to the acquisition of MapInfo.

Cost of rentals as a percentage of revenue increased to $23.2 \%$ for the third quarter of 2007 compared with $21.5 \%$ in the prior year due to higher depreciation costs from the placement of new meters.

Cost of support services increased to $58.2 \%$ of revenue in the third quarter of 2007 compared with $57.1 \%$ in the prior year, primarily due to a higher mix of lower margin international sales.

Cost of business services increased to $78.0 \%$ of revenue in the third quarter of 2007 compared with $77.4 \%$ in the third quarter of 2006, primarily due to continued weakness in legal solutions and lower margin on contract renewals at Management Services.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to $31.8 \%$ of total revenue in the third quarter of 2007 compared with $30.9 \%$ in the prior year. This increase is due primarily to the acquisition of MapInfo, which has a higher proportion of selling, general and administrative costs, and lower equipment sales during the quarter.

Research and development expenses increased $13.8 \%$ in the third quarter of 2007 compared with the prior year due primarily to the acquisition of MapInfo. Our investment in research and development reflects our continued focus on developing new technologies and enhancing features for our products.

## Restructuring

In connection with our restructuring program that we concluded in 2006, we recorded pre-tax restructuring charges of $\$ 6.8$ million for the three months ended September 30, 2006.

The pre-tax restructuring costs were composed of:

|  | Three Months Ended <br> September 30, <br> 2006 |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| (Dollars in thousands) | $\$$ | 5,799 |
| Severance and benefit costs |  | 225 |
| Asset impairments | 747 |  |
| Other exit costs | $\$ \quad 6,771$ |  |
| $\quad$ Total restructuring costs |  |  |

We primarily fund restructuring payments with cash from operating activities. We expect to pay most of the outstanding restructuring balance by the end of 2007. We expect the restructuring initiatives to continue to increase our operating efficiency and effectiveness in 2007 and beyond while enhancing growth, primarily as a result of the reduction in personnel-related expenses.

Accrued restructuring balances at September 30, 2007 are composed of the following:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Balance at January 1, 2007 |  | Cashpayments |  | Balance at September 30, 2007 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Severance and benefit costs | \$ | 31,265 | \$ | $(23,009)$ | \$ | 8,256 |
| Other exit costs |  | 2,284 |  | $(1,436)$ |  | 848 |
| Total | \$ | 33,549 | \$ | $(24,445)$ | \$ | 9,104 |

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Net interest expense

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | \% change |
| Interest expense, net | \$ | 60,386 | \$ | 51,962 | 16\% |

Net interest expense increased by $\$ 8.4$ million or $16 \%$ in the third quarter of 2007 compared with the prior year due to higher average borrowings. Also, last year we had interest income on the cash balance that resulted from the Capital Services divestiture.

Other, net
In the third quarter of 2007 , we recorded a pre-tax expense of $\$ 4.3$ million related to the impairment of certain intangible assets in our legal solutions business.

In the third quarter of 2007 , we recorded a net pre-tax gain of $\$ 0.4$ million related to a revised liability estimate associated with prior legal settlements net of other legal matters.

## Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2007 was $35.3 \%$ compared with $34.4 \%$ in the prior year. The rate for 2007 includes a $\$ 3.6$ million non-cash deferred tax charge, due to a tax rate change in Germany and the U.K.

## Minority Interest

The following table details minority interest for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:


Minority interest includes dividends paid to preferred stockholders in a subsidiary. Minority interest increased by $\$ 1.2$ million or $33 \%$ in the third quarter of 2007 compared with the prior year due to an increase in outstanding preferred shares and the weighted average dividend rate which is set at auction.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Discontinued Operations

The following table details the components of discontinued operations for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Revenue | \$ | - | \$ | 4,218 |
| Pre-tax loss | \$ | - | \$ | $(14,675)$ |
| Net (loss) income | \$ | $(1,565)$ | \$ | 7,914 |
| Loss on sale of Imagistics, net of \$368 tax benefit |  | - |  | (576) |
| Loss on sale of Capital Services, net of \$1,883 tax benefit |  | - |  | $(2,945)$ |
| Total discontinued operations, net of tax | \$ | $(1,565)$ | \$ | 4,393 |

See Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion and details of the discontinued operations.
Results of Operations - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006

## Revenue by source

The following table shows revenue by source for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | \% change |
| Equipment sales | \$ | 961,868 | \$ | 959,683 | -\% |
| Supplies |  | 292,197 |  | 250,412 | 17\% |
| Software |  | 223,580 |  | 139,614 | 60\% |
| Rentals |  | 552,433 |  | 590,257 | (6)\% |
| Financing |  | 586,658 |  | 538,139 | 9\% |
| Support services |  | 564,597 |  | 529,399 | 7\% |
| Business services |  | 1,284,215 |  | 1,176,682 | 9\% |
| Total revenue | \$ | 4,465,548 | \$ | 4,184,186 | 7\% |

Equipment sales revenue was flat compared with the prior year as higher sales of equipment in the U.S. and favorable currency translation of $2 \%$ were offset by lower international sales.

Supplies revenue increased $17 \%$ over the prior year period due to transition of our meter base to digital technology. The acquisition of our print management business last year contributed $4 \%$ to this increase and foreign currency translation contributed $3 \%$ to this growth.

Software revenue increased $60 \%$ over the prior year period due to the acquisition of MapInfo, which contributed $44 \%$ to this overall increase, favorable currency translation, which contributed $3 \%$ to growth, and strong worldwide demand for our software solutions.

Rentals revenue declined $6 \%$ over the prior year period due to continued downsizing by customers to smaller machines.
Financing revenue increased $9 \%$ over the prior year period, primarily due to higher revenue from payment solutions and growth in our equipment leasing volumes.

Support services revenue increased $7 \%$ compared with the prior year period. This growth was primarily driven by higher service revenue from production mail and mailing equipment. Acquisitions contributed $2 \%$ and foreign currency translation contributed $2 \%$ to this growth.

Business services revenue increased $9 \%$ from the prior year period. This growth was driven by higher demand for our mail services. Acquisitions contributed $4 \%$ and foreign currency translation contributed $1 \%$ to this growth.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Costs and expenses

| (Dollars in thousands) | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Cost of equipment sales | \$ | 481,873 | \$ | 485,828 |
| Cost of supplies | \$ | 77,909 | \$ | 66,475 |
| Cost of software | \$ | 54,373 | \$ | 32,326 |
| Cost of rentals | \$ | 128,312 | \$ | 128,070 |
| Cost of support services | \$ | 320,832 | \$ | 298,791 |
| Cost of business services | \$ | 1,008,647 | \$ | 917,285 |
| Selling, general and administrative | \$ | 1,393,289 | \$ | 1,293,619 |
| Research and development | \$ | 138,364 | \$ | 124,409 |

Cost of equipment sales as a percentage of revenue decreased to $50.1 \%$ in the first nine months of 2007 compared with $50.6 \%$ in the prior year, primarily due to the increase in sales of higher margin equipment in the U.S.

Cost of supplies as a percentage of revenue was $26.7 \%$ in the first nine months of 2007 compared with $26.5 \%$ in the prior year.
Cost of software as a percentage of revenue increased to $24.3 \%$ of revenue in the first nine months of 2007 compared to $23.2 \%$ in the prior year, due primarily to the acquisition of MapInfo.

Cost of rentals as a percentage of revenue increased to $23.2 \%$ in the first nine months of 2007 compared with $21.7 \%$ in the prior year, primarily due to higher depreciation costs from placements of new meters.

Cost of support services as a percentage of revenue was $56.8 \%$ for the nine months of 2007 compared to $56.4 \%$ for the prior year.
Cost of business services increased to $78.5 \%$ of revenue in the first nine months of 2007 compared with $78.0 \%$ in the prior year, due to continued integration costs in our legal solutions businesses at Management Services and higher margin print contracts in the prior year that did not repeat this year.

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue was $31.2 \%$ for the first nine months of 2007 compared to $30.9 \%$ for last year. The acquisition of MapInfo and continued investments in sales and marketing channels offset benefits from our productivity initiatives.

Research and development expenses as a percentage of total revenue were $3.1 \%$ in the first nine month of 2007 compared with $3.0 \%$ in the prior year. Research and development expenses increased due primarily to the acquisition of MapInfo.

## Restructuring

Pre-tax restructuring costs of $\$ 17.4$ million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 were composed of:

|  | Nine Months Ended <br> September 30, <br> (Dollars in thousands) <br>  <br>  <br> Severance and benefit costs |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Asset impairments | $\$$ | 14,936 |
| Other exit costs | 739  <br> Total restructuring costs $\$$ |  |

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Net interest expense

The following table shows net interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:


Net interest expense increased by $\$ 19.1$ million or $12 \%$ in the first nine months of 2007 compared with the prior year due primarily to higher average borrowings.

## Other, net

In the third quarter of 2007 , we recorded a pre-tax expense of $\$ 4.3$ million related to impairment of certain intangible assets in the legal solutions business.
In the third quarter of 2007 , we recorded a net pre-tax gain of $\$ 0.4$ million related to a revised liability estimate associated with prior legal settlements net of other legal matters.

## Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the first nine months of 2007 was $34.6 \%$ compared with $37.5 \%$ in the prior year. The effective rate for 2007 includes a third quarter $\$ 3.6$ million non-cash deferred tax charge, due to a tax rate change in Germany and the U.K. The effective rate for 2006 included a $\$ 20$ million charge related to the IRS settlement discussed in Note 15 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Minority Interest

The following table details minority interest for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |  | \% change |
| Minority interest | \$ | 14,404 | \$ |  | 9,814 | 47\% |

Minority interest includes dividends paid to preferred stockholders in subsidiary companies. Minority interest increased by $\$ 4.6$ million or $47 \%$ compared to the prior year due to an increase in outstanding preferred shares and the weighted average dividend rate.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Discontinued Operations

The following table details the components of discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Revenue | \$ | - | \$ | 81,199 |
| Pre-tax income | \$ | - | \$ | 25,275 |
| Net (loss) income | \$ | $(4,695)$ | \$ | 35,030 |
| Gain on sale of Imagistics, net of \$7,075 tax |  | - |  | 11,065 |
| FSC tax law change |  | - |  | $(16,209)$ |
| Additional tax on IRS settlement |  | - |  | $(41,000)$ |
| Loss on sale of Capital Services, net of \$284,605 tax benefit |  | - |  | $(445,150)$ |
| Total discontinued operations, net of tax | \$ | $\underline{(4,695)}$ | \$ | $(456,264)$ |

See Note 4 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion and details of the discontinued operations.

## Acquisitions

On September 12, 2007, we acquired Asterion SAS for $\$ 30$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Asterion is a leading provider of outsourced transactional print and document process services in France. We assigned the goodwill to the Management Services segment.

On May 31, 2007, we acquired the remaining shares of Digital Cement, Inc. for $\$ 38$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Digital Cement, Inc. provides marketing management strategy and services to help companies acquire, retain, manage, and grow their customer relationships. We assigned the goodwill to the Marketing Services segment.

On April 19, 2007, we acquired MapInfo Corporation for $\$ 448$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Included in the assets and liabilities acquired were shortterm investments of $\$ 46$ million and debt assumed of $\$ 14$ million. MapInfo is a global company and a leading provider of location intelligence software and solutions. We assigned the goodwill to the Software segment. As part of the purchase accounting for MapInfo, we aligned MapInfo's accounting policies with ours. Accordingly, certain software revenue that was previously recognized by MapInfo on a periodic basis will now be recognized over the life of the contract.

On July 31, 2006, we acquired Print, Inc. for approximately $\$ 46$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Print, Inc. provides printer supplies, service and equipment under long-term managed services contracts. We assigned the goodwill to the U.S. Mailing segment.

On June 15, 2006, we acquired substantially all the assets of Advertising Audit Service and PMH Caramanning (collectively AAS) for approximately $\$ 42$ million in cash. AAS offers a variety of web-based tools for the customization of promotional mail and marketing collateral and designs and manages customer and channel performance solutions. We assigned the goodwill to the Marketing Services segment.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

On April 24, 2006, we acquired Ibis Consulting, Inc. (Ibis) for approximately $\$ 65$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Ibis is a leading provider of electronic discovery (eDiscovery) services to law firms and corporate clients. Ibis' technology and offerings complement those of Compulit, which we acquired in 2005, and expands our range of solutions and services for the complex litigation support needs of law firms and corporate legal departments. We assigned the goodwill to the Management Services segment.

On February 8, 2006, we acquired Emtex Ltd. (Emtex) for approximately $\$ 33$ million in cash, net of cash acquired. Emtex is a software and services company that allows large-volume mailers to simplify document production and centrally manage complex multi-vendor and multi-site print operations. We assigned the goodwill to the Software segment.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, we also completed several smaller acquisitions. The aggregate cost of these acquisitions was $\$ 51.8$ million, net of cash acquired. These acquisitions did not have a material impact on our financial results.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity and capital resources include cash flows from operating activities. Additionally, we have substantial borrowing capability through our commercial paper program, long-term capital markets and revolving credit line agreements. The primary factors that affect our liquidity position, other than operating results associated with current sales activity, include the following: growth and expansion requirements; customer financing assistance; federal income tax payments; interest and dividend payments; our stock repurchase program; internal investments; and potential acquisitions and divestitures.

## Cash Flow Summary

The change in cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Nine Months Ended September 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 696,768 | \$ | 335,790 |
| Cash (used in) provided by investing activities |  | $(739,698)$ |  | 11,721 |
| Cash provided by (used in) financing activities |  | 137,442 |  | $(365,013)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash |  | 5,149 |  | 2,346 |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | \$ | $\underline{99,661}$ | \$ | $(15,156)$ |

## 2007 Cash Flows

Net cash provided by operating activities consisted primarily of net income adjusted for non-cash items and changes in operating assets and liabilities. The increase in cash flow provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared with the prior year is primarily due to lower additions to finance receivables and the tax payment related to the IRS settlement in 2006. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the net increase in our deferred taxes on income and income taxes payable contributed $\$ 86.0$ million to cash from operations resulting primarily from the timing of tax payments. The decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities reduced our cash from operations by $\$ 56.5$ million, primarily due to the payment of yearend compensation and commissions, and the timing of accounts payable following the strong fourth quarter of 2006 . The increase in our internal finance receivable balances decreased cash from operations by $\$ 76.4$ million, reflecting growth in equipment placements and our payment solutions business during the first nine months.

The net cash used in investing activities consisted primarily of acquisitions, net of cash acquired, of $\$ 559.9$ million and capital expenditures of $\$ 202.0$ million.

Net cash provided by financing activities consisted primarily of a net increase in debt of $\$ 535.6$ million and $\$ 99.0$ million received from stock issuances partially offset by stock repurchases of $\$ 280.0$ million and dividends paid to stockholders of $\$ 217.2$ million.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## 2006 Cash Flows

The cash provided by operating activities consisted primarily of net income adjusted for non-cash items and changes in operating assets and liabilities. The increase in our internal finance receivable balances decreased cash from operations by $\$ 138.0$ million, reflecting growth in equipment placements and our payment solutions business during the first nine months. Cash provided by discontinued operations included in operating activities was approximately $\$ 1$ million.

Net cash provided by investing activities consisted of proceeds of $\$ 746.9$ million received from the sale of our Capital Services external financing business, net proceeds of $\$ 281.7$ million received from the sale of our Imagistics lease portfolio and an advance of $\$ 138.4$ million against the cash surrender value of our COLI policies. Cash used in investing activities consisted of $\$ 778.5$ million in short-term investments, capital expenditures of $\$ 243.9$ million, and acquisitions, net of cash acquired, of $\$ 225.2$ million.

Net cash used in financing activities consisted mainly of stock repurchases of $\$ 311.8$ million and dividends paid of $\$ 214.2$ million. Cash provided in financing activities included the issuance of stock of $\$ 65.4$ million and an increase in net debt of $\$ 95.6$ million.

## Capital Expenditures

During the first nine months of 2007, capital expenditures included $\$ 107.9$ million in net additions to property, plant and equipment and $\$ 94.1$ million in net additions to rental equipment and related inventories compared with $\$ 95.7$ million and $\$ 148.2$ million, respectively, in the same period in 2006.

We expect capital expenditures for the full year of 2007 to be lower than the prior year, primarily due to the wind-down of our customers' transition to digital meters.

## Financings and Capitalization

We have a commercial paper program that provides short-term liquidity. Commercial paper remains a significant liquidity source. As of September 30, 2007, we have $\$ 554.0$ million of outstanding commercial paper issuances. We have unused credit facilities of $\$ 1.5$ billion which supports commercial paper issuances.

In September 2007, we issued $\$ 500$ million on unsecured fixed rate notes maturing in September 2017. These notes bear interest at an annual rate of $5.75 \%$ and pay interest semi-annually beginning in March 2008. The proceeds from these notes were used for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of commercial paper, the financing of acquisitions and repurchase of our stock.

In addition to our borrowing capability under the unused credit facilities described above, we have $\$ 0.6$ billion remaining available under the shelf registration statement filed in February 2005 with the SEC, permitting issuances of up to $\$ 2.5$ billion in debt securities, preferred stock, preference stock, common stock, purchase contracts, depositary shares, warrants and units.

We believe our financing needs in short and long term can be met with cash generated internally, borrowing capacity from existing credit agreements, available debt issuances under existing shelf registration statements and our existing commercial paper program.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, which supplements Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, by defining the confidence level that a tax position must meet in order to be recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 requires the tax effect of a position to be recognized only if it is "more-likely-thannot" to be sustained based solely on its technical merits as of the reporting date. If a tax position is not considered more-likely-than-not to be sustained based solely on its technical merits, no benefits of the position are recognized. This is a different standard for recognition than was previously required. The more-likely-than-not threshold must continue to be met in each reporting period to support continued recognition of a benefit. At adoption, companies must adjust their financial statements to reflect only those tax positions that are more-likely-than-not to be sustained as of the adoption date. Any necessary adjustment is recorded directly to opening retained earnings in the period of adoption and reported as a change in accounting principle. We adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1,2007 which resulted in a decrease to opening retained earnings of $\$ 84.4$ million, with a corresponding increase in our tax liabilities.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157), to define how the fair value of assets and liabilities should be measured in accounting standards where it is allowed or required. In addition to defining fair value, the statement establishes a framework within GAAP for measuring fair value and expands required disclosures surrounding fair value measurements. While it will change the way companies currently measure fair value, it does not establish any new instances where fair value measurement is required. SFAS 157 defines fair value as an amount that a company would receive if it sold an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a normal transaction between market participants in the same market where the company does business. It emphasizes that the value is based on assumptions that market participants would use, not necessarily only the company that might buy or sell the asset. In September 2007, the FASB decided to scope out SFAS No. 13, Accounting for Leases, from this standard on fair value measurement. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption allowed. We continue to evaluate the impact of adopting this Statement.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, which permits entities to choose to measure many financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are reported in earnings. SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15,2007 . We continue to evaluate the impact of adopting this Statement.

## Regulatory Matters

There have been no significant changes to the regulatory matters disclosed in our 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Forward-Looking Statements

We want to caution readers that any forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21 E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in this Form 10-Q, other reports or press releases or made by our management involve risks and uncertainties which may change based on various important factors. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. These forward-looking statements are those which talk about our or management's current expectations as to the future and include, but are not limited to, statements about the amounts, timing and results of possible restructuring charges and future earnings. Words such as "estimate," "project," "plan," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," and similar expressions may identify such forward-looking statements. Some of the factors which could cause future financial performance to differ materially from the expectations as expressed in any forward-looking statement made by or on our behalf include:

- changes in international or national political conditions, including any terrorist attacks
- negative developments in economic conditions, including adverse impacts on customer demand
- changes in postal regulations
- timely development and acceptance of new products
- success in gaining product approval in new markets where regulatory approval is required
- successful entry into new markets
- mailers' utilization of alternative means of communication or competitors' products
- our success at managing customer credit risk
- our success at managing costs associated with our strategy of outsourcing functions and operations not central to our business
- changes in interest rates
- foreign currency fluctuations
- cost, timing and execution of the restructuring plan including any potential asset impairments
- regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other conditions to consummation of any acquisitions and integration of recent acquisitions
- interrupted use of key information systems
- changes in privacy laws
- intellectual property infringement claims
- impact on mail volume resulting from current concerns over the use of the mail for transmitting harmful biological agents
- third-party suppliers' ability to provide product components
- negative income tax adjustments for prior audit years and changes in tax laws or regulations
- changes in pension and retiree medical costs
- acts of nature


## Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

There were no material changes to the disclosures made in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31,2006 regarding this matter.

## Item 4: Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to reasonably assure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the direction of our CEO and CFO, we evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. The CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30,2007. In addition, no change in internal control over financial reporting occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2007, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting. It should be noted that any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions designed to obtain reasonable (and not absolute) assurance as to its effectiveness, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals. Notwithstanding this caution, the disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their stated objectives, and the CEO and CFO have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective at that reasonable assurance level.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1: Legal Proceedings

This item updates the legal proceedings more fully described in our 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed March 1, 2007, and as updated in our Forms 10Q filed May 4, 2007 and August 6, 2007.

Ricoh Corporation et al. v. Pitney Bowes Inc. (United States District Court, District of New Jersey, filed November 26, 2002). In this patent litigation where the company prevailed at trial, the appellate process is proceeding.

Imagitas, Inc., Drivers' Privacy Protection Act Litigation, MDL Docket No. 1828 (United States District Court, Middle District of Florida). In this MultiDistrict Litigation (MDL), expedited discovery has concluded on some discrete issues, and Imagitas has filed a motion for summary judgment. The state officials from Florida who were sued in their individual capacity have reached a settlement with the plaintiffs. As a result of that settlement, Imagitas has agreed to voluntarily suspend a portion of the program, pending a ruling in the litigation against it. During this period, Imagitas will still be placing advertisements in the registration renewal forms in Florida. The Multi-District Litigation panel denied the attempt by officials in Ohio, Missouri, and Minnesota to have the cases filed against them in their individual capacity removed from the MDL and returned to the respective courts where they were originally filed. The pendency of these litigations, regardless of their ultimate merit, may have a negative effect on the future prospects of the DriverSource program.

We expect to prevail in both the Ricoh litigation and the lawsuits against Imagitas; however, as litigation is inherently unpredictable, there can be no assurance in this regard. If the plaintiffs do prevail, the results may have a material effect on our financial position, future results of operations or cash flows, including, for example, our ability to offer certain types of goods or services in the future.

## Item 1A: Risk Factors

There were no material changes to the risk factors identified in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 regarding this matter.

## Item 2: Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

## Repurchases of Equity Securities

We repurchase shares of our common stock under a systematic program to manage the dilution created by shares issued under employee stock plans and for other purposes. This program authorizes repurchases in the open market. We have not repurchased or acquired any other shares of our common stock during 2007 in any other manner.

In March 2006, our Board of Directors authorized $\$ 300$ million for repurchases of outstanding shares of our common stock in the open market of which $\$ 141.2$ million remained for future purchases at December 31, 2006. We repurchased 3.0 million shares during the six months ended June 30 , 2007 under this program for a total price of $\$ 141.2$ million. There are no further funds available under this authorization for the repurchase of outstanding shares.

In March 2007, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to an additional $\$ 300$ million of our common stock in the open market. We repurchased 3.0 million shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 under this program for a total price of $\$ 138.8$ million, leaving $\$ 161.2$ remaining for future repurchases.

The following table summarizes our share repurchase activity under active programs during the first nine months of 2007:

| Period | Total number of shares purchased | Average price paid per share | Total number of shares purchased as part of a publicly announced plan | Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plan (in thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| March 2006 Program |  |  |  |  |
| Balance carried forward |  |  |  | \$141,199 |
| January 2007 | 866,300 | \$47.88 | 866,300 | \$ 99,721 |
| February 2007 | 451,850 | \$47.99 | 451,850 | \$ 78,035 |
| March 2007 | 586,100 | \$45.78 | 586,100 | \$ 51,203 |
| April 2007 | 518,700 | \$46.95 | 518,700 | \$ 26,849 |
| May 2007 | 564,452 | \$47.57 | 564,452 | \$ - |
| Total | 2,987,402 |  | 2,987,402 |  |
| March 2007 Program |  |  |  |  |
| March 2007 | - | - | - | \$300,000 |
| April 2007 | - | - | - | \$300,000 |
| May 2007 | 61,148 | \$47.57 | 61,148 | \$297,090 |
| June 2007 | 661,054 | \$46.73 | 661,054 | \$266,199 |
| July 2007 | 484,000 | \$46.74 | 484,000 | \$243,575 |
| August 2007 | 1,116,400 | \$44.79 | 1,116,400 | \$193,577 |
| September 2007 | 714,800 | \$45.29 | 714,800 | \$161,203 |
| Total | 6,024,804 |  | 6,024,804 |  |

## Item 6: Exhibits

See Index of Exhibits.

## Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

November 8, 2007
/s/ B. P. Nolop
B. P. Nolop

Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ S. J. Green
S. J. Green

Vice President - Finance and
Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

## Index of Exhibits

Reg. S-K
Exhibits Description
(12) Computation of ratio of earnings to fixed charges.
(31.1) Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
(31.2) Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
(32.1) Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
(32.2) Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Action of 2002.

## PITNEY BOWES INC.

## COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES (1)

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  |  | Nine Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September 30, |  |  |  | September 30, |  |  |  |
|  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  | 2007 |  | 2006 |  |
| Income from continuing operations before |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Add: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense |  | 65,181 |  | 59,525 |  | 190,223 |  | 171,718 |
| Portion of rents representative of the interest factor |  | 12,289 |  | 11,694 |  | 35,627 |  | 35,143 |
| Amortization of capitalized interest |  | 429 |  | 243 |  | 1,287 |  | 729 |
| Income as adjusted | \$ | 285,273 | \$ | $\underline{\text { 296,907 }}$ | \$ | $\underline{905,512}$ | \$ | 866,964 |
| Fixed charges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense | \$ | 65,181 | \$ | 59,525 |  | \$ 190,223 | \$ | 171,718 |
| Portion of rents representative of the interest factor |  | 12,289 |  | 11,694 |  | 35,627 |  | 35,143 |
| Minority interest, excluding taxes, in the income of subsidiary with fixed charges |  | 7,518 |  | 5,569 |  | 22,018 |  | 15,700 |
| Total fixed charges | \$ | $\underline{84,988}$ | \$ | 76,788 | \$ | 247,868 | \$ | $\underline{222,561}$ |
| Ratio of earnings to fixed charges |  | 3.36 |  | 3.87 |  | 3.65 |  | 3.90 |

(1) The computation of the ratio of earnings to fixed charges has been computed by dividing income from continuing operations before income taxes and minority interest as adjusted by fixed charges. Included in fixed charges is one-third of rental expense as the representative portion of interest.

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

## SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

## I, Murray D. Martin, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form $10-\mathrm{Q}$ of Pitney Bowes Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and
d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 8, 2007
/s/ Murray D. Martin
Murray D. Martin
Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

## SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Bruce P. Nolop, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pitney Bowes Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and
d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 8, 2007
/s/ Bruce P. Nolop
Bruce P. Nolop
Chief Financial Officer

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

## SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Pitney Bowes Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30 , 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Murray D. Martin, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:
(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act; and
(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

## /s/ Murray D. Martin

Murray D. Martin
Chief Executive Officer
November 8, 2007

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

## SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Pitney Bowes Inc. (the "Company") on Form $10-\mathrm{Q}$ for the period ended September 30 , 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Bruce P. Nolop, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:
(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act; and
(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

## /s/ Bruce P. Nolop

Bruce P. Nolop
Chief Financial Officer
November 8, 2007

